# The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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# FIRST EDITION.

## THE CHOLERA.

### Fearful Fatality at Mt. Vernon, Ind.

### The Town Half Depopulated—Physician Falls a Victim—Nine of a Family of Ten Die—Three Deaths in the Columbus, O., Penitentiary.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 20.—A *Journal* special from Mt. Vernon states that there is little if any signs of abatement of cholera symptoms since yesterday. Several new cases have been reported and six deaths occurred there in the city and three near the suburbs. More than one-half the population have left the town, many hundreds of them coming to this city, and others are now preparing to leave unless a favorable change occurs immediately. No pretense of business has been made for several days and the city has a lost, deserted and gloomy appearance. Physicians have arrived from several of the surrounding towns, and are rendering all the assistance in their power. Among the deaths to-day were Dr. Metzdorff, a young German physician, of much promise, who has, since the appearance of the epidemic, been most active in his efforts in behalf of the sick and dying, and John Moody and two daughters. The latter were the last but one of a family of ten, who have within the week been cut down by the terrible disease. It has occured in three distinct cases that four deaths have occurred in a single family, in one instance leaving but one living, but there has been no case equaling in sadness to this one. An appeal has been made to the city for physicians and nurses, those already there being worked down. The work of disinfecting is still in progress.

During last week six deaths from cholera occurred in Evansville and two new cases were reported today, but no deaths.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, July 20.—Three convicts died of cholera since last report: David Nichols, of Cuyahoga county; Wm. Cannon, from Pickaway county, and Patrick Mallory, from Cincinnati. Mallory has been in prison only about three weeks. The first death in the city from cholera occurred to-day.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—The mortuary report of this week gives the number of deaths at one hundred and ninety, being fifty more than last week. Of this number fourteen were reported as cholera, sixty-nine as cholera morbus. One hundred and thirty-three were under five years.

LOUISVILLE, July 19.—It is hoped that the cholera has entirely disappeared in Elizabethtown and Paducah, Ky. No cases reported at either place in the last three days.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Two deaths from cholera were reported in the city to-day.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, July 20.—Three deaths from cholera were reported this forenoon during the hours the Health office was open.

## NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 20, 1873.

ACCIDENT AT BASE BALL GROUNDS.

Yesterday afternoon, while a match between the Mutuals and Atlantics was in progress, the scaffolding overlooking the field, containing about fifty persons, gave way, seriously injuring a number of them. Two were picked up with broken arms, one with a broken ankle, and one with internal injuries.

USUAL SUNDAY HOMICIDE.

A quarrel, arising from jealousy, took place this morning at No. 64 Clarkson street, between Michael Lunney and Peter McKenna, during which the latter fatally stabbed Lunney. McKenna was arrested, and Lunney was taken in a dying condition to Bellevue Hospital.

WATCHES SEIZED.

Two thousand watches of foreign make, with American trade marks engraved upon them, were seized in this city yesterday.

## CRIMES.

### The Chester Tragedy—Another Arrest.

BALTIMORE, July 20.—A. Campbell Goss was arrested to-day on a charge of conspiracy with Wm. Uddersook and W. Goss to defraud insurance companies, and in default of $25,000 bail committed to jail. It is understood that the arrest is based on the information of parties who have returned from Chester, Pa., whither they went for the purpose of identifying the remains of the man who it is alleged was murdered by Uddersook.

### Murder at Albany, N. Y.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 19.—Michael Manning was stabbed fatally this evening by Peter McNamara, who charges him with being criminally intimate with his (McNamara's) wife.

### A Wife Murder in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 19.—James Gannon, formerly a barkeeper in this city, but lately a policeman in New Orleans, shot and killed his wife in this city to-day. The wife had been separated from Gannon for some years on account of ill treatment, but Gannon came up from New Orleans a month or two ago and persuaded her to come back to him. She lived with him three weeks and again left him this morning. Gannon went to the house where his wife was staying. After some conversation with her he pulled a pistol from his pocket, placed it against his wife's breast and fired. The wife fell to the floor, when Gannon fired again, the bullet entering her breast a second time. She died almost instantly. Gannon was arrested after a brief chase and lodged in jail.

Anger at the wife's infidelity was the apparent cause of the murder of Mrs. Cannon by her husband yesterday. The wife had not lived with him for three years up to within a few weeks of the murder, and was "enciente" at the time.

### St. Louis Commission Merchant Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—John R. Pickton, of the firm of N. R. Pickton & Co., commission merchants, was arrested to-day, at the instance of Sterling Price, on the charge of obtaining from them three hundred and four bales of cotton, valued at $19,000, on false pretence. Pickton was released on bail in $15,000.

### Murder on Account of an Old Grudge.

LOUISVILLE, July 19.—Julius Carl, formerly Sheriff of Hart county, Ky., engaged in a quarrel with a Mr. Smith, a respectable citizen of the same county a few days since, which ended in Carl shooting Smith in the breast with a double barrel shot gun, killing him instantly. There was an old grudge between the parties.

### Two Murders in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Joseph Suneta, an Italian, was shot and instantly killed by an unknown party, near the old Metairie Course. The assassin escaped. Joseph Walsh, a native of New York and a culvert builder on the Morgan and Texas Railroad, was shot and instantly killed, at Terre Bonne station, Friday night, by a man named Ives, in a reported row over cards and billiards.

### Shooting Affair in Boston.

BOSTON, July 20.—This evening a shooting affray occurred on Oak street, in which Dr. A. N. Winslow narrowly escaped being killed by a Professor Mac who extensively advertises patent medicine. The trouble originated in a business transaction. Mac shot Dr. Winslow in the left cheek and penetrated to the cavity above the nose, where probing failed to reach it. Mac had not been arrested at a late hour.

### Driven to Suicide by Remorse.

PORTLAND, ME., July 20.—Walter Howe, a quarrel with whom last week led Ella Batchelder to commit suicide by drowning, at Cumberland Mills, shot himself at the same place this afternoon. He died in a few hours.

### Two Suspected Felons Arrested.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 20.—Two men, giving the names of George M. Beodive and Charles Curtis, were arrested in this city yesterday as suspected felons. They had in their possession a carpet bag filled with bonds, &c., supposed to be bogus or stolen, including numbers 520, 527, 528, 530 and 533, certificates in the Orphan Boy Lode Gold Mining Company, of Chicago, signed by B. Newman, President, and G. W. Coles, Secretary; certificate number 52 United States Railroad Station Indicator Company, representing 100 shares with coupons attached; Chicago Fibre and Paper Company certificate number 359; Columbus Coal and Oil Company of Kentucky certificate No. 208, shares to amount of $1,000; Lake Ontario and Hudson River Railway Company certificate No. 537, first mortgage bond; two land warrants to Simeon W. Maury for land given at Shawneetown, Illinois, and a number of miscellaneous bonds and deeds. The detectives making the arrest think it an important capture. The two men had an examining trial, and were committed in default of $1,000 bonds each.

## CASUALTIES.

### Narrow Escape of Young Children.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, PA., July 19, 1873.

Two young children of Mr. James House narrowly escaped death last evening. An older brother hitched a horse to a buggy at the stable of Mr. House, put the children in and attempted to drive the horse out with the halter. The buggy ran against the horse, causing him to run and kick. The buggy was almost demolished and the children thrown out and badly bruised, though no bones were broken.

## NEWS SUMMARY.

*BY TELEGRAPH.*

Saturday evening a young Bohemian named Wantez Folk, about thirty years of age, while laboring under a fit of insanity, shot and killed himself at his boarding house on Cherry street, Milwaukee. He had been very despondent of late. Wantz was a [illegible]

The wheat crop of Kansas is all secured, and makes a better yield than at first anticipated.

The cause of the attack of disguised men on the house of Ben. Galbraith, in McCracken county, Ky., mentioned in Friday's dispatches, was on account of Galbraith having a negro wife.

The steamships Herman and Crown Prince, from Bremen, arrived at New York, and the Cuba, from New York, Olympus, from Boston, and Berlin, from Baltimore, arrived out on Saturday.

The free postal delivery system has been ordered established at Grand Rapids, Michigan, and Bloomington, Illinois, with five carriers in the former and three in the latter place a $600 each.

The Fall River, Mass., mills will be closed for two weeks, commencing August.

Two sons of Daniel Conver, of New Bedford, N. J., were drowned Saturday afternoon, in the surf at Shark River.

The mortality report of New York for the week shows an increase of over twenty-nine per cent. in deaths as compared with last week.

The steamers City of Chester and Batavia, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

In pursuance of instructions from the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, the French Consul General has issued a call to those of his nationality residing in New York city, under twenty years of age, to register their names as French citizens at the General Consulate.

The three A. M. newspaper express train from New York to Philadelphia has been discontinued.

The mill of the Norwich, Conn., Suspender Company was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $60,000.

The Chinese laborers on the estates in Cuba are getting dissatisfied with being paid in paper currency. They contracted for their wages to be paid in silver, and unless the planters fulfill the agreement, disturbances are likely to occur.

A convention of German teachers of the United States will be held in St. Louis on the 28th inst.

Charles R. Davis, of St. Louis, for many years connected with the editorial staff of the *Democrat*, and chief editorial writer of the *Globe* since that paper was started, died yesterday afternoon, after an illness of only a few hours.

A meeting of the veterans of the Mexican war was held in St. Louis Saturday night, and concluded to call a convention of all the veterans of the Mexican war in the Mississippi valley, to be held here on the 8th of October next, and issued an invitation to that effect.

## POLITICAL.

### State.

The full list of delegates to the Republican State Convention from Beaver, Washington and Butler counties is as follows: Senatorial, W. S. Shallenberger, of Beaver; Representative, Messrs. Greer and Garvin, of Butler; I. D. V. Hazzard, of Washington; D. Critchlow, of Beaver.

A baker's dozen of soreheads in Warren county, dissatisfied because they were not allowed to dictate the nominations of the Republican party there, have issued a call for a "People's Convention," to meet on the 5th prox., for the purpose of nominating an independent ticket.

Hon. Sam. J. Randall has gone to Bedford Springs, it is said for the purpose of having a consultation with some of the leaders of the Democracy.

B. F. Morris, of the Warren *Ledger*, has been elected chairman of the Warren Democratic County Committee. The Democratic Convention will be held on the 12th of August.

We are glad to give currency to the report that Hon. John B. Packer has refused to accept his share of the extra Congressional salary grab. Though this act is only in keeping with his vote against the grab bill, we nevertheless chalk it down to Mr. B.'s credit with extreme pleasure on account of local pride.—*Sunbury American.*

Mr. Packer's most intimate acquaintances were no way uneasy about his falling in with the salary thieves. He is not that style of man. He is a staunch believer in the old adage, "Honesty is the best policy."—*Lewisburg Republican.*

At the meeting on Saturday of the Dauphin county Republican Committee, it was moved that S. F. Barr, Esq., be the Senatorial, and Joseph Landis and Abraham Fortenbaugh be the Representative delegates to the next State Convention. The motion was unanimously agreed to. Tuesday, September 2d, was fixed as the day for the holding of the next County Convention.

The Butler *Herald*, Democratic, pays the following handsome and well deserved compliment to Hon. George K. Anderson, Republican candidate for State Senator in Crawford county:

George K. Anderson Esq., paid us a visit this week looking in fine trim. Mr. Anderson has been nominated by the Republicans of Crawford county for the Senate, and we do not hesitate to say that a better nomination could not have been made by them. He is the architect of his own fortune—intimate with the oil interests of the State, having been an operator for years in Venango county, and now connected with seventeen producing wells in this county. Honest and upright in his dealings, he will prove an efficient and vigilant Senator to whom the public interests can be entrusted with perfect confidence. Although opposed to him in politics, we note his nomination with pleasure, and as he will be elected, we feel certain he will never betray the trust confided to him.

### Ohio.

LIMA, OHIO, July 20, 1873.

ALLEN COUNTY REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

The Republicans of Allen county held their Nominating Convention here yesterday. The City Hall was completely packed, and the best of feeling prevailed. The following ticket was nominated: Representative, Lewis Jennings; Commissioner, Wm. E. Walkins; Infirmary Director, J. L. B. Leatherman; Treasurer, Richard T. Hughes; Prosecuting Attorney, P. B. Johnson; Surveyor, George H. Kephart; Sheriff, Wm. Miller. It is hoped to elect Miller Sheriff, and Hughes's re-election is conceded, while the interest manifested at the Convention shows that the Allen county Republicans are alive to their interests. Your correspondent has talked with several prominent Democrats of this county. Some claim that the "new departure" is going to sweep over the country like a tidal wave. Upon the other hand, it is said the movement is very thin, and does not take at all with the "old timers" of Allen county, and as a project of Mr. Cunningham's to get the first or second place on the ticket at Brinkerhoff's Convention.

The Democracy held a meeting here last night to nominate twenty-one delegates to the District Convention at Wapakoneta.

### General.

FARMERS' CONVENTION AT FORT DODGE, IOWA.

CHICAGO, July 20.—At Fort Dodge, Iowa, yesterday, a County Convention was held to select delegates to the State Anti monopoly Convention to be held at Des Moines, August 13th. About three hundred farmers were present. Resolutions were adopted denouncing monopolies of all kinds and politicians and official corruption; demand the revision and reduction of the tariff, and declare that both political parties have failed to satisfy the honest sense of the people, and have forfeited their title to the respect and confidence of all honorable citizens, and that they turn their backs upon both without fear and without remorse.

Congressman Charles Foster, of the Tenth Ohio district, has yielded to public sentiment and returned his back pay to the Treasury. In March last he decided to present his share to the School Fund of his district, but his constituents having shown such disapproval of that step, he has reversed it, and taken the one he should have taken at first.

The Ohio Constitutional Convention threatens to adjourn in a few weeks to the 1st of January next, on the ground that the appropriation is insufficient to enable it to complete its work.

The Maryland Republican State Convention, to nominate candidates for Controller and Clerk of the Court of Appeals, is to be held in Frederick on Friday, September 12.

Says the Albany *Journal*: "The Springfield *Republican*, which is certainly one of the ablest and most zealous papers of the supposed 'Liberal' persuasion, says that 'Liberalism is a myth,' and that 'it is common Christian charity to notify politicians that it will not do to tie to.' We do not mean to be unfair, and so we are bound to add that the *Republican* means 'Liberalism' as an organization. It thinks 'Liberalism' as an expression of unrest and dissatisfaction within the Republican party has force, but regards the distinct 'Liberal party,' which meets in committees and passes resolutions as of no account whatever. So far the *Republican* is right."

The Buffalo *Courier* gives a version of Leigh Hunt's verses, which Gen. Butler himself may relish:

Abou Ben Butler (of "back pay increase")  
Awoke one night to think whom he might fleece,  
And saw within his room, where shone the moon  
As bright as—hem! curse smiles!—a spoon,  
A demon writing in a book of gold.  
Exceeding brass had made Ben Butler bold,  
And to the gob in in the room, he said:  
"What writest thou?" The spectre cocked its head,  
And with a squint egregiously uncivil,  
Answered, "The names of those who serve the d—l."  
"And is mine one?" said Butler. "'Tis not here,"  
Replied the demon. Butler scratched his ear  
And looked askew, and said, "Well, Gobby, then  
Write me as one who always goes for Ben."  
The demon wrote and vanished. The next night  
It came again, in lurid, sulphurous light  
And showed their names who served Old Nick the best.  
And lo! Ben Butler's name led all the rest.

The Springfield (Ill.) *Journal* says: This attempt of the *World* and its Free Trade Leaguers to take advantage of the wrongs of the farmers, in order to foist upon the country their schemes of deadly detriment to our manufacturing interests, is simply infamous. If the British monopolists can only destroy all home market for our agricultural products, they know that they will have the people of the United States entirely in their power; and that they will then buy our breadstuffs and sell us their manufactures at their own price. It is a sharp game, but will hardly succeed.

The Nashville *Banner* says: "General D. H. Hill, late editor of the *Land We Love*, who has been chawed up by Parson Brownlow, compares the "Saouth" to Poland, despises the 'Nawth,' and sends his boy to the United States Naval School at Annapolis."

A Congressman's salary-steal will just buy a horse and buggy, and put an "L" on the house.—*Evansville Journal.*

The movement looking toward the formation of a new State out of North Mississippi, West Tennessee, and Western Kentucky is being discussed with considerable animation by the newspapers published in the section interested. A convention is to be held at Jackson, Miss., on the 29th inst., when delegates are to be present from every city, town and civil district within the limits of the proposed new State. The general sentiment seems to be in favor of the movement.

It is amusing to observe the perplexities of the Opposition as they are brought face to face with the necessities of the political campaign now opening. Confusion and despair mark all their counsels. They see only defeat, and a long series of defeats before them. The prolonged control of public affairs by the Republicans, and the prospect that this possession of power will be continued for these many years, also alarm them, and so they engage in an acrimonious discussion of what they are pleased to call "Cæsarism," a name significant to them of so much horror, and such perpetual banishment from the flesh pots, that they can hardly find language in which to express themselves. Of one thing they may be sure—they have the people against them, and until the popular sentiment in this country changes, the people will keep the Republican party in power under whatever leadership seems good to them. It is not a question of men or of patronage. It is a simple question of popular confidence.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

The Democratic papers officiously assure the farmers that in any political enterprise they undertake they will have the Democratic party behind them. This reminds one of the position of Mickey's horse in the scrub race. "Bedad," said the cheerful owner of the steed, "he's drivin' everything before him."

Vague ideas have for some time been afloat that the Republican party is near its end; that it must soon give way to a newer organization. These ideas either spring from a tacit acknowledgment on the part of some of its members that it has been failing to meet the requirements of a progressive age, or a notion that its mission has been so fully accomplished that its existence is no longer necessary. From whatever source this view may come, it seems to us a fallacy. So far, whatever may have been its mistake and derelictions they were scarcely enough to warrant the first assumption, and the second one may be safely affirmed to be entirely without foundation. The Republican, like all other parties, has suffered many things at the hands of its friends. It has suffered from visionaries and incapables, and from thoroughly selfish members and thieving camp followers. But in all this it has not lacked interior vitality and a constant exhibition of actual life.—*Pottsville Miner's Journal (Rep.)*

### Danbury Witticisms.

[From the Danbury News.]

A Danbury boy is "studying" with a Hartford carpenter.

A woman who picks over beans with kid gloves is a Danbury novelty.

A homesick San Franciscan who is visiting the East finds occasional relief by having sand squirted in his face and down his back with a bellows.

There was a heavy fall of rain here Saturday afternoon, but none in Norwalk, and yet we are taught that the rain falls on the unjust as well as the just.

A Danbury boy was on the stoop reading a murder trial, Saturday afternoon, when his father said to him, "How does the thermometer stand, Thomas?" "Unanimous for acquittal on the ground of insanity," was the mechanical reply. Thomas is sore yet, he says.

Good precepts are not always lost. The great trouble is that we grow easily discouraged in trying to impress them. There are many people who were lectured all winter on the necessity of closing doors behind them, but who are only just beginning to realize it. Now they are particular to shut all the doors, even taking pains to remove the chairs which are holding them open.

The most delicious berry is the strawberry. When we were boys and picked the berries from the swamp lot of a man who didn't understand the craving of our young heart, and kept a dog, they possessed a flavor they never have since and never will; but still, where they are not doctored too much, there is virtue enough left in them to give them preference over any and all fruits of the field.

A singular statement was made recently at the Clerkenwell Police Court. A dancing master, who was prosecuting a man on a charge of assault, admitted in cross-examination that he had never lived with his wife, for on the day of the marriage he was in her company only ten minutes or a quarter of an hour, and then he left her. Her parents were in much better circumstances than he was, and it was their wish that he should marry their daughter and then leave her. This he accordingly did.

# SECOND EDITION.

## WASHINGTON.

### Postal Convention With Germany.

### Diplomatic Sharp Practice.

### THE SITUATION IN SPAIN.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20, 1873.

It is alleged that in the new postal treaty with Germany a clause has been inserted authorizing an excessive and discriminating rate of postage on all American newspapers printed in the German language. The effect of this provision undoubtedly escaped the attention of our postal authorities, but the intent of the German government in putting it in cannot be mistaken. That government, as is known, has been for a long time viewing with great alarm the steady rush of its industrious hardy subjects to this more favored land. It has been the custom of the Germans here to send to their friends at home copies of the German newspapers, when the latter could read for themselves what kind of a country we have. But by levying this excessive rate of postage a practical bar can be put on the circulation of such papers, and the people of Germany kept in ignorance of the superior advantages offered to them to come here.

In diplomatic circles here the opinion is expressed that the recent crushing Carlist defeat will be rather a squelcher for Don Carlos. There is, however, not much sympathy for the republic amongst the representatives of monarchial governments here, and the belief is expressed by them that sooner or later the republic in Spain must succumb, as it did before, to the assaults made upon it.

## CHAUTAUQUA.

### Excursion of the Knights Templar—Western Men Enthusiastic Over Their Enjoyment of the Trip.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MAYVILLE, N. Y., July 19, 1873.

The Knights Templar excursion of the grand officers of the Grand Encampment of the United States and Templars of Pittsburgh and Allegheny have just arrived here. All are delighted with the trip, and speak in the highest terms of the Allegheny Valley Railroad management. Those of them who are from the great West are enthusiastic over the magnificent scenery of the route up the Allegheny river, as being an entirely new sensation to them. Judge English, of Arkansas, John W. Simmons, of New York, and George Frank Gorley, of St. Louis, are of the party, and are more than delighted with the trip. A large number of Pittsburgh and Allegheny Sir Knights accompanied the excursion.

The Chautauqua House here is crowded to overflowing with visitors for the summer. This speaks volumes in favor of the lake as a place of summer resort, and especially as the more noted places, such as Long Branch, Newport, &c., are not more than half filled.

## FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

### Pacing Match To-day—Horse Thief Captured—An Organ Collapsed.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., July 20, 1873.

At Fort Wayne Driving Park to-morrow afternoon W. Rockhill's Flora and F. Briel's Brown Billy will run a pacing race for one hundred and fifty dollars a side; heats, best three in five, to wagon. Great interest is manifested among sportsmen over this race, which will undoubtedly be one of the best ever witnessed here, as the horses are evenly matched. In the pools Flora is the favorite, although no odds are given. Bets on both horses are freely offered and as freely taken.

John Durbin, one of a gang of horse thieves that have for over two years infested the counties of Calhoun, St. Joe and Branch, Michigan, was captured at Van Wert, Ohio, yesterday. It is hoped through his means to break up the whole gang and to capture its leaders.

The *Vindicator*, the organ of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city, after running but a few months, has collapsed for want of funds.

## THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,  
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,  
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20, 8 P. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY.

*For the Middle and Eastern States rising barometer, northwest and southwest winds, lower temperature and generally clear weather.*

For the Eastern Gulf and South Atlantic States northwest and southwest winds and generally clear weather, except on the coasts where cloudy weather and possibly light rain may continue. For the Lower Lakes and Ohio valley northwesterly winds veering to north with falling barometer and partly cloudy weather.

### Midnight Bulletin.

JULY 20, 1873—10:48 P. M.

| PLACE OF OBSERVATION. | Ther. | Wind | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati, O | 66 | N. W. | Heavy rain. |
| Davenport, Iowa | 67 | N. E | Foggy. |
| Galveston, Texas | 76 | ...... | Fair. |
| Indianapolis, Ind | 65 | N. | Clear. |
| Louisville, Ky | 74 | W. | Clear. |
| Memphis, Tenn | 70 | ...... | Clear. |
| Nashville, Tenn | 69 | ...... | Clear. |
| New Orleans | 80 | N. E. | Clear. |
| Omaha, Neb | 67 | S. | Clear. |
| Pittsburgh, Pa | 73 | N. W. | Cloudy. |
| Shreveport, La | 73 | N. E | Clear. |
| St. Louis, Mo | 74 | W. | Fair. |
| Keokuk, Iowa | 69 | ...... | Clear. |

## THE FIRE RECORD.

### Incendiary Fire at Henry, Illinois.

HENRY, ILL., July 20.—A fire occurred here at ten o'clock this morning, which destroyed the house and barn of John Ring, the house and barn of C. S. Woodward and barn of J. Gallagher. Woodward $2,000; insured for $1,500 in the Home of Columbus. Ring's loss is $3,000; insured for $1,200 in the Phœnix of Hartford. The fire originated in Ring's barn, supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

### Twenty Buildings Burned in Montreal.

MONTREAL, July 20.—About four o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire broke out in the boiler room of Larivierre's planing mill on St. Antoine street, and in less than five minutes the whole building was in flames. The fire brigade was promptly on the spot, but owing to the insufficient pressure of water were unable to prevent the fire from spreading to surrounding buildings. Two hours later, the entire block, bounded by St. Antoine, Bonsventure, Margaret, and Inspector streets, was one mass of flame. At seven o'clock the fire was under control, but even to-day it was burning brightly in the center of the block. Altogether about twenty buildings were destroyed, among which were Larivierre's carriage factory and plaining mill and Fitz's bakery. Eighteen families were rendered homeless. Total loss is estimated at $150,000; Larivierre's is about $80,000, on which there is no insurance. Fetz's bakery was partially insured. The dwellings destroyed were insured to probably their full value.

## RAILWAY MATTERS.

### A Temporary Injunction Granted.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—A letter from Judge Dillon, of the United States Circuit Court, sitting in chambers at Davenport, Iowa, was received here to-day, stating that he has granted a temporary injunction in the case of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company against Governor Woodson, of this State, restraining that official from selling or offering for sale the Missouri Pacific Railroad to satisfy an alleged balance on the State lien, amounting to about eight million dollars.

### Contested Land Case Decided.

PARSONS, KANSAS, July 19.—In the contested land case between the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad and the Kansas and Pacific Road Judge Carfield, of the Davis County Court decided that the lands in contest belong to the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Company. This case involved the title to nearly one hundred thousand acres of the best lands in Kansas, and are worth at least eight hundred thousand dollars.

### The Crops in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—The *Courier-Journal* to-morrow morning will publish full crop reports from Kentucky. In the eastern part of the State and in the Bluegrass region the recent rains have greatly damaged the oats, wheat and corn. Hemp in the Bluegrass region is very light; the aggregate yield will not equal by two-thirds the crops the preceding two years. Tobacco in Eastern and Central Kentucky is promising. The cereals in Southern and Western Kentucky are somewhat damaged by the rains, but promise an average crop. Tobacco in the Southern and Western counties promise fair crops.

### The West Virginia Penitentiary Case Decided.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 19.—The Supreme Court of Appeals, of this State, decided the Penitentiary case to-day in favor of Bridges, the claimant under the authority of the Board of Public Works, and over Shallcross who held the position under the appointment of Governor Jacobs. The Court was unanimous in the opinion delivered by Judge Haymond.

### Two Persian Fables.

I.

A herd of cows, blown off the summit of the Himalayas, were sailing some miles above the valleys, when one said to another:

"Got anything to say about this?"

"Not much," was the answer—"it's airy."

"I wasn't thinking of that," continued the first; "I am troubled about our course. If we could leave the Pleiades a little more to the right, striking a middle course between Boots and the ecliptic, we'll find it all plain sailing as far as the solstitial colure. But once we get into the zodiac upon our present bearing, we are certain to meet with shipwreck before reaching our aphelion."

They escaped this melancholy fate, however, for some Chaldean shepherds, seeing a nebulous cloud drifting athwart the heavens, and obscuring a favorite planet they had just invented, brought out their most powerful telescopes and resolved it into independent cows—whom they proceeded to slaughter in detail by discharging at them the instruments of smaller calibre. There have been occasional "meat showers" ever since. These are probably nothing more than—

[Our author can be depended upon in matters of fact; his scientific theories are not worth printing.—*Translator.*

II.

A hen who had hatched out a quantity of ducklings was somewhat surprised, one day, to see them take to the water and sail away out of their jurisdiction. The more she thought of this the more unreasonable such conduct appeared, and the more indignant she became. She resolved that it must cease forthwith. So she soon afterward convened her brood and conducted them to the margin of a hot pool having a business connection with the boiling spring of Doo-sno-swair. They straightway launched themselves for a cruise—returning immediately to the land, as if they had forgotten the ship's papers.

When callow Youth exhibits an eccentric tendency give it to him hot.

It takes 16,000 brick to lay one course around the wall of the new United States Hotel at Saratoga.

## BANK FAILURE.

### Brooklyn Trust Company Goes Under Through Defalcations of the President and Secretary.

NEW YORK, July 19.—This morning the Brooklyn Trust Company, of which Ethelbert S. Mills, who was drowned Tuesday last at Coney Island, was President, suspended payment. It was discovered that Mills had overdrawn his account about $150,000, and it is said that the account of Thomas S. Rodman, the Secretary, is short $34,000. For the latter amount the company holds collaterals, but whether they are good or not remains to be determined. The defalcation was not definitely ascertained until yesterday, when it was brought to light by an investigation instituted by the Directors. Not only did they find that Mills had overdrawn his personal account, but they also discovered that he had taken worthless securities for the sum of $300,000, so that altogether there was an inroad of $450,000 made upon the capital stock of the company. The securities in question are from the State of Georgia and New Haven, Middletown and Willimantic Railroad Company. On the former Mills had loaned $150,000 upon the $200,000 of Bullock's bonds, which, it is claimed, were illegally issued, and the interest on which the present authorities decline to pay. Whether the railroad bonds will ever become worth much is a question. In the meantime the simple facts are: while the capital stock is $500,000, there are over $300,000 in unavailable bonds. The deposits on hand last evening were about $2,300,000, of which about $450,000 belonged to the city, $68,000 to the county, and $400,000 to Mr. Stillman, of the firm of Barney, Butler & Parsons, of this city. Stillman represents, as a depositor, several trusts, among them the funds of one or two collapsed insurance companies, for which he was Receiver. Eight Directors make a statement to the public that they believe it entirely possible for the company to continue business in a few days, and that the depositors will lose nothing. Daniel Chauncey has been appointed Receiver.

The *Union* says: Since the recent developments in regard to the affairs of the bank, many persons, who at first believed Mills met an accidental death, incline to the opinion that he committed suicide, rather than face the exposure which he saw was inevitable.

The *Telegram* has the following: This afternoon a *Telegram* reporter was informed that further investigations of the committee to-day reveal the fact that both the capital and surplus of the company, the former $500,000 and the latter $150,000, have been almost obliterated, and that the losses of the company by defalcation of the President and bad debts exceed $600,000.

NOT ACCIDENT, BUT SUICIDE.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The belief that Mr. Mills, late President of the Brooklyn Trust Company, committed suicide, is becoming quite general. It is said that on the day before his death some of the Directors of the bank informed him that an examination of his accounts would be commenced next day. On Monday afternoon Mills obtained a full settlement of his land agent and deposited a check, which he received from the latter in the Nassau bank to his wife's credit. After this transaction he settled the accounts of his butcher and baker, which were usually paid at the end of each month. If well authenticated rumors circulated last night are to be accepted, Mill's conduct at Coney Island during the last night of his life gives material support to the suicide theory. It is stated that he did not retire to his bedroom until a very late hour, and next morning it was found that his bed had not been slept in. At the time of his death these facts were studiously concealed, but yesterday those in possession of them concluded that further secrecy was useless.

It is said in Brooklyn to-day that the examination of the books of the bank, as far as presented last night, develops a loss of $800,000. It was threatened last night that a warrant would be issued for the arrest of Secretary Bodman, who continued to countersign Mills's checks, although he knew that his account was heavily overdrawn.

## A NEW POWER.

### An Invention for Which Wonderful Things are Claimed—A Great Fuel Saver.

[From the Boston Globe, July 14.]

Mr. William Wells, of Salem, has just perfected an apparatus for running stationary or locomotive engines by vapor power, which, if it fulfills all that is expected of it, will entirely revolutionize the method of running engines of every description. The new apparatus was set up a few days ago, and on Saturday afternoon it was put in practical operation, for the first time, in the presence of several gentlemen well versed in machinery and the application of power. The working of the engine was entirely satisfactory, and all present expressed themselves as highly pleased with the success of the invention, which had been considered by all but the designer as an experiment.

The whole apparatus is very simple in construction, and the new power can be applied to any engine. The whole peculiarity in construction is in the boiler; the engine being precisely like any other, and the vapor being conveyed to the cylinder of the engine just the same as steam. The boiler is an upright one, and is really a *double* boiler; that is, it has two heads at each end, one a few inches from the other. The two chambers thus formed, one at each end of the boilers, are filled with water, and are connected by tubes, which are for the circulation of water between the two chambers. The second or inner boiler, that between the two inner heads, is filled with a preparation of bisulphide of carbon, the vapor from which is the motive power and takes the place of steam. Beneath the boiler is a small fire box, from which flues run up through the two boilers to the smoke pipe. These flues pass inside of the tubes already mentioned, and the fire in passing through heats the chemicals. By this arrangement it will be seen that the bisulphide in the inner boiler receives the requisite amount of heat without coming in direct contact with the fire flues, as the water, as has been explained, is kept in circulation through the tubes. Mr. Wells claims that with a comparatively small fire a great amount of power can be obtained, and it has been practically shown that with the water at a temperature of 212 degrees Fahrenheit, or the boiling point, a pressure of sixty-five pounds to the square inch is obtained on the vapor boiler, and of course if a greater heat is applied to the water the vapor pressure will increase proportionately. It should be mentioned that the chemical preparation is used over many times, as the vapor, after passing through the cylinder of the engine, passes into a condenser, and is then returned to the boiler to be used again. The waste of chemical material is said to be very small. It is estimated that at least two-thirds of the amount of fuel can be saved by the use of this invention, but the exact amount can be better determined after further experiment. Mr. Wells has been at work eight years in perfecting this apparatus, and judging from the test of Saturday his labor and pains have not been thrown away. The engine is to be put in daily use at the planing mill of David Buffum, on Front street, Salem, in a short time, and all interested can have an opportunity to judge of the merits of the invention for themselves.

### Reason in Animals.

So much attention is at present directed to this and similar subjects that we may be pardoned for adding another instance of the power in question. Nellie is a Pomeranian dog, about thirteen months old. She was given to her present mistress six months ago, and the attempts that had been made to educate her had all resulted in failure. She had not even been properly instructed in the ordinary amenities of life, as found in dogs who are inmates of our city houses. Under these circumstances her mistress took her education in hand, and by a judicious system of rewards, and rarely of punishments, soon taught her the ordinary accomplishments of sitting up, and walking on her hind-legs about the room. By degrees her attainments increased in number and perfection, and now during dinner she stays under her mistress's chair, and when the order is given to get her table-cloth she brings a newspaper which is kept in the corner of the room, spreads it out, and sits up while her mistress prepares her food in a saucer, which is then placed on the newspaper—but Nellie does not touch it until her mistress gives the signal by counting one, two, three.

From the account we have given it will be seen that Nellie is a dog of considerable intelligence, and even possesses a mathematical mind. It is possibly this latter gift that has enabled her to show the evidences of reasoning power we propose to relate. Four or five times each day, for about a week, Nellie had carried messages to her master that were written on old envelopes, and generally received something to take back in return. She had therefore learned that if she delivered an envelope she received something. Lunch being served on one occasion in the library, Nellie sat up and begged for sugar that happened to be on the table; that failing, she stood up; then she tried sitting up again, but without success. She then seemed to think for a moment, and as the result of her cogitations went straight to the waste-paper basket, picked out an old envelope, and presented it to her mistress, evidently in the hope that she would receive what she desired, and so earned her piece of sugar.

It may be said that in this instance appetite gave the stimulus, and otherwise she would not have exerted what certainly appears to be a reasoning faculty. To meet this objection we give another instance. Nellie always comes down the hall-stairway to meet her master on his return home, and after greeting him races off to the front room for his slippers, and brings them to the head of the stairway. A recent attack of illness having confined her master to the house for a couple of weeks, Nellie was in high glee until he went out for the first time after convalescing, when she was greatly distressed, and watched him from the open window as long as he was in sight; when he finally disappeared she gave a despairing yelp, and racing off to the place where the slippers were kept, snatched one in her mouth, and leaping on a chair, held it out of the window as far as she could reach, and whined piteously, evidently hoping that if the master saw the slipper it would induce him to return. In this instance there is certainly nothing satisfactory in resorting to instinct for an explanation; the act was evidently the result of a true reasoning process, prompted not by greed but by an almost human affection and attachment.—*Nature and Science; Scribner's for July.*

### A Crippled Child's Matinee.

The Cleveland *Plain Dealer* says that P. T. Barnum's love for children is proverbial. In Cleveland a little five year old cripple at a friend's house has become quite a favorite with the veteran showman, and the child has learned to expect a visit from his kind-hearted patron immediately upon his arrival in the city, and on Wednesday morning Barnum called at the house. The usual greetings followed, but a shadow came over the little invalid's countenance as he remembered his inability to attend the menagerie. "Never mind," said Mr. Barnum, "if you cannot go to the show, we must bring the show to you," and then departed. Presently, the child, and indeed the whole household, was startled at seeing a procession of elephants, camels and dromedaries walk quietly past the house and halt in the back yard. The performing elephants gave a matinee, and the beautiful child, bolstered up at the window, gave his orders with the air of a prince. In half an hour the procession reformed and, under the charge of their keeper, the docile but ungainly animals marched back to the menagerie.

### A Mermaid.

The Provincetown *Advocate* says that a supposed mermaid was seen upon the beach in Brewster last Thursday, by a Mrs. Young and several children. The head of this object, or mermaid, resembled exactly that of a child, while the rest of the body was of fish form. When first seen the lady became frightened, but the children, less timid, approached it, and wishing to determine whether it was dead or alive, threw some sand into its eyes, whereupon it uttered cries like that of a child, and commenced rolling over and over down to the water, and darted off into the sea, keeping its head above the surface, and resembling in every manner that of a child swimming. How this creature came here is yet a mystery, but it is thought it was left by the tide, or rolled upon the shore in the night of its own accord.

The oldest white inhabitant of Minnesota has been heard from. His name is R. S. Spaulding, and in a recent letter he says: "I claim to be the first white child born in what is now the State of Minnesota. On the 29th of February, 1827, I was born inside the walls of Fort Snelling, near St Peter's. My father, Stephen Spaulding, run a canoe with me in it, in 1828, to St. Louis, and from that day to the present I never returned to Minnesota. Born in Minnesota, raised in Missouri and graduated in the Rocky mountains, I have caught more beaver than all the Newhouse traps combined. I fought in the Mexican war, and God only knows how many Mexicans I killed (though I don't know as I killed any.) On the 16th of August, 1859, I discovered the first gold ever found on the west slope of the Rocky mountains in Colorado. The mines I discovered were good, but my own were good—for nothing."

## THE EDUCATIONAL PARTY ABROAD.

### A Pleasant Trip Across—A Missing Baker—Scotch and American Dishes—Arrival at Glasgow—Pittsburghers in the Party.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

GLASGOW, July 3, 1873.

The "Educational Party" sailed from New York on Saturday, June 21st, in the Victoria, of the Anchor Line. The party numbers one hundred and forty-nine, and is composed of teachers, professors, ministers, excursionists and a few trip passengers. The Victoria is a fine ship, built of iron and barque rigged. Nothing could exceed the kindness of all the officers—questioned almost to death as they are. They are all Scotch, and, to a man, try to do their duty—except the chief baker, who remembered not the time of sailing, "went on a drunk" in New York, and was left behind. If we could catch him we would lift up his head in true Egyptian style. It may seem strange, but the ship has no other baker, and we are without bread, except a little made with soda, and very unfit for the stomachs of those affected by the motion of the ship. Yet, notwithstanding this loss, the passengers, without exception, are good natured and jolly, and do all that they can to make each other happy.

Our trip down the bay was delightful, and at evening we lost sight of the United States, and sped east with the red ensign of Britain flying. The sudden transition from American customs to those of Scotland seems very strange. The steward came round asking who would have broth, and when asked to bring crackers brought nut crackers. The dishes are new to us, or have new names, but my heart warmed at the sight of a dish of the great American mystery, "hash." It was delicious, and what remained over until morning was ground a little finer and appeared as "collops." The guests carve and the stewards simply carry around what is carved. We are fast revolutionizing these matters, having succeeded in abolishing two meals and getting the remaining three served at American hours—a great benefit to our stomachs. The sea was quiet and the wind northeast and cold, until the 27th, Thursday, when a "sou'wester" set in and showed us what the ocean can do. The sea ran high until Sunday morning, since which time we have had a fine run, and arrived at Moville one day sooner than the Messrs. Cook expected; but they were present, and like magic transformed all the arrangements which had been made for Wednesday to work with perfect order on Tuesday. We were well received by the people at all places on our way from Moville to Giants Causeway, where we spent a pleasant day, returning in the evening to the Victoria.

On our way up to Glasgow the educational party organized by electing a committee of seven to act for them on all public occasions. The following are the names of the representatives of the party:

Colleges—Rev. Dr. Witherspoon, Virginia.  
Military Schools—Col. Mason, New York.  
Seminaries—Prof. Drowne, New York.  
Normal Schools—Prof. Bruce, New York.  
Superintendents—Prof. Thompson, Iowa.  
Public Schools—Prof. Benj. Jones, Pennsylvania.  
Colored Schools—Rev. Giles Cook, Virginia.

We were feasted at the Trades' Hall in Glasgow. Will spend the Fourth in the Highlands, and leave for Edinburgh, where we will be received by the Lord Provost and other officials on Saturday, July 5th.

Messrs. McClellan, Bickwell, Vick, Sample and Mr. Swan and lady, all of Pittsburgh, are well; also, Mrs. Jones. Very respectfully,

BENJ. JONES.

## AMERICANS IN DUBLIN.

### The Fourth of July.

At a meeting of American citizens at the Shelbourne Hotel, Dublin, Edward Stearns, Esq., of Boston, in the chair, John Forsythe, Esq., of Chicago, Secretary, a committee was appointed, Dr. John Hall, of New York, Chairman, by which the following resolutions were presented and unanimously adopted:

1. That while absent in body from our fellow citizens, we cannot forget our oneness with them in the enjoyment of the blessings and advantages secured to the people by the American Republic.

2. That we sympathize with the public and hearty rejoicings which commemorate this day the independence of the United States.

3. That we record our satisfaction and gratitude to Almighty God for the prosperity enjoyed in our beloved land, and for the friendly relations she sustains to all the free nations of the world, and earnestly pray for the continuance of the same.

Speeches were made by Hon. W. L. Barrington, U. S. Vice Consul; Dr. Hall, of New York; Col. Marmaduke, of St. Louis, and S. B. Owen, of New York, after which the meeting adjourned.

Among others present were the following: Edward Stearns, Esq., Edward P. Kennard, Rev. Dr. John Hall, Wm. H. Falconer, Boston, Mass.; S. B. Owen, New York; Rev. John McMillan, Miss L. J. McMillan, Miss A. E. Watkins, Pittsburgh; Col. V. Marmaduke and wife, George F. Gill, M. D., George W. Allen, St. Louis, Mo.; Rev. David Steele and wife, Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Rev. J. F. Beggs, Philadelphia; D. H. Murdock, U. S. Army; J. C. O'Connor, Ft. Wayne, Ind.; W. A. Isett, A. S. Harden, S. O. Taylor, James Neill, Wheeling, W. Va.; Mr. Andrews and wife, Newark, N. J.; T. B. Beaver, Danville, Pa.; John Forsythe, Esq., Miss Annie Dolling, Miss Ellen Dolling, Mr. E. Benedict, Chicago, Ill.

G. W. A.

## OHIO NEWS.

Two stallions belonging to E. Bailey, of Cardington, were poisoned on Wednesday night. They were valued at $2,000 each.

An Ashtabula furniture man named Beach tried to commit suicide on Wednesday by stabbing himself in the [illegible].

An elderly man, named Gyde Christenson, attempted to rape the person of Mrs. Deimer, of Akron, on Tuesday evening. Mr. Deimer was near, and had a severe struggle before he succeeded in ejecting the scoundrel from the house. Christenson was subsequently arrested.

Passenger trains are now running on the Hocking Valley Road, and coal trains will commence running at once.

The Newark *American* sadly mentions the fact that Tom Corwin rests in an unmarked grave, without so much as the simplest headstone to indicate who sleeps below. It calls upon the State which was so honored by her loved and distinguished son to rescue his grave from the oblivion which will otherwise soon blot it from the knowledge of men.

Ohio newspapers and periodicals number 411, with an average circulation of from 500 to 6,148, and an aggregate annual circulation of 99,502,448, or 35 for each inhabitant. There are 306 weeklies, 53 monthlies, 25 dailies, 10 semi monthlies, 9 tri-weeklies, 5 semi-weeklies, 2 bi-monthlies, and 1 quarterly.

Deacon N. H. Hinckley, of Ridgeville, Lorain county, dropped dead while at work in his barn yard. The cause was doubtless disease of the heart, which had troubled him for several years.

The Cleveland *Herald* says: Our former townswoman, Mrs. H. M. Tracy Cutler, is having a set-to with the Cincinnati *Gazette* on the woman question. Much ink is used up, and the material and immaterial universe ransacked by the combatants for missiles to throw at each other. Mrs. Cutler drops into poetry with a violence that causes a tremendous swash around the *Gazette* editor.

Liverpool, settled in 1829, has never lost a building by fire.

W. B. Wheeler, of Cincinnati, has been a school teacher for thirty-two years.

On Friday evening, July 11, while in pasture with other horses, a horse belonging to Rev. J. M. Robinson, near Mingo, Champaign county, got to running and plunged headlong against a tree, smashed in the right side of its skull, stove its neck into a jelly, and fell dead almost without a struggle.

Mrs. Nannie D. Frost and E. Tappan Hanlon assumed the habiliments of the native sons of the forest on the 10th inst., at Barnesville, and were married in the woods by Rev. H. W. Baker, who wore the costume of an ancient prophet. In order to give more romance to the marriage the Barnesville cornet band, clothed in the raiment of wild bears, executed a wild refrain during the ceremony.

The following remarkable tragedy occurred in Cambridge last Monday: Mrs. Dade had whipped her oldest boy, aged ten years, early Monday morning, and when she left the house this boy went into a bed-room used by the men who boarded at the house, opened one of their valises, and took from thence a revolver. He told his other brother and little sister to go out of the room, for he was going to shoot Asbury. He fired the pistol at his young brother, aged two years, the ball passing in at the left eye and lodging in the brain. He then took the child in his arms, sitting down upon the doorstep, and waited until his mother came. He did not confess until Tuesday that he shot the child; and then threatened to kill one of the other children for telling on him.

Thursday afternoon George Woods, a hostler in the livery stable of Owens & Etcher, of Upper Sandusky, drove a horse attached to a buggy into the Sandusky river, for the purpose of washing it. The river, swollen by the recent rains, swept the buggy away, drowning both the young man and horse.

Mr. Sardis Burchard, an old and wealthy citizen of Fremont, has conveyed in trust, real estate and other property, to the amount of $50,000 to establish in that city a library and gallery of paintings, etc., for the free use of the people of Sandusky county. Mr. Burchard had previously donated to the city land to the value of $15,000 for park purposes.

The Germans of Upper Sandusky will have a grand musical festival on August 13th and 14th.

An unknown person, about twenty-one years of age, who was attempting to steal a ride on a freight train, either fell off or was thrown off the cars, two miles above Napoleon, Wednesday afternoon, and instantly killed.

A prisoner confined in the Wayne county jail for some offense, became a favorite of the Sheriff, who allowed him the freedom of the jail yard. On Saturday last he took advantage of an opportunity to lock his benefactor up in a cell, and leave the country for parts unknown. The Sheriff remained in confinement several hours, before he could attract any one's attention, and the door had to be broken open with a sledge.

### The Connections at Baltimore.

We learn, though the terms of agreement are not yet known, that the difficulty which has existed between the Pennsylvania Railroad Company—now controlling the Northern Central and the Baltimore and Potomac Roads—and the Union Railroad Company of this city has been practically settled. This difficulty has up to this time, prevented the use of the Union Railway tunnel, and the Pennsylvania Railway Company has run its through trains between New York and Washington by way of Columbia and York, thus lengthening the route about fifty miles. On Monday next, or as soon thereafter as the Union Railway Company completes its connection with the Baltimore and Philadelphia road at Canton, this route will be abandoned, and the direct connection with the East will be made by the completed tunnel and over the Baltimore and Philadelphia Road, as heretofore.

Exactly what will be the result of this arrangement upon the passenger traffic over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad cannot be known until the policy of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is developed. The latter road controls entirely the depot at New York and the road thence to Philadelphia, and has its independent connection with Washington by the Potomac Road. Of course, both roads will contend for the passenger traffic, but whether or not the contest will be kept within certain limits is yet to be seen. The Pennsylvania Road has it in its power to refuse to sell tickets at New York to passengers via the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, or to receive its coupons between Philadelphia and New York.—*Baltimore American.*

### Elephant Tusks.

The problem of how to get a tusk from the head of an elephant may have, perhaps, puzzled many a reader of African travel. What other dental process would be possible, save to anchor the head, and with a capstan and compound pulleys to pull the tusks out by main strength? Such modern appliances being impossible in Africa, the negro buries the huge head until decomposition takes place, when extraction is performed without much trouble; the tusks are then greased and allowed to dry in the native huts. About one-third of the tusk is hollow, and about one-fifth of it is imbedded in the elephant's gums. One reason alleged why a pair of tusks are rarely seen alike is that when the elephant falls to the ground the chief claims that peculiar tusk on which the animal falls, and so the pair go into different hands; but from some slight experience in such matters, we should be rather inclined to say that the tusks are very rarely alike in the elephant, one tusk being generally much shorter than the other.

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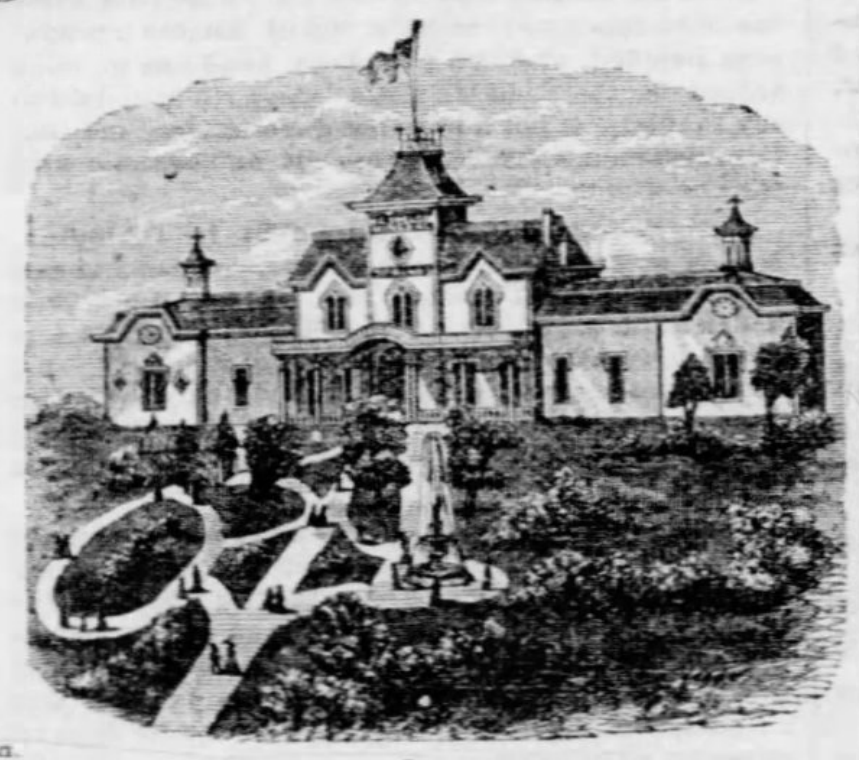

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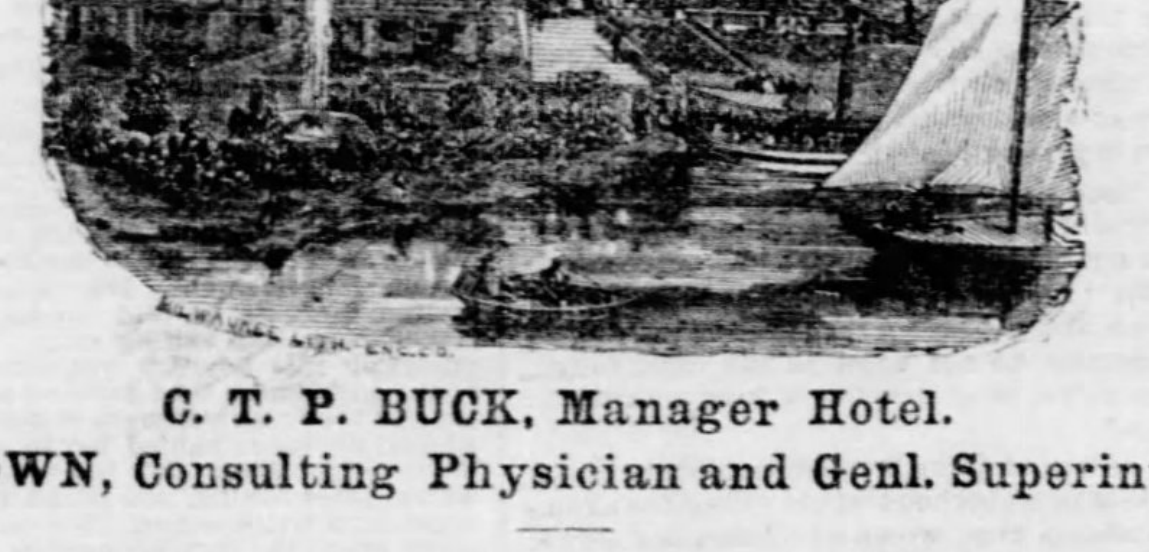

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### Workers of the United States.

The *Scientific American* has been investigating the census returns, with a view of ascertaining the number of working people in the United States and their specific pursuits. The results of this investigation show that we have 12,505,823 workers out of a total population of 38,558 371, of which 10,639,436 are males and 1,836,487 females. The number of females industriously employed is probably much greater than these figures indicate, many women and girls being put down in the census tables as having no occupation who are constantly engaged in domestic or household duties. If these returns were correct, they would indicate that only about one-third of our people have a regular industrial pursuit. Making a reasonable addition for female workers, the industrial classes may, perhaps, number one-half the entire population.

The accuracy of the census returns, however, has been seriously questioned by the "Massachusetts Bureau of Labor Statistics," which finds gross discrepancies in the census returns for that State, the number of workers in the table of occupations being four times as great as the number in the table of manufacturers, whereas in a manufacturing community the difference should be comparatively small. We must, therefore, have more reliable returns than those at present furnished before we can correctly judge of that division of labor by which the material wants of the American people are supplied. The great army of people devoted to agricultural pursuits is returned by the census, and in this respect it undoubtedly makes a reasonable approach to correctness. The number given is 5,992,471; the number engaged in manufacturing, mining and mechanical pursuits is set down at 3,707,421, while those who are rendering personal and professional services are stated as 2,684,703, leaving 1,119,228 engaged in trade, traffic and transportation.

Among the trades, carpenters take the lead; next come in regular order tailors, miners, blacksmiths; then milliners, masons, painters, machinists, saw-mill tenders, butchers, cabinet makers, millers, printers, harness makers, tinners, tanners, cigar makers, bakers and fishermen. Of sailors there are 56,064; of canalmen, 7,388; of steamboatmen, 8,975. There are 62,382 physicians, 43,874 clergymen, 40,736 lawyers and 136,066 teachers. Hotels and restaurants require 94,170 attendants, and livery stables 26,000. The office-holders number 67,912; barbers, 23,936; professional musicians, 7,519; journalists, 5,286; army and navy officers, 2,286. Of the entire working force, 1,802,038 were born in this country, 949,161 in Ireland, 836,502 in Germany, 301,779 in England and Wales, 189,307 in British America, 109,681 in Sweden, Denmark and Norway, 71,993 in Scotland, 58,193 in France, and 46,300 in China and Japan.

### The Lion's Fear of Man.

Lichenstein says that African hunters avail themselves of the circumstance that the lion does not spring upon his prey till he has measured the ground, and has reached the distance of ten or twelve paces, where he lies crouching upon the ground, gathering himself for the effort. The hunters, he says, make it a rule never to fire upon the lion till he lies down at this short distance, so that they can aim directly at his head with the most perfect certainty. He adds that if a person has the misfortune to meet a lion, his only hope of safety is to stand perfectly still, even though the animal crouches to make a spring—that spring will not be hazarded if the man has only nerve enough to remain motionless as a statue and look steadily at the lion. The animal hesitates, rises slowly, retreats some steps, looking earnestly about him, lies down, again retreats, till having thus by degrees got quite out of what he seems to feel as the magic circle of man's influence, he takes flight in the utmost haste.

### Protecting their Young.

A paper printed in Bangor, Me., says that a garden in that city was recently the scene of a singular contest, two brave little robins having given battle to a cat that had stolen their fledgeling. They alighted on her, and picked her head and back with refreshing vim until they made her relinquish her prey.

A similar story, but one that may by most persons be regarded as less romantic, in consideration of the animals taking active part in it, comes from Tennessee. An indiscreet fox, one night lately, endeavored to carry off a small pig that was sleeping with a lot of shoats, when the shoats made common war against the intruder, and succeeded, after a fight of several minutes, in killing the fox, and making mince meat of his remains.

### Tea Cake.

Take one and a half cups white sugar, one and a quarter cups sweet milk, one quarter cup of butter, two eggs well beaten, one half teaspoonful salt, flavor to taste; add two and a half cups flour, having in it one measure of Banner Baking Powder.

### Tricks Upon Topers.

Roff, who keeps the news stand in the postoffice building, turns many an honest penny with a root-beer fountain. The fountain has two escapes, and at each of these he keeps a glass standing to catch the dripping. He noticed, recently, that a couple of elderly men who lounged in the postoffice in the evening drained these glasses as soon as they were partly filled. Great and mighty results frequently grow out of slight causes. When Roff detected them an idea struck him. Before setting the glasses the next time, he dropped a teaspoonful of catarrh snuff in each one. It was a new kind of snuff, and Roff was glad of an opportunity to test it. He was not confident these men had the catarrh, but that was really no business of his (it was not anything he could help) and, besides, science must be attended to, so he entered upon the experiment with all the hopefulness and expectation of a young and ardent nature.

About eight o'clock the old buffers came around, and having listlessly examined the periodicals, watched the opportunity which Roff was quivering to give them, and raised the glasses hurriedly to their lips, and as hurriedly absorbed their contents. Then they lounged about listlessly as before, for about two minutes. At the expiration of that time, one of the twain commenced to look surprised. The other man also looked as if he had received unexpected intelligence. Then their faces simultaneously appeared griped, and the first man remarked, "O! O!" and struck for the wall. Whereupon the second man made a similar statement, and also started for the same destination. Roff hurried after them. He didn't go out on the walk where they were, because they didn't appear to want to engage in any business, and Roff had just put on a clean linen suit. So he stayed on the step, and watched those aged people as they swayed on the curb, and bombarded the gutter with root beer, and catarrh snuff, and pieces of liver, and such things as were handy at the time. He hasn't seen them since. He regrets this, as he wants to get their certificate to put in a circular.—*Danbury News.*

**Horse Radish Every Day in the Year.**

By using the Imperial Russian Mustard persons who are partial to the flavor of horse radish can have it at all seasons. It is an agreeable desideratum for either the luncheon, dinner or supper table. For sale wholesale by Jesse H. Lippincott.

**The American Boneless Sardines**

Are just the thing for excursions or daily luncheons They are unrivalled as a repast, or for sandwiches the hunter, angler or picnicker will find enjoyment in their use. For sale wholesale by Jesse H. Lippincott.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A YOUNG man as Salesman or Bookkeeper. Has had 11 years business experience. Would buy a small interest in a safe, profitable business. Address H. R., office of this paper.

WANTED—15 LABORING MEN, 10 Brickyard Hands, 6 Farm and Garden Hands, 40 Girls and Women for general housework and cooking. Help of all kind required. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—PURCHASERS—FOR 80 Beaver county Farms, from 20 to 400 Acres each, the best Farms in the market. Price from $50 to $100 per Acre, and about 30 Farms in other counties, within fifty miles of Pittsburgh, with improvements to suit any one wishing to buy a Farm. Also five first-class Dwelling Houses, in Allegheny city, near the Park. Inquire of E. C. KEYS, 43 Fifth avenue, in First National Bank Building.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

WANTED—PARTNER—IN A PROFITABLE, safe and pleasant Business well established. An experienced accountant preferred. Capital required, $12,000 to $15,000. Satisfactory references given and required. Address, with real name and address, Publisher, Commercial office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT Room, Furnished, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 65 Grant street.

STRAYED.

STRAYED—FROM THE PREMISES, AT Foxburg, July 13th, a dapple gray Horse, ten years old, with fresh scar on his left hip, and a dark brown Mare, four years old, with marks on each shoulder, rubbed with a collar. They were both together when they started. Any one giving any information of the same will be liberally rewarded. Address JOEL KERR, Foxburg, Clarion county, Pa.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENT—AN AGENT TO introduce in Pennsylvania a new line of Goods. One having some idea of mechanism preferred. A liberal commission paid. Address H., Box 798, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—AGENTS—EVERYWHERE to Sell ABEL'S VERMIN EXTERMINATOR, the only reliable article in the market. Apply or address, with stamp, CHAS. ABEL & CO., No. 116 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A FURNISHED FRONT Room, with Board, at 188 Second avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—NINE SECOND HAND Double Flue Boilers. To be seen at the works of SHOENBERGER & CO., Tenth ward.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING SITE in Eighth ward, Allegheny, 104 feet on River avenue, extending back to W. P. R. R., 230 feet. For particulars inquire of K. BLAIR, 62 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—RUBBER BELTING AND HOSE—India Rubber Belting and Hose of all sizes and descriptions. Also, Gum Packing at Eastern Prices. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street. M

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—LOT 100 FEET SQUARE, corner Bingham and Ninth streets, Pittsburgh, South Side. Also, Lot 100 feet square, corner Bingham and Eighth streets. Inquire BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO., Second and Wood streets.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE Property at Hazlewood, 2 minutes walk from station, lot 125x265, on which is erected a 2 story Brick Dwelling House, with 8 large rooms, bath room, range, &c. City water. For price and terms apply to THOMAS COFFIN, corner Tenth and Bradford streets, Birmingham.

FOR SALE—DWELLING—OF 4 ROOMS and Cellar, lot 20x135 feet on Thirty-eighth street. Also 2 Lots 20x80 feet, with Dwelling of 4 Rooms, Attic and Cellar, on Center street. Also 1 Lot 20x101 feet on Mary street. Also 3 Lots on Liberty avenue, all being situate in Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DIVIDENDS.

☞ OFFICE OF OZARK PETROLEUM CO. 126 SECOND AVENUE.—DIVIDEND NOTICE No 6.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of EIGHT (8) CENTS per share, payable on and after the 22d of July next. The Treasurer of the Company, E. C. LEIGHTLY, will be at the office in Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, July 22, and at the office of Markle & McCullough, Greensburg, on THURSDAY, July 24th, to pay Dividend, after which his address will be West Newton, Westmoreland county, Pa. By order of the Board.

J. B. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, June 30, 1873.

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—Subscribers to the Capital Stock of the UNION BRIDGE COMPANY for the purpose of Erecting a Bridge across the Allegheny River from the Point in Pittsburgh to Grant Avenue, Allegheny City, are hereby notified that the first assessment of 5 PER CENT. on the Capital Stock is now due, and payable at the office of the Company, No. 121 Fourth avenue.

JOSHUA RHODES, President.

R. W. McCONNELL, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1873.

☞ OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

☞ THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS appointed to examine applicants for

Inspector of Steam Engines and Boilers,

Will hold their

FINAL MEETING,

At the County Commissioners' Office, in the Court House, on

Monday, 21st inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

All applicants that have applied and not yet examined will please present themselves at that time.

Signed. JAMES MILHOLLAND, Secretary.

☞ CITY TAXES—1873—

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE (Municipal Hall,)  
PITTSBURGH, June 7, 1873.

Notice is hereby given, that the several Assessors have placed in this office duplicates of

City,  
City Building,  
Fire,  
Special,  
Poor,  
City School,  
Ward School,  
City Business Taxes, and  
City Water Rents,

For the year 1873, and that said Taxes and Water Rents will now be received in pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly relating thereto, subject to the following regulations:

Deductions.

Five per cent. deduction will be allowed if paid on or before the 1st day of August, 1873.

Addition.

Ten per cent. will be added to all taxes and water rents remaining unpaid after August 1, 1873.

The taxes assessed for the South Side wards will be received in the City Controller's office.

For the accommodation of tax payers, this office will be kept open on SATURDAYS until 8 o'clock P. M., until August 1, 1873.

C. L. MAGEE,  
City Treasurer.

IMPORTANT  
TO PARTIES USING  
*STEAM BOILERS!*

Having secured the exclusive right to attach to Stationary Boilers

"Thomas Snowden's Improvement in Feeding Water to Steam Boilers,"

We invite the attention of all parties interested to the merit of this invention. It is a perfect safeguard against the injury of Boilers by the introduction of feed water at a low temperature. These Heaters are simple in construction and moderate in cost, and we can furnish them promptly, warranting satisfaction in every case. Send for circular.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,  
Corner Third Avenue and Liberty St.

NEW STOCK OF  
*Ladies' Gold Watches*

Just received, which we offer at very low prices. We have also a fine Stock of

Opera, Guard, Leontine and Vest Chains

of the latest styles, and best quality of

Gold, Diamonds, Chain and Band Bracelets, Fine Sets of Jewelry, &c.

We offer all at Low Prices.

WATTLES & SHEAFER,  
101 Fifth Avenue.  
Six Doors above Smithfield street.

VINE CLIFF.

A Rare Opportunity.

The undersigned offers for SALE or RENT, the

VALUABLE PROPERTY

On the South Side, near the Birmingham Station of the P., C. and St. L. R. R., formerly the Residence of Dr. R. A. WILSON.

The property consists of a Frame House of 11 Rooms, with about an Acre of Ground attached, having a variety of fruit trees, shrubbery, etc.

Also a small FRAME HOUSE of 4 rooms, located on the same ground.

This property being sold by order of the Heirs, will be offered at a price which will guarantee the purchaser a remunerative investment.

Terms easy and made known upon application to

E. C. KEYS,  
First National Bank Building.

M

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

James Bevington et al. vs. Steamboat "Charlie McDonald."

No. 10 May Term, 1873.

Admiralty Docket.

And now, to wit, July 12th, 1873, on motion of John Barton, proctor for sundry libellants, the Court appoint David F. Patterson, Esq., Commissioner, to make distribution of the fund in this case.

Per Curiam.

A Copy. S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

I will attend to the duties of the above appointment at the office of Crumrine & Patterson, No. 68 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on Wednesday, July 30th, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M., at which time and place parties interested are requested to attend.

D. F. PATTERSON, Commissioner.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh July 17, 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of MARTIN V. B. MERCER, of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

THOS. T. WIGHTMAN, Assignee.

M 98 Diamond street.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

*B. TIEGEL,*

No. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring and Summer Wear, AT LOWEST PRICES.

FOR RENT,  
WAREHOUSE,  
No. 311 LIBERTY STREET,

Lately occupied by LINDSAY, STERRIT & CO.

tf Inquire at 247 Liberty street

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE,

Thirty-five minutes ride from the city, at Fair Oaks Station, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, embracing 3 Acres of Land, on which is a handsome Dwelling of 8 Rooms, a Stable, Hennery. Also an abundance of all varieties of Fruit, (now bearing), and of water for household purposes. Location very attractive and suitable for business men. Apply to

J. M. STONER, 158 Fourth avenue.

**The Daily and Weekly Commercial**—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Anyone who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facia* evidence of intentional fraud.

☞ **Remittances** must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks, or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses by mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to register letters whenever requested to do so.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

At Bottom Prices.

Scythes and Snaths,  
Hay Rakes and Forks,  
Sickles and Grain Cradles,  
"Novelty" Clothes Wringers  
AND A FULL LINE OF  
HARDWARE,  
CUTLERY, &c.

Lindsay, Sterrit & Co  
247 LIBERTY ST.,  
(Opposite the head of Wood street,) PITTSBURGH.

N. B.—Liberal Cash Discounts.

Spring Styles

Silk, Cassimere, Fur and Wool  
HATS,  
SILK AND CLOTH  
CAPS.

LATEST NOVELTIES  
IN MARKET, AT  
PALMER'S  
HAT HOUSE,  
151 WOOD ST.

THE BECKWITH $20  
Portable  
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE  
On 30 Days' Trial,

With strength and capacity equal to any, regardless of cost. This Machine does away with all complications, and with the movement of ONLY TWO PARTS (the Needle Arm and Looper), both simple and strong, it makes the Stitch, feeds the Goods, half guides the Cloth, fastens the Seams, sews on Braid, Gathers and Tucks, Hems and Embroiders. REMEMBER, the movement of only two parts does all this, which entirely does away with all the complications so liable to get out of order, and so often the source of annoyance to the operator, besides the ruinous expenditure of force in propelling them. Our Semi-Guiding Feed requires the assistance of only one hand or even one finger, thus leaving the right hand entirely at liberty to ply the wheel, which runs easy and even as a well balanced wheel, with

No Toilsome Tread of the Treadle.

Orders promptly filled on receipt of $20. Beckwith Sewing Machine Co., 862 Broadway, New York. MWF

PEARL WHEAT  
IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE MOST  
Delicious, Wholesome and Nourishing

Preparation of nature's great food ever produced. Essentially nothing but the woody fibre and a portion of the water are removed by the process, leaving all the starch, gluten and the greatest part of the mineral substances (phosphates), all that is nourishing in the wheat. The removal of the woody fibre makes it far more palatable than the various preparations of wheat now in the market. No other article of food contains such proper proportions of the requirements of the whole human system. To those suffering from INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, and to persons of sedentary habits, it will prove invaluable. As a BREAKFAST DISH it is unequaled. Our best phsicians here say it is of more importance than anything else that can be found. Try it once and you will never be without it. Ask your Grocer or Druggist for a Package. Manufactured only by the

Pearl Wheat Manufacturing Co.,  
185 to 195 FIRST AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mackeown, Thompson & Co.,  
Successors to W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,  
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,  
DEALERS IN  
Paints, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs  
AND  
OILS,  
195 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.  
MWF

J. M. GAZZAM.........................A. G. COCHRAN.

Gazzam & Cochran  
Attorneys-at-Law.  
Offices, Diamond Street, cor. Cherry Alley,  
PITTSBURGH.

Practice in all the Federal, State and County Courts. Legal business transacted and Collections made through responsible correspondents in all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe.

D. McMILLAN & CO.,  
General Produce Commission Merchants  
*No. 359 LIBERTY STREET,*  
AND  
*No. 370 PENN AVENUE,*  
PITTSBURGH, PA.,  
HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE,

5 cars Timothy Hay.  
10 cars White Oats.  
2 cars Mixed Oats.  
3 cars Shell Corn.  
5 cars Ear Corn.  
2 cars Family Flour.  
1 car Foundry Flour.  
Butter, Eggs and Produce generally arriving daily.

WM. B. HAYS..................WM. B. HAYS, JR.

*WM. B. HAYS & SON,*  
PORK PACKERS,  
DEALERS IN  
Bacon, Mess Pork,  
Dried Beef, Lard,  
Lard Oil, Carbon Oils

Curers of the celebrated

Star-Anchor Brand Extra Sugar-Cured Hams.

Just Received and in Stock,

*English Pickles, assorted,*  
*Mushroom Ketchup,*  
*Walnut Ketchup,*  
*Raspberry Vinegar,*  
*L'Estragon Vinegar,*  
*Potted Meats, assorted,*  
*Soho Sauce,*  
*Chinese Sauce,*  
*Athenæum Sauce.*

Prepared by Cross & Blackwell,

At BLAIR'S, 62 Fifth Avenue.

WM. M. M'COMBS,  
Real Estate and Insurance Agt  
No. 110 Smithfield Street.

Property Bought and Sold in all parts of the county.

Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage and Commercial Paper.

STENCILS

STEEL STAMPS,  
BURNING BRANDS,  
SEAL PRESSES,  
CANCELLING and  
RIBBON STAMPS,  
STENCIL COLORS.

Brushes and all Stencil Materials Wholesale.

W. A. BUNTING'S  
STENCIL ROOMS,  
184 Liberty Street,  
PITTSBURGH.  
1p

A. PER LEE PEASE, M. D

Special Attention to Eye Diseases.

No. 100 FIFTH AVENUE,  
PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, JULY 21, 1873.

SOME financial RIP VAN WINKLE, who has been as'eep for years, inquires innocently, through the Philadelphia *Ledger*, if there is any income tax to be paid this year. In the language of our late lamented Grand Jury, "can such things be?" &c.

THE BRUTUS is found. If GRANT should be nominated for a third term, and he should accept, the *Land and Law Adviser* of this city says "he should be assassinated as an enemy of his country." The New York *Herald* thus has its BRUTUS ready made to its hand. He who advises assassination will not shrink, certainly, from being the assassin, when the opportunity occurs.

THERE is a warm fight brewing between the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Road and the Pennsylvania Central. The opening of the new route between New York and Washington by way of Philadelphia, Columbia and York cuts off the Washington travel from the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Road, and the wrath of the President of the latter is something fearful to contemplate.

THERE is a controversy going on in Boston between two of its newspapers which is proving exciting. One of these papers, speaking of the New England drought, said, "When it rains we have a resource—imitate France and let it rain." The other paper insists that it is always in Spain that they "let it rain." This latter paper is clearly wrong. The great trouble now distracting Spain is that the people will not let "it" reign.

THE Democracy of Beaver at their late Convention, adjourned without passing a resolution denouncing the back-pay steal. This must have been an oversight. Surely a party that tries to make out that the Republican party is responsible for that affair, could not, deliberately, pass it by without censure. Perhaps, however, as their Representative in Congress, MCCLELLAND, took and kept his share of the swag, they felt delicate about saying anything on the subject.

THIS is the season of the year for false reports on the growing crops. The many speculators, who are interested in keeping the market either up or down, find this, usually, the best time for circulating reports that will affect the market. Just now, it is the cotton crop that is going to fail. A few men have bought up all the old cotton they can find, in the hope that a short crop this year will enable them to profit by the high prices that must ensue. The wish, with them, is father to the thought.

FIGURES will lie. Here, now, comes the Chicago *Tribune* and says that only 782,421 are engaged in manufacturing, or what it calls "protected" pursuits in this country. This attempt to belittle the figures of the census report may satisfy the Free Traders, but it is no argument. To get at these low figures it omits "laborers" who aggregate 1,031,666, not seeming to care for the fact that laborers are largely employed in manufactures, and it also classes by themselves, to suit its own theory, 1,850,000 men engaged in manufactures because they are, in its view, "non-protected." Any man, by this reckless use of figures, can make the census prove any theory he chooses to frame, no matter how ridiculous.

DR. T. G. BELL, of Louisville, Ky., contends that cholera always results from miasma, rain and heat—that there never was a case of cholera where the heat did not exceed the mean of sixty degrees for two months in the year, and where heavy rainfalls and decaying vegetation did not cause miasma. Cholera does not exist, he says, in the rainless deserts, nor in cold regions, nor where there are no miasmatic influences; and its occurrence resulting solely from these causes, it can make but little difference what a man eats or drinks. Whatever a man digests well, in health, may safely be eaten when the cholera is prevailing. The recent heavy mortality from cholera at Mount Vernon, Ind., causes surprise, we notice because it is said to be a very clean city and the highest point of land between Evansville and Cairo; but it is in a flat country, where the ague prevails—a hot, rainy, miasmatic region, and this would seem to bear out DR. BELL's theory.

## NO POPERY IN ENGLAND.

England is again agitated by one of those no Popery alarms which seem to form an essential feature of English national life. Their appearance is periodical, and even the law of their recurrence may be said to have been so far determined as to limit the interval between two panics; in other words, to render it certain that each successive generation will enjoy the advantage of being established in its Protestant faith by the harrowing dread of its loss. It is a sort of grand national or general confirmation. In the past some of these periodical alarms for the safety of the English Church have originated in assaults upon it attempted or meditated from without, while others have received their impulse from the arts and efforts of traitors, suspected or real, within its own fold. To the latter class belongs the alarm which at present disturbs the peace and complacency of English bishops and the more earnest portion of their flocks.

The Protestant alarm of to-day is not, as some readers on this side of the water may have been led to infer, a sudden or momentary excitement. It is, on the contrary, the result of anxiety which has been steadily increasing and extending for several years. The band of four hundred and eighty-three clergymen who have lately petitioned the Convocation of Canterbury, asking for the canonical recognition of the sacrament of confession and for the appointment of confessors, has grown to its actual strength by slow degrees. In isolated parishes all over England the "Popish practices" of individual clergymen, or priests, as they love to call themselves, have for several years been the cause of violent local discussions and agitations. These encroachments of ritualism have also formed the subject of many episcopal charges as well as of frequent denunciation in both provincial and metropolitan newspapers. Indeed, no foreigner not habitually conversant with the leading organs of the British press can have any adequate notion of the extent to which these Romanizing tendencies have disturbed the current of English life during the last few years. It is, however, but recently that anything like a general movement has begun on the part of conservative members, clerical and lay, of the English Church, to secure legislation against the objectionable innovations, and the first important step appears to have been prompted by the audacity exhibited and the display of numbers made by the Ritualists in their petition referred to above. Early in May a petition with sixty thousand signatures was presented to the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, calling their attention to the alarming progress of ritualistic innovation within the church, and asking them to take the measures necessary to arrest the evil. Of this petition their Lordships took no public notice until the 16th of June, when their reply was published. In it the Archbishops recognize as real and indubitable the danger apprehended by the petitioners of "a considerable minority, both of clergy and laity in the church, desiring to subvert the principles of the Reformation." They express their own entire disapproval of the confessional, and their firm determination to do all in their power to discourage it. They also appeal to all reasonable men to consider whether the very existence of the National institutions for the maintenance of religion is not imperilled by the evils of which their petitioners complain. On the other hand, the Archbishops, while acknowledging the obligation resting upon them to enforce the laws of the church where well defined, and to maintain its ritual intact, let the petitioners distinctly understand their unwillingness to engage in troublesome litigation. They regret the indifference with which the laity regard the growth of Romanizing tendencies, and evidently think that upon them rather than upon themselves devolves the duty of counteracting the evil. They remind the petitioners that they "live in an age when all opinions and beliefs are keenly criticized, and when there is less inclination than there ever was before to respect authority in matters of opinion." "In every State, in every religious community, in almost every family," say their Lordships, "the effects of this unsettled condition may be traced." And then they proceed in a strain of remark which plainly shows that, in their judgments, the tendency towards Rome is not more to be deprecated than the tendencies to infidelity or to religious indifference which characterize the time. In conclusion, the Archbishops express their belief that, in a Protestant church like theirs, it is far more by kindly personal influence in their families and neighborhoods, by sound arguments, and appeals to the loyalty of those who are in danger of falling into error, rather than by judicial acts of authoritative interference that the tendencies complained of can be met. Finally, in despite of all evils actual and menacing, the Archbishops do not despair of the church; remembering the history of the past, they are hopeful of the future, knowing how public opinion in churches, as in States, ebbs and flows, and how God directs all for the accomplishment of His holy purposes.

With this letter of the rulers of the Establishment, the *Times* is far from satisfied, thinking that under the laws the Bishops could do much if they would for the arrest of those ritualistic abuses which threaten the complete perversion of the church as a Protestant institution. In the House of Lords also, a few days ago, the subject was brought up for consideration, when the Archbishop of Canterbury again confessed that there was good cause for alarm, and declared that the powers of the Bishops to remedy abuses, should be increased. But the discussion produced no practical result, and there is small probability, while the Bishops fail to unite as a body to exercise such powers as they possess, Parliament will confer upon them increased authority for the suppression of ritualism.

The truth seems to be that the alarm at the abuses of ritualism is pretty much confined to the so-called Evangelical party who identify the manmilinery of the Ritualists with the encroachments of Popery. The Ritualists themselves deny that they are Romanists or intend to become Romanists. Indeed, many of them proclaim themselves the only effective antagonists of Catholicism, who appropriate its weapons and machinery in the interest of the Anglican Church, and render the youthful daughter so graceful and beautiful in her antique robes that the aged mother must appear decrepid and unattractive to all English eyes. However much Catholics may now laugh or sneer at them, the Ritualists evidently entertain hopes of some day receiving a recognition which shall console them for the slights of their youth. Rational appeals are equally wasted upon them. As one of their organs lately, in evident sincerity, spoke of "that small sciolist, Mr. STUART MILL," they most clearly live so exclusively within the circle of their own ideas that such appeals never reach them.

Then, great numbers of the English clergy, not Ritualists themselves, believe with the Ritualists that, the symbols and rubrics of their church sanction or at least give some countenance to the rites and ceremonies in which many of their imaginative or weaker brethren find so much delight and spiritual nutriment. It is felt that if the Established Church is to stand, these enthusiasts must be indulged, as persecution in the form of prosecution would be welcome to most of them. If the infliction of legal penalties should drive them out of the church, the church would lose many of its most beneficent ministers, men who are devoted to their profession, and especially to labors among the poor. Again; if Ritualists are to be prosecuted for heresy, what is to be done with the Broad churchmen, whose errors of doctrine are quite as perilous to the church? If either class of errorists is to be punished, common English fairness requires that the other shall not escape. It is, besides, unquestionable that educated English laymen, distracted by the conflicts of opinion in all departments of religious and metaphysical speculation, are constantly growing ever more averse, as the Archbishops say, to the exercise of ecclesiastical authority. Finally, neither educated English laymen nor the more cultured of the clergy are afraid of the ascendancy of Popery in the island. Whatever converts it may make among the weaker clergy or among the idle, luxurious classes, they know that it can never become the religion of the British nation, and that any movement really Popish once brought into contact with the habits, instincts and traditions of the people, would be indignantly repelled.

### Foreign Commerce of New York.

[From the N. Y. Bulletin, 19th.]

In the figures presented below will be found the statement of the foreign commerce of New York for the fiscal year ended June 30th. The total importations for the first half of the calendar year amounted to $221,047,987, being $11,732,649 less than last year, and $19,213,963 greater than the corresponding period of 1871. These figures show a more conservative condition of our commerce than we were accustomed to last year:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.

| | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ent. for cons'm | $194,498,898 | $212,337,830 | $183,084,637 |
| Ent. for ware'g | 131,133,036 | 171,011,048 | 137,829,234 |
| Free goods | 23,097,561 | 30,015,900 | 91,862,826 |
| Specie and bullion | 9,443,737 | 2,384,134 | 7,608,335 |
| Total ent at port | $358,173,222 | $415,808,912 | $420,385,032 |

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

| | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Domestic produce | $213,306,031 | $215,729,972 | $258,466,761 |
| Foreign free goods | 611,338 | 1,279,250 | 2,174,962 |
| Foreign dutiable | 8,799,517 | 9,053,551 | 9,277,141 |
| Specie and bullion | 82,905,497 | 59,425,823 | 63,654,626 |
| Total exports | $305,622,363 | $285,488,596 | $332,573,530 |
| Total exclusive of specie | 222,716,866 | 226,062,773 | 269,918,894 |

A WASHINGTON dispatch to the Boston *Globe* gives the details of a brilliant project for the development of the Southern States. It is a portion of the plan for inland water transportation advocated by the President in his last inaugural address, and in feasibility and economy is perhaps the most advantageous of any yet advanced. By means of short canals, connecting the various rivers flowing into the Gulf of Mexico, near their mouths, a steamer from St. Louis can make the trip from that place to Savannah without venturing into the open sea. The cost of loading and unloading the double freight and expenses incident to a change of merchandise from one vessel to another will thus be avoided, but what is even more important, the distance between New Orleans and the Atlantic coast, near the northern line of Florida, will be reduced by least one-half. Compared with this, the plan for building a canal across the midland portion of the Southern States, direct to the Mississippi river from the Atlantic coast, sinks into insignificance. This latter route must ever be disputed by railroad lines, and the toll, in order to make the investment pay interest, will be so large as to give it little advantage over locomotion by steam, which is not the case in the former scheme.

"ON A small farm, within about two miles of this town," says the Atchison (Kansas) *Champion*, "lives Mr. Charles Davis, who is the possessor of one of the strangest freaks of nature that has ever been recorded. Mr. Davis called at the *Champion* office, yesterday, and informed the editor of the existence of the wonder, and a reporter was dispatched to take a look at it. It is the progeny of a fine mare owned by Mr. Davis, and is now about four years old. The head, neck, shoulders, and fore limbs are models of symmetry and proportion, but there the resemblance of the perfect horse ceases. From the shoulders there is a regular descension, and while the shape of the back is similar to that of a horse, the peculiar position it is continually in gives it a very different appearance. The fore legs are the length of an ordinary colt's legs of that age, but the hind ones are only six inches high, with no joints, but a perfectly formed hoof and foot. It easily stands on all fours, and can walk a very short distance, but it soon becomes tired and is compelled to lie down. Its appearance is wonderfully startling, and is entirely unaccounted for. Mr. Davis is taking extraordinary care and pains to insure its living, and if successful, will bring it into the city for exhibition.

THE New York *Times* dwells on the evils of "irregular" marriages, which, it says, made, or helped to make, Kate Stoddard a murderess. The most impressive lesson to be drawn from a history like hers is the necessity of educating public sentiment to a stricter observance of the sacredness and obligations of the marriage tie. The validity of marriage as a social institution, we are reminded, rests wholly in the two elements of publicity and consent. A certain degree of solemnity, or at least of formality, is helpful, if not essential, to the fulfilment of its main usefulness to society. "Make it known there is but one right way of marriage, and that is publicity, after some established form—if it consist only of a license and a mutual acknowledgment before witnesses—and (says the editor) we shall no longer have 'irregular' wives murdering their 'irregular' husbands, and sentimental newspapers debauching public opinion in the attempt to prove it right."

ONE of the results of the recent great advance in the price of coal in Europe, says the Philadelphia *Ledger*, is visible in the fact that various large manufacturers in France, Germany and Russia are casting about for new sources of supply. They think it feasible to import Pennsylvania coal, and an analysis of the different kinds mined in this State is being made, with a view of ascertaining whether they are suitable for use in the foreign factories needing them. Already Pennsylvania has been able to undersell English coal in the West and East India markets, and it look very much as if we might, to a certain extent, be able to compete with European coal in portions of Europe itself.

JUTE is principally manufactured at Dundee, Scotland, where there are fifty-nine mills, ranging from four to eight stories high. The largest mill employs 5,000 hands, and works up into fabrics 990,000 pounds of raw jute per week. The weekly wages paid are from $5 to $10 for men, and $2 50 to $7 for women. The principal consumers of burlaps or jute cloth in the United States are Californians, who use them for grain bags. Ten per cent. of the value of the California wheat crop is expended in the purchase of coarse jute, cotton and linen bags. The duty is thirty per cent. on jute cloth, and forty per cent. on jute bags.

APPREHENSIONS of a short supply of Croton water begin to be expressed in New York. The average daily consumption within the city limits is said to be about 95,000,000 gallons, while the various sources of supply at present are yielding but 85,000,000. The reservoirs, however, can stand the drain for a month yet to come, without serious inconvenience, but should there be no rain in the meantime, the situation in that event would certainly be serious. The Aqueduct Commissioners, hence, are sending round circulars urging consumers to be as economical as possible.

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL SPENCE, of the Post Office Department, decides, in the case of a dissolved partnership, where neither in the articles forming or dissolving the same any person is duly authorized to receive after dissolution the correspondence addressed to such firm, the Department can not exercise any judicial function, and postmasters should deliver such correspondence to any member of the late firm asking for it, unless a Court of competent jurisdiction shall designate the proper person to whom it shall be delivered when a contest arises.

A DAILY PAPER in the Roman Catholic interest was talked of in New York some time since, but nothing came of it. The report is now revived in a form which would seem to foreshadow a fact. The amount of $100,000 has been raised as a fund to start with, and more will be forthcoming when necessary. The Archbishop will have the supervision of it, but it is not designed that it shall be in any sense his official organ.

THE Supreme Court of Rhode Island has recently made an important decision in reference to the form of complaints against persons selling liquor contrary to the State law. The Court held unanimously that it was necessary to allege in the complaint that the liquor sold was not of foreign production, imported into the United States under its revenue laws.

## WHITHER?

BY KATE PUTNAM OSGOOD.

O vanished hours!  
Ye that are part of me, and yet not mine!  
Lost utterly to knowledge, as the flowers  
That wither from the spring and leave no sign.

Ye costly hours!  
Whose buds were with delight as sunshine fed;  
Watered with pain's wild, thunder bursting showers,  
With the best blood of life made strong and red.

O bygone hours!  
Are ye then wholly from me fled away?  
Or keep ye, in some secret spot, the flowers  
Whose sweet remembered bloom I miss to-day?

Mysterious hours!  
When ye drop silent down life's ebbing tide,  
Is it as barques full-freighted for the towers  
That guard the city on the other side?

Ah, fleeting hours!  
Take from my life, ungrudged, its treasures, then,  
If gathered in some future Eden's bowers,  
My longing eyes shall see them once again!

## GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

The day is aweary, aweary,  
Is wasted and shrivelled and old,  
And the pillars of sunset are gleaming  
With bosses and fretwork of gold.

There's a requiem where branches are swaying;  
A music of motions that wake  
In the war of the leaves with the breezes;  
A twitter of birds in the brake.

* * * * * *

Sink softly the billows of twilight;  
Agone are the West's golden bars;  
Droop the curtains of night, gently laden,  
With dew and the sheen of the stars.

The Utica *Herald* says that men will never know what effect it would have had on Job if eleven little girls had called on him, one after another, and tried to sell him Sunday School picnic tickets.

New Jersey people don't say "liar" right out, but remark, "Sir, you remind me of my lamented brother, who could pervert truth with the greatest ease."

A Dubuque woman keeps baking powder and arsenic on the same shelf, and her husband is careful not to disturb the serenity of her mind lest she make a mistake.

An exchange tells us that "Wilmington, Del., has just paid $80,000 for land for a public park." The land was most probably bought of Pennsylvania or Maryland, as there isn't that much in Delaware.

New Haven has gone back to Puritan days. A boy six years old was fined $5 the other day for rolling a hoop on Sunday.

At the Natural Bridge, Virginia, last week, a man lost his pocket-book, which fell over the precipice and lodged 120 feet below. A young brother of the loser was lowered by means of a rope, and he with the treasure safely hauled up again.

A girl in South Carolina ate a poisoned crow, was thrown into convulsions, fell into the fire, was badly burned, had a leg amputated in consequence, and is now convalescent, but doesn't "hanker after crow" as much as she did formerly.

The railroad property of Illinois was, in 1871, assessed at $25,516,042. The figures for 1872 were not much larger. This year the *Illinois State Journal* believes the assessment will be raised to $200,000,000. The State Board of Equalization meets next month.

Fort Abraham Lincoln, opposite Bismarck, now a three company military post, will be fitted up immediately for ten companies of cavalry, involving an expenditure of $260,000, making it the most important post on the Missouri river. Custer's regiment is expected to winter there.

Bloomington, Ill., is now receiving her coal for making gas from Pennsylvania, the new tariff of the Illinois Central not justifying the using of Duquoin coal.

Successful cattle breeders in Europe give molasses constantly to fatten cattle and milch cows. A large German farmer gives a pint a day mixed with oil-cake to his cows, largely increasing their milk.

Near Beaufort, N. C., a colored boy went out to hoe corn. He failed to appear at his usual time, and when hunted for was found dead with a rattle-snake coiled around him, the snake still biting his body.

It is announced in the London papers that the New Testament Company of Revisers to the Scriptures have got as far as the fifteenth chapter of Acts. At the past rate of progress they will have finished the new English Bible in about eleven years.

The locomotive returns from fifty-one railways for November, 1872, published in the *Railroad Gazette*, shows an average expense of $22 13 a mile for each locomotive; 2,682 locomotives were employed, and they traveled a distance of 6,958,616 miles.

Since the cutting down of the exchange lists, there has been much useless handling of useless newspapers avoided, and the exchange fiend has to some extent discontinued his visits. And yet men dare to say that ours is not a paternal government, and that Congressmen will not in time sit and whistle with the cherubim.

An agricultural Second Adventist in Orrington, Me., is so firmly convinced of the approaching end of the world next month, that he has mortgaged his farm for $5,000, which he is spending as fast as possible, thinking that he has a particularly "soft thing" on the mortgagee. All of which shows that like many other New Englanders he is much more honest in his religious belief than in his business transactions.

There is not an acre of cultivated cranberry marsh in Minnesota, and yet hundreds of people make an almost exclusive business of gathering the fruit for market. Cranberry marshes abound in numerous regions throughout the State, and wherever found are, owing to some peculiar fitness of soil and climate, not only very prolific, but produce fruit of superior excellence.

A remarkable story of gold discoveries comes from Buenos Ayres. If we may believe the extravagant accounts given by enthusiastic correspondents and local newspapers, the riches of California and Australia are as nothing compared with the mines of wealth which the Argentine Republic possesses; but a new emigration of diligent diggers cannot take place because a company has been found willing to pay a hundred millions of good money to secure exclusive privileges. The story may be true—and then again it may not.

The California ladies seem to be constitutionally thirsty, if the following remark, made by a lady at Calistoga Springs, is any criterion of the common feeling: "Lemonade! No, indeed, I'm going to stick to ice-water to-day. Yesterday I drank champagne, buttermilk, lemonade, beer, lemonade with a stick in it, more champagne, Calistoga punch, more lemonade with hair-oil or something else in it, and I was sick enough all night. No, sir; I shall stick to ice-water to-day."

A little child at Los Angelos, Cal., came home, the other day, with a treasure-trove in the shape of something that looked like a swallow's nest, but when several tarantulas, big and little, crawled out, the unfortunate infant met with the ingratitude that usually rewards discoveries, and his interest in natural history is greatly abated.

A newly discovered gold mine near Calistoga, Cal., promises to be of unusual richness. "Should present indications not be deceptive," says the San Francisco *Chronicle*, "the mine will upset the theories of mineralogists and geologists that precious metals in paying quantities do not exist in the coast range, and at the same time develop a new industry in Napa valley."

It would be a good thing if the dispensers of cholera swill in this neighborhood would follow the example of an Alabama firm, which advertises as follows: "Notice to our patrons and the public—In consequence of the prevalence of cholera in neighboring cities, we will close our soda fountain from this date. All tickets will be redeemed in cash or with a very reliable cholera mixture. We thank our friends for their liberal patronage, and hope to serve them again when a healthy season prevails. Fresh stock of turnip seed."

### The American Catalogue.

[Vienna (June 9) Correspondence of the New York Tribune.]

The American Exhibition Catalogue has appeared at last. It should better be called the English Catalogue of the American Department, for it was printed in London, and is a close imitation in typography of the British Catalogue, from which the illustrations and six pages of letter-press, including a list of the groups, and other general information have been transferred bodily. The book is a wretched botch. It begins by giving the names of the articles in three languages—English, French and German; but after the first two groups this plan is abandoned, and the ensuing five groups are printed in English and French only. Then the French is dropped, and the remaining groups appear in English alone. With all the double-leading and padding, and with the use of large type the catalogue contains only seventy pages. The meagreness of the American Department may be judged from a comparison of this with the catalogues of some of the smaller European countries. That of Switzerland, for example, contains 288 pages of fine print, and yet the Swiss Department occupies only half the space that ours does. There is not a word of information in our catalogue about the United States—nothing concerning our population, our commerce and manufactures, our agriculture, our forms of government, our public lands, our railways, our schools, or the inducements we offer to emigration—not a line, in short, of the kind of matter which every foreigner who buys the book will look for first. There is nothing but the list of the 650 exhibitors and the articles they show. I wish I had space to tell how rich in valuable information the catalogues of other countries are—notably those of Switzerland and Germany, which furnish all the material facts necessary for a knowledge of their institutions, industrial interests, educational systems, population, armament, lines of transportation, etc., and are perfect epitomes of general and statistical information. We could not, of course, produce such a catalogue as these; but it does seem that the Secretary of State might have put a few intelligent clerks at work for a day or two compiling from the census and other government reports a dozen pages of statistics. The catalogue is of a piece with our whole performance here, and perhaps it is just as well that it should be no better than the exhibit it is intended to explain.

### An Experimental Pearl Fishing Expedition.

An experimental expedition, which, if successful, will materially alter and simplify the old system of pearl fisheries, is about to leave this port in a few days. The schooner Witch Queen chiefly owned by C. J. Sprague, of Brooklyn, New York, and commanded by Captain Cushing, late of the Dreadnaught, a navigator of many years experience, will sail shortly for Ponto Reinas, where the attempt is to be made to adapt the diving bell to pearl fishery. Sanguine hopes are entertained that by these means old Neptune's domains may be laid under a heavier contribution than heretofore; and taking into account the calmness of the waters south of the Gulf of California, and the rich beds of pearl oysters to be found on the Mexican coast, it is not unreasonable to expect a considerable return of these precious bivalves, especially from those spots which have hitherto baffled the efforts of unassisted divers. Should the Mexican government offer no objections, of which little fear is entertained, it is proposed to fish the entire coast, and if the yield prove insignificant, to transfer the search to Tahiti and the neighboring islands. The party is to consist of thirteen men, besides the owner and captain.—*San Francisco Bulletin, 2d.*

### How the Cholera Drifts Down Stream?

No better mode could probably be arranged for the propagation of cholera, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, than the system of trade on the Vistula, under which enormous rafts laden with agricultural produce are drifted from as far as the interior of Galicia down to Dantzic, where they are finally broken up and sold as building timber, after being cleared of their freight. The boatmen are Poles of the roughest class and dirtiest habits; their peculiar means of navigation necessitate long involuntary stoppages, at which they have free communication with any infected village on the river bank, and so carry on the germs of the disease to those below. The canals into which they are afterward crowded under the old works of Dantzic, until the rafts are disposed of and they make their way back by rail, are foul and stagnant in the extreme. That that city could have escaped last year when its neighbors on either side—Stettin and Kœnigsberg—suffered, is attributed locally to the enterprise which had just supplied it plentifully with good water from a distance.

There are some playful gentlemen in the English House Commons. A short time ago, when Mr. Hughes was speaking, Mr. Auberon Herbert placed a glass of water on the bench behind him, on which the orator sat down. The House laughed and cheered lustily.

## REPUBLICAN COUNTY

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,  
HON. THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,  
HON. J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.

STATE SENATE,  
HON. GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.

ASSEMBLY,  
*First City District,*  
HENRY H. McCORMICK, Pittsburgh.  
*Second City District,*  
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.  
*County Districts,*  
J. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins.  
A. B. YOUNG, Robinson.  
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh (South Side).  
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.  
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY,  
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY TREASURER,  
Capt. SAMUEL KILGORE, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,  
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Pittsburgh.

JURY COMMISSIONER,  
Capt. JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer.

CORONER,  
WILLIAM McCALLIN, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,  
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

## PERSONAL.

Andrew Jackson and Henry Clay were jurymen, and, by a curious chance, John L. Palfrey a witness, in a recent case before a Boston court.

Mr. De La Poer's resignation from the British Parliament is said to be for the purpose of joining a religious order in Rome, where he now is living in the dignity of a Roman Court.

A queerly mixed entertainment was recently given at a London theater. Gounod, the composer, who never played publicly in his life, made his debut as a pianist, Wilkie Collins, no elocutionist at all, recited a story, Mdlle. Desclee, the great dramatic actress, played the organ, and Hiller, the pianist, gave a fantasia in the double bass. Ristori on the tight-rope and Taglioni as a prima donna, would have capped the ridiculous climax.

Blind Tom, the negro pianist, owns a farm near Warrenton, Va. He will spend the summer there.

The coming encyclical letter of the Pope, which will be read at the next Consistory, is to be (if a Roman journal may be believed) not merely an encyclical letter, but an excommunication of Victor Emmanuel pronounced from the Cathedral of St. Peter with the greatest solemnity. The cathedral will be draped in black, and yellow tapers will burn on the altar, as in Passion Week.

Paul and Judas are announced as the authors, through the mediumship of one Alexander Smyth, of a book, to be brought out by a Chicago publishing house, entitled "A True History of the Man called Jesus Christ." It is lucky for Alexander that he spells his Smyth with a y; for if he had i's about him the regular smiths would feel it a family duty to put them out.—*Rochester Democrat.*

Breckenridge and Buckner are at Blue Lick Springs, Ky. It is not their first experience in taking "blue lickings."

Frederick Bates, of Richmond, Me., the oldest man in the State, died last week. He was born March 21. There is a dispute about his age, whether he was one hundred and two last March or one hundred and five. He was exempted at the 1812 war on account of age.

The Rev. John Berringtod, LL. D., has been convicted of false pretenses, at the Hempstead Police Court, in London. Naughty John!

The Rev. Mr. Chiniquy, an ex-priest of St. Anne, near Kankakee, Illinois, lectured last week, Thursday evening, at Antigonish, Nova Scotia, a town largely composed of Catholics. The meeting was a disorderly one, and several persons were injured. At the close Mr. Chiniquy and the Rev. Mr. Goodfellow were stoned in the street, and had to take refuge in a friend's house.

A new department is about to be added to the Syracuse University, to be known as the Department of Art. Messrs. White and Russell will be Professors of Architecture, Sanford Thayer will be Professor of Painting and Sculpture, and Colonel Allewelt, Professor of Decorative Art.

Mrs. Conway, near Washington, Arkansas, had her thigh broken the other day. Her first husband met with a violent death; her second husband was killed about a year ago in a personal difficulty, and her oldest child, and the only one that could be of any service to her, fell into a well last year and had his neck broken.

A Colorado correspondent of the St. Louis *Globe* writes: "Our butcher is a graduate of Yale; one of the gentlemen working in the printing office is a graduate of Cambridge and a winner of the Bishop's medal for proficiency in the classics; a ranchman near here is the son of a General in the British army and a near relative of George Stevenson of railroad fame. Four other ranchmen are the sons of a former Governor of Bengal, who is still very wealthy. Two are the sons of an eminent London banker. A graduate of one of the Universities manages a dairy and attends to most of the milking personally.

A Prussian Amazon has appeared on the theatre of war in Spain. A Valentia newspaper says: "We have had the pleasure of seeing the Prussian heroine announced who will, it is said, command a battalion of volunteers against the Carlists. She is well-grown, hardly twenty-five years old, has a rather pretty face and blonde hair. She wore a long upper garment, long riding trowsers, and a Phrygian cap, and carried a cavalry sword. We do not know whether she will remain here or go to Barcelona."

An amusing story of Messier, the great French comet seeker, is related by Mr. R. A. Proctor. The discovery of a new comet seemed to him more important than the gravest earthly events. His wife's last illness interfered with his astronomical work to such an extent that a rival succeeded in detecting a comet for which both were on the watch. A friend who met him a short time after Madame Messier's death condoled with him on that sad loss. "Ah," responded the man of science, "it was hard—was it not?—after all my watching I was obliged to leave my telescope just when the comet came!"

The Boston *Traveller*, which evidently enjoys an extensive acquaintance among the old gentlemen of Europe, says: "Earl Russell is put down as the 'oldest statesman in Europe'" as he will be 81 years old in August. He isn't so old as Pope Pius IX., by two years and four months; nor so old as Espartero (Duke de Vittoria), by more than six months; nor so old as Lord Stratford de Redcliffe, (whose death we do not remember having seen announced), by four years and eight months; nor so old as M. Guizot, by almost five years. If the Duke of Saldadna is living, he is a most old enough to be Russell's father. There have been many older active European statesmen than Earl Russel in ancient times—as Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Brougham, the Duke of Wellington, Count Nesselrode, Prince Metternich, and Lord Palmerston."

About a week ago one of the steamships sailing from East Boston to Liverpool took aboard a gentleman and his daughter, who intended to travel over a great part of Europe. A few days after debarcation the gentleman was found dead in his room at a hotel in the north of England, having been attacked by disease of the heart. So the young lady was left apparently friendless in a strange land. She desired to bring home the remains of her father, but this could not be done by a ship of the Cunard Company, their rules forbidding the shipment of a corpse. While wearily waiting at a London hotel for the sailing of a Southampton steamship, under a different management, the kind-hearted landlord invited her to go out to his country home and remain there till sailing day. There were other guests at this country residence, among them a young gentleman who devoted a good part of his time to the entertainment of the American visitor. At last he accompanied her to the steamer, and, bidding her good bye, handed her a boquet, in which, after sailing, she found a note asking permission to write to her. We cannot be expected to know about the correspondence which followed, but there was a wedding at Concord, N. H., because we read in the *Monitor*:

In this city, June 11, by Rev. J. F. Lovering, Peter D. Carr, of Liverpool, England, to Helen M. Peverly, daughter of the late James Peverly.

The Bishop of Natal, Dr. John William Colenso, is again in trouble. He was appointed Bishop of Natal in 1854, and in 1861 published several religious works which caused his deposition from his diocese by his superior, Dr. Robert Gray, the Bishop of Capetown. This deposition in 1865 was declared null and void by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, the point being that the power to create the dioceses mentioned was vested in the Legislatures of the respective colonies, and that Dr. Gray had no power over Dr. Colenso. The Bishop of Capetown, however, refused to recognize the binding effect of this decision, and consecrated the Rev. William R. Macrorie as Bishop of Maritzberg, Natal, in 1869. The Anglican community in the Cape Colonies became divided in opinion on the subject, and a violent quarrel ensued, which still continued. In 1871 the Legislative Council of Natal passed a bill creating Colenso and his successors trustees, for religious purposes, of lands in that colony, formerly vested in the Bishop of Capetown. Colonial bills must be approved by the Sovereign, and when this bill was presented to the Queen, the Archbishop of Canterbury, representing the Council of Colonial Bishops, requested her to withhold her signature. In the argument of the question before the Judicial Committee the old questions were discussed with unabated acrimony, but without bringing the chronic trouble to an end.

### Importance of Healthy Blood.

Every drop of blood that circulates through the veins eventually becomes a solid particle of the body. Flesh, bone and muscle are merely solidified blood, and upon the quality of the blood depends the condition of the whole physical system. Unless the liquid material by which the human substance is renewed and sustained is pure and nutritious it is impossible that the body can be healthy and strong. One of the most important properties of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is that of improving the condition of the vital fluid when infected or impoverished. Acting directly and powerfully upon the stomach, in which the manufacture of the blood is commenced, and upon the liver which secretes a fluid next in importance to the stream of life itself, this powerful vegetable tonic and depurent has an immense indirect influence upon the circulation. Hence the extraordinary cures wrought by the Bitters in cases of general debility, malarious fevers, rheumatism, biliousness, constipation, &c.

**Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,**

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1873....$778,251 56.
Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

**Real Estate Savings Bank,**

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ASSETS MAY 1, 1873....$826,253 77
SURPLUS FUND....59,875 30

Six Per Cent. Interest on Deposits,
PAYABLE IN MAY AND NOVEMBER.

The charter of this Bank restricts the investment of Deposits to First Liens on Real Estate within the Commonwealth, or in United States and Pennsylvania State Bonds.
Executors, Guardians, or other legally appointed Trustees, will receive interest on Trust Funds from the day deposited until the day drawn, and no notice will be required for drawing out.
President—Isaac Jones.
Vice President—Jas. B. D. Meeds.
Secretary—Geo. H. Holtzman.
Solicitor—E. Bradford Todd.

TRUSTEES.
Isaac Jones, C. G. Hussey,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Jas. B. D. Meeds,
Jacob Painter, Jno. P. Henderson,
Harvey Childs, B. F. Jones.
Wm. K. Nimick.
Office open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday evening, from 7 o'clock to 9.

DRY GOODS.

AT
**McKEE'S**
(Old Barker's Establishment),
GREAT ATTRACTIONS IN
LOW PRICES AND
NEW GOODS.
50 Pieces New Grenadines.
100 PIECES NEW LAWNS.
10 Cases Polka Dot Prints.
FINE NEW SWISSES.
NEW NAINSOOKS
ALSO FRESH SUPPLY OF
SUMMER SUITS AND
MOSQUITO BARS.
ALL GOODS NEW AND OF
LATEST STYLES.
A. D. M'KEE,
Successor to J. W. Barker and M'Kee, Murphy & Co.
59 Market Street.

CHOICE STOCK OF
**Summer Goods.**
**Jas. Caldwell & Co.**
HAVE NOW ON HAND A CHOICE
Stock of Seasonable Goods
WHICH THEY ARE SELLING
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Ladies' Braided, Embroidered and Plain Linen Suits.
Polonaise and Redingotes.
White Lawn Suits and Polonaise.
Llama Lace Sacques.
Talmas and Shawls.
Guipure Lace Capes and Berthas.
Black Grenadines, Hernanis, Florentines.
Tamise Cloth, De Laines, Cashmeres.
Henrietta Cloths, Alpacas, Mohair Lustres and Brilliantees.
Black Dress Silks of all the best makes.
Summer Silks, in stripes and checks.
Foulard Silks, spotted and plain colors.
Marseilles Quilts.
Nottingham and Tambourd Lace Curtains.
118 and 120
Federal Street, Allegheny.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership of the undersigned, under the firm name of DUFF & WETTACH, Lithographers, is this day Dissolved by mutual consent.
JAS. B. DUFF,
ED. WETTACH.
Pittsburgh, June 30, 1873.

We the undersigned will continue the above business under the firm name of WETTACH & SUCK, and will settle all lawful debts and accounts of the late firm of Duff & Wettach.
ED. WETTACH,
GEO. A. SUCK.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of SAML. CLARKE & SON in the Coal Business, was dissolved on the 5th inst., by mutual consent.
SAML. CLARKE.
The business will be settled and carried on in future by J. W. CLARKE.
July 7, 1873.

PARTNERSHIP.

NEVILLE B. DILWORTH has taken an interest with us as a Partner on the 1st instant, in the Wholesale Grocery Business.
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
130 and 132 Second avenue.

EDUCATIONAL.

Pennsylvania
MILITARY ACADEMY,
CHESTER, PA.
For Boarders only. The Twelfth Annual Session opens WEDNESDAY, September 10th. The location is healthful, the grounds ample and the buildings handsome and commodious. Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, the Mathematical and Natural Sciences, the Classics and English. It is imparted by West Point Graduates and other competent Professors. Careful attention is given to the moral training and personal habits of Cadets. For circulars apply to CHARLES H. PAULSON, No. 76 Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to COL. THEO. HYATT, President.

Pennsylvania Female College
PITTSBURGH, PA.
To be Opened on WEDNESDAY, September 17th, [illegible] Professors and Instructors. [illegible] For further information apply to James Black, D. D., President of Faculty, Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, [illegible] Robt. McKnight, J. K. Moorhead, President, &c. [illegible]

NEWELL INSTITUTE.
LADIES' DIVISION—255 Penn Avenue,
BOYS' DIVISION—47 Seventh Street.
This well known Institute will Re-Open on MONDAY, September 8th. For terms, &c., see catalogue at the Music and Book Stores, [illegible] No. 47 Seventh street [illegible] No. 255 Penn avenue.
J. R. NEWELL, Principal.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.
A. CRITTENDEN, Ph. D., Principal,
Will Re-Open SEPTEMBER 17th, 1873.
[illegible]

Mosquito Bars,
LACE CURTAINS,
DRAPERIES,
CORNICES,
TURKISH FOLDING SPRING BEDS,
METROPOLITAN SPRING BEDS.
Upholstering of all Kinds.
E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,
55 MARKET STREET.

WILLIAM BOYD....T. BOYD
WILLIAM BOYD & SON,
Builders and Contractors
Office, 214 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

DRY GOODS.

Real Bargains!
WM. SEMPLE,
165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.
BLACK SILKS, At $1.
BLACK SILKS, At $1 12½.
BLACK SILKS, At $1 25.
BLACK SILKS, At $1 50.
BLACK SILKS, At $1 75.
BLACK SILKS, At $2 00.
JAPANESE SILKS, 75c quality for 50c.
COLORED SILKS, Mignonette Shades.
CHECK SILKS.
Also Plain
STRIPE SILKS.
Colored
STRIPE SILKS.
Black Ground
SATINS.
Black and Colored
LINING SILKS, All Colors.
COLORED SATINS, For Trimming.

DRY GOODS.

Real Bargains!
WM. SEMPLE,
165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.
Dress Goods, 6¼c.
Dress Goods, 10c.
Dress Goods, 12½c.
Dress Goods, 15c.
Dress Goods, 18¾c.
Dress Goods, 20c.
Dress Goods, 25c.
Dress Goods, 28c.
Dress Goods, 31c.
Dress Goods, 35c.
Dress Goods, 40c.
Dress Goods, 45c.
Dress Goods, 50c.

AT HORNE & CO.'S,
Market Street,
Large Lines of New Goods Now Opening.
*Embroideries,*
*Neck Ruching,*
*Parasols,*
*Sun Umbrellas,*
*Gauze Underwear,*
*White and Percale Shirts,*
*Gloves,*
*Hosiery,*
*White Goods,*
*Victoria Lawns,*
*Striped, Barred and Plain Nainsooks,*
*Swisses, Organdies,*
*Linen Lawns,*
*Piques, Striped Victoria Lawns,*
*Table Linens,*
*Napkins, Doylies,*
*Corsets, Hoop Skirts,*
*Domestic Dry Goods,*
*New Styles Prints,*
*Dress Goods, at low prices to close Millinery and Straw Goods, at closing prices.*
*Men's and Boys' Straw Hats,*
*Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats.*
77 and 79 Market Street.

*Great Closing-Out Sale* OF
DRY GOODS AT
A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.

*Great Closing-Out Sale* OF
DRY GOODS AT
A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.

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SUMMER RESORTS.

SHAKSPEARE HOUSE,
EAST END.
This Hotel, which has recently been refitted and elegantly papered throughout by Mr. Wm. Stoughten, is now ready for guests. It is situated on a beautiful and good spot, surrounded by a large and commodious yard, with shade trees, croquet grounds and everything that will make it agreeable for parties that wish to spend the warm months where they can get pure air and tip top meals.
WM. STOUGHTEN,
Proprietor.

THE
Columbia House,
At Cape May,
Will be Ready for Guests JUNE 28th.
The location of the Columbia is a full ocean view, and a family resort it has no superior at the sea side.
Mr. BOLTON, who has the Washington Hotel on Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and Bolton's Hotel at Harrisburg, still has the Columbia.

UNITED STATES HOTEL—
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
SELFRIDGE & DAVIS, Proprietors,
WILL OPEN FOR THE SEASON, THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1873.
For rooms apply to
GEORGE FREEMAN, Superintendent, On the Premises.

NOTICE—PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS of an Act of Congress, approved March 3, 1873, authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river, at St. Louis, Missouri, by the St. Clair and Carondelet Bridge Company, the aforesaid company hereby gives notice to all parties interested, that on or before the 10th day of JULY next, submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design for a Suspension Bridge consisting of two channel spans of six hundred feet each, and two spans of three hundred feet each, with a elevation of one hundred feet above low water mark. They will also file a map giving the proposed location of the bridge, the topography of the banks of the river at high and low water, the direction of the current at all stages, and the soundings, accurately showing the bed of the stream, and furnishing such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject by the Secretary of War.
By order of Board of Directors of the St. Clair and Carondelet Bridge Company.
M. HENDERSON, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., June 30, 1873.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
193 LIBERTY ST.,
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF
Marbleized Mantels,
Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.
HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.
COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.
CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.
A full assortment of HOT AIR REGISTERS and VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.
Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.
JAMES OLD.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA. At Pittsburgh, June, 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of [illegible] of New Brighton, Beaver county, [illegible] who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
WM. HENRY, Assignee,
Fallston, Beaver county.
June 20, 1873.

CARPETS.

OIL CLOTHS!
The Largest Stock, in all Widths, of
American Manufacture
EVER OPENED IN THIS MARKET.
SPECIAL NOTE.
*American Oil Cloths have long been conceded as excelling all Foreign Makes, and are EXPORTED TO ENGLAND on account of their superiority in Elegance of Finish and Beauty of Design.*
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
SUMMER STOCK.
LOW PRICES!
GOOD STYLES.
*Mattings,*
*Oil Cloths,*
*Shades,*
*Stair Rods, &c.*
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, &c.
Green Shade Cloth a Specialty.
Also, Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.
PAINTING, GRAINING AND GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, P

MEDICAL.

Speedily Cured!
ALL FORMS of Venereal, Private and Nervous Diseases at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness or Impotency, as the result of self abuse in youth or excess in mature years, and which produces some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which renders the victim unfit for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicine supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.
This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and Special Diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefitted and cured by their treatment. No matter who has failed, state your case. Cures guaranteed in all curable cases. Remember they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.
Patients treated by mail or express. Write or call, or address
GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment.

Doctor Whittier,
Office, No. 286 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Specially treats all Private Diseases. Cures guaranteed. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis (all forms), [illegible] Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Vigor, [illegible] Mercurial Diseases, [illegible] Consultation free. Pamphlet, 36 pages, two stamps. "True Marriage Guide," 260 pages, illustrated, 50 cents.

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An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. Acting Surgeon, J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D. Essays for Young Men sent free of charge. Address,
HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, near Ninth, opposite Union Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and harmless method [illegible] regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 9 P. M.
DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.—LETTERS of administration on the estate of ED. WARD DUBBIDGE, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, will make known the same without delay to Bayne & Magee, Attorneys, 64 Grant street, Pittsburgh.
JARED M. BRUSH,
GEORGE C. REIS,
Administrators.

Strength is Security!
ASSETS $10,000,000 GOLD.
Royal Insurance Company,
OF LIVERPOOL.
COFFIN, KELLOGG & CO., Agents,
Cor. Third avenue and Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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WM. SEMPLE,
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GRENADINES,
HERNANIS,
CHINTZES,
LAWNS,
MOHAIRS,
ALPACAS,
JAP POPLINS,
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South Side
Fire Insurance Co.,
2633 CARSON STREET.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings, Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
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OF PENNSYLVANIA.
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No. 195 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Capital Stock - - - $100,000.
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ROBT. ABEL....Secretary.
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Manufacturers' and Merchants'
Insurance Company,
87 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Capital, - $250,000.
Assets $343,600 18, Jan. 1, 1873.
Directors:
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John W. Chalfant, Harvey Childs,
Robert Lea, W. A. Reed,
J. C. Fershing, Wm. Vankirk,
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People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings, Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS.
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John Irwin, Jr., James Herdman,
Samuel McClurkan, O. B. Shea.
JOHN WATT, President.
JOHN E. PARKE, Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
[illegible], General Agent.

Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.
CAPITAL....$225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
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Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
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Wm. Phillips, T. H. Nevin,
Philip Reymer, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL....$175,000.
Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—SOUTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
A. W. CALDWELL....President.
JNO. McDEVITT....Vice President.
JNO. G. CLANEY....Secretary.
Captain F. A. DOHRMAN, General Agent and Surveyor.
DIRECTORS:
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John McDevitt, William Rea,
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James Wardrop, Chas. J. Clarke,
Charles Atwell, David McCandless,
William Bingham, D. B. H. Gilmore,
R. H. Palmer, James McCandless.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 131 Smithfield street, second door from City Hall.
WM. BAGALEY....President.
SAML. L. MARSHELL....Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against Loss or Damage by the Perils of the Ohio and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:
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John Bensen, S. Oldfield, Jr.,
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TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.
A large and desirable contract is to be let. First-class parties, with large capital, may learn particulars and terms by applying to
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ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND CONSULTING METALLURGIST,
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Do You Remember the Old Favorite,
THE CELEBRATED
Golden Atlantic Navy,
Manufactured from
CHOICE OLD KENTUCKY STOCK,
RICHMOND, VA.
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Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

## FINANCE AND TRADE

SATURDAY EVENING, July 19, 1873.

The following is the report of the condition of the New York banks as reported by the gold and stock indicator:

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans increased | $1,703,600 |
| Coin decreased | 2,384,400 |
| Legal tenders increased | 542,600 |
| Decrease in resources | 1,841,800 |
| Deposits increased | 1,289,500 |
| Circulation decreased | 10,300 |
| Increase in liabilities | 1,279,200 |
| Loss of reserve | 1,522,000 |

Notwithstanding this heavy loss in reserve, the banks still hold $14,913,725 of surplus above the 25 per cent. required by the law.

In this city money continues sufficiently abundant for all the legitimate demands of trade, although that demand is now very light. Should an active trade spring up suddenly, we should soon hear of the surplus funds of the banks being used up. Eastern exchange sold between in the banks at par to-day, with some transactions at the usual discount.

—The recent decision of the Supreme Court of this State, as delivered by Judge Agnew, as to the tax on the dividends of corporations, is of considerable interest, as it takes an entirely new view of the question from that heretofore held by the Pennsylvania Courts. Formerly it was claimed by the Attorney General's department that under the provision of the acts of Assembly which make the dividends of corporations the measure of the tax upon their stock, no increase of the capital in any other way than by a sale of the new stock at the par value could be made which would not be under the law a stock dividend, and as such subject the corporation to a corresponding tax on its capital stock. This claim is entirely repudiated in these opinions. The principal case, that of the Commonwealth vs. the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, arose out of the following facts:

"When the Pennsylvania Railroad Company leased the Fort Wayne they did so on a guarantee of a 12 per cent. annual dividend on each share of $100. In place of the old shares the Directors agreed to issue new stock on the basis of $171 for every $100 of shares in order that the dividend on the new stock might be 7 per cent. annually. The Attorney General claims that this transaction is equal to a 71 per cent. stock dividend, but the company deny that it is such either in fact or law."

The decision of Judge Agnew affirming that of the lower Court holds that there was no stock dividend, and that therefore the company was not required to pay the tax assessed by the act of May 1, 1868.

—In the stock market things are moderately active. Telegraph is strong under a report that a stock dividend is to be declared. The rise in Lake Shore is caused by purchases of the intimates of Commodore Vanderbilt, who say the road is to be leased to the Central and Hudson, and 8 per cent. guaranteed on the stock. In Northwest the new pool are evidently "manipulating" the stock, and now that Gould is out of it, the general public are taking some interest in it.

—On Thursday, at the regular meeting of the Directors of the Bank of England, a further reduction in the rate of discount was made, which now stands at 4½ for the minimum, which is considerably above the rates in the open market.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of government and State bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cook & Co., their correspondents:

| | Eve. |
|---|---|
| 1881 | 119⅛ |
| 1862 | 116¾ |
| 1864 | 117⅛ |
| 1865 | 118⅜ |
| 1865, new | 118⅜ |
| 1867 | 117⅜ |
| 1868 | 118⅜ |
| 10-40s | 118 |
| New 5s | 114⅛ |
| Gold | 115⅞ |
| Currency 6s | 116 |
| Tennessees, old | 114⅛ |
| Tennessees, new | 80¾ |
| South Carolinas, July | 80⅜ |
| North Carolinas, old | 14 |
| North Carolinas, new | 27 |
| Missouris | 15 |
| | 93 |

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold | 116 |
| United States 6s, 1881 | 119⅛ |
| United States 5 20s, 1862 | 116⅛ |
| United States 5 20s, 1864 | 117⅛ |
| United States 5 20s, 1865 | 118⅛ |
| United States 10-40s | 114⅛ |
| United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865 | 117⅛ |
| United States 5 20s, January and July, 1867 | 118⅛ |
| United States 5 20s, January and July, 1868 | 118 |
| Currency Pacific's | 114⅛ |

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, &., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by George I. Whitney, Esq., broker and dealer in stocks, bonds and gold, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street:

| July 19, 1873. | 10:30 A.M. | 11:30 A.M. | 12:30 A.M. | 1:30 P.M. | 2:30 P.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gold | 116 | 116 | 115⅞ | 116 | 116 | 116 |
| Canton | .... | .... | .... | 100 | .... | .... |
| Western Union Teleg'ph | 89¾ | 89⅜ | 88⅞ | .... | 89⅞ | 90 |
| Quick-silver | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Pacific Mail | 37¼ | 37½ | 37¾ | 37¾ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ |
| Adams Express | .... | 94 | .... | 93⅛ | .... | .... |
| Wells-Fargo Express | .... | 73 | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| American Express | .... | 63⅛ | .... | 63 | .... | .... |
| United States Express | .... | 71½ | .... | 72 | .... | 72⅛ |
| New York Central | 104 | .... | 103⅜ | 103⅜ | 103⅞ | 103⅞ |
| Erie | 59⅞ | .... | 61⅞ | 64 | 63⅞ | 64⅞ |
| Michigan Central | .... | 93⅞ | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Michigan Southern | .... | 93⅞ | 93⅛ | .... | 93⅞ | 93⅛ |
| Illinois Central | .... | 105 | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Cleveland and Pittsb'gh | .... | 88⅜ | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Chicago and N. W. | .... | 70⅝ | 70⅛ | .... | 71 | 71¼ |
| Chicago and N. W. pref. | .... | 83 | .... | .... | 83⅛ | 83⅜ |
| Rock Island | .... | 111⅝ | 111¼ | 111⅛ | 111⅝ | 111⅝ |
| St. Paul | .... | .... | 52⅞ | 52⅞ | 52⅛ | 53¼ |
| St. Paul pref. | .... | 74⅛ | .... | 74 | .... | .... |
| Wabash | .... | .... | 71⅛ | 71⅛ | 72⅞ | 72⅛ |
| Wabash pref. | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Fort Wayne | .... | 93¼ | .... | 93 | .... | .... |
| Ohio and Mississippi | .... | 40⅞ | 40⅞ | 40⅞ | 40⅞ | 41 |
| Union Pacific | .... | 28⅝ | 28⅛ | .... | .... | 28⅞ |
| Chicago and Alton | .... | 109 | .... | 109 | .... | .... |
| Chicago and Alton pr. f. | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Boston, Hart. and Erie | .... | .... | .... | 2⅞ | .... | .... |
| Harlem | .... | 128 | .... | .... | .... | 129¾ |
| New Jersey Central | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| C., C. and I. C. | 32⅛ | 32¼ | .... | 32⅛ | 32⅞ | 33⅛ |
| Hannibal and St. Joseph | .... | .... | .... | 40⅛ | .... | .... |
| Iron Mountain | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Atlantic Mail | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |

—Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnishes the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pennsylvania R.R. | 54⅛ | Philadelphia & Erie | 24⅛ |
| Reading | 55⅞ | Pennsylv'a receipts | 54⅛ |
| United Companies | 121⅛ | Pittsburgh 5s | 72 |
| Oil Creek | 27 | A. V. R.R. 7-30s | 93 |
| Lehigh Valley | 61⅛ | Central Transport'n | 47⅛ |

—William Ward, No. 22 Broad street, New York, quotes stock privileges as selling for 1 per cent. cash bonus on 30 days' time, and 1½ to 2 per cent. bonus on 60 days, at points varying from the market price of the securities named as follows:

| | Puts. | Calls. |
|---|---|---|
| Central & Hudson | ⅜ to ¾ below | 1 to 1⅛ above |
| C. C. & I C. | 1½ to 2 | 2 to 3 |
| Consolidation Coal | — to — | 1¼ to 2 |
| Erie Railway | 2 to 2½ | 3 to 3½ |
| Han. & St. Jo | 2 to 2½ | 2½ to 3 |
| Harlem R. R. | 4 to 5 | 3½ to 4 |
| Lake Shore | ¾ to 1 | 1¼ to 2 |
| N. J. Southern | — to — | 1¼ to 2 |
| Northwestern | 1 to 1¼ | — to — |
| Ohio & Mississippi | ¾ to 1 | 1¼ to 1½ |
| Pacific Mail | 3 to 4 | 4 to 5 |
| Rock Island | 1 to 1¼ | 2 to 2½ |
| St. Paul | 1½ to 2 | 1¼ to 1¾ |
| Union Pacific | ¾ to 1 | 1¼ to 1½ |
| Wabash | 1 to 1½ | 1¼ to 2 |
| Western Union | 1¼ to 1½ | 2 to 2½ |
| Gold for 30 days, ⅜ for 60 | 1 to 1¼ | 1 to 1¼ |

The above rates imply first class names.

## PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, July 19, 1873.

The following are the rulings of the market, the prices being wholesale unless special mention is made to the contrary:

APPLE BUTTER—The market is reported quiet and sales limited. Prices are unchanged at 45@50c ℔ gallon, as to quality.

ALES—The warm weather has the effect of increasing the demand, and we are reported an active trade for the brands named at the following figures: X $9; XX $10; porter $10; India ale $11 ℔ bbl; Bass English ale, kilderkins, 25 gals, $24; bbls, 45 gals, $44; hhds, 68 gals, $65.

ASHES—The demand is only moderate. We are reported sales of the articles enumerated at the following quotations: Common soda at 4⅛c; refined 6c; pots 9@9½c; pearls 11c; arsenic 3¾@4⅛c; nitrate soda 4⅛@5c; black lead 6c.

APPLES—The arrivals of the new crop of apples is on the increase, the receipts for past twenty-four hours footing up 256 bbls. We may add also that the quality has vastly improved. Prices range at $2 50a 4 50 per bbl, with the tendency of prices lower.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Receipts bacon tierces, 42. Trade is reported satisfactory on all hands. There is both a large local and order trade. Leading houses are well supplied with prime stocks, which enables them to fill all orders promptly. The following are the prices at which sales are made: Sugar cured Hams 16c; canvassed sugar cured shoulders 11c; plain shoulders 9½c; rib sides 10⅛c; clear rib sides 11c; clear sides 11⅛c; breakfast bacon 13⅛c; dried beef 19⅛c; mess pork, ℔ bbl, $18 00; leaf lard, in tierces, 9⅛c; refined lard, in tierces, 10c; refined lard, in half bbls, 10⅛; refined lard, in kegs and buckets, 11⅛c.

BEANS—The demand for white beans of all descriptions is light, green taking their place to a great extent. We quote prime white navy at $2 50@2 75 ℔ bushel.

BROOM CORN—There is a continued fair demand for this article. We quote hurl at 8⅛@9c; green 5c; red top 4⅛c.

BEESWAX—The market is reported only moderately active, with sales at 37@40c ℔ ℔.

BUTTER—The receipts for the past twenty-four hours were 131 packages. The demand for a prime article is fully up with the supply, whilst common and inferior are dull sale. The ruling figures for prime to choice is 18@20c per pound.

BANNER BAKING POWDER—This favorite household article is fairly active. We are reported sales as follows: ¼ ℔ cans, ℔ doz, $1 60; ½ ℔ cans $3; 1 ℔ cans $5 50; 5 ℔ cans $27; 10 ℔ wooden boxes, ℔ ℔, 49c.

CHEESE—Receipts 79 boxes. Trade is reported moderately active at unchanged prices. We quote Factory at 11½@12c for round lots; jobbing lots 1c better; Dairy 7@8c.

COUNTRY MEATS—The demands is less active, though prices are unchanged. Hams 9@11c; shoulders 5@6c; sides 7½@8c.

CRANBERRIES—Summer fruit has to some extent usurped the place of this variety of berries. Sackett's and Carey's are still held at $12@13 ℔ bbl; lower grades $8@10.

CARBON OIL—The market is reported dull, 19⅛ ...

CEMENT—Beeson's hydraulic $2 00@2 25; Louisville $2 25@2 50; Rosendale $4 00@4 50; white lime $2; calcined plaster $4 50@5 00; land plaster $3 00@3 50.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Sales at $7 70@8 00 ℔ case.

DRIED FRUITS—Owing to the fact that the stock of dried peaches is well nigh exhausted, prices have advanced to 8@9c. There is still a fair supply of dried apples, which sell at 3@4c. Other articles in the dried fruit line remain unchanged in price.

EGGS—There is an active demand for strictly fresh, and dealers who will guarantee them find no difficulty in making sales at 18@20c per doz.

FISH—Large shore, No 1, $25 ℔ bbl; medium do No 1, $23; bay, No 1, $21; for half barrels, quarters and kitts 32c more; lake herring, quarters, $4 15; white fish $8.

FEATHERS—Sales of strictly prime at 78@83c; mixed and old 40@60c.

GROCERIES—The trade in the grocery line continues active. The advance in coffees and sugars, noted in our last report, is fully maintained. Coffees are quick at the late advance. Some days since we suggested that then was a good time to purchase; and those who are in want of coffees and sugars had better see to it ere they go a step higher. Advices from New York report the coffee trade excited, with an upward tendency in prices. Following are the figures at which sales are made:

*Coffee*—Choice Rio 26c; good to prime 23@24⅛c; choice old Government Java 30c; roasted, loose, 27⅛c; 1 ℔ packages, 28c.

*Sugars*—Refined Sugar—Cut loaf 12⅛c; crushed, 11⅛c; powdered, 11⅛c; granulated, 11⅛c; A, 11⅛c; B, 11c; extra C, 10⅛c; Metropolitan extra C, 10⅛c; do C, 10⅛c; Franklin extra C, 10c; Delaware extra C, 9c; H. G. & Co. B, 8⅛c; lower grades from 7⅛ to 8⅛c.

*Syrups*—Common, 28@36c; honey, 45c; golden, 50c; Centennial, 60c; Vienna Exposition, 70c; New Orleans molasses, 70@78c.

*Rice*—Rangoon, 7⅛@8c; Patna, 8c; Carolina, 8⅛@9⅛c.

FLOUR—It will be seen that the receipts are on the increase, being 2,052 bbls against 1,225. The market to-day was fairly active, which is an unusual thing for the closing day of the week. It will not be long until new wheat flour will come on the market, so that dealers will be anxious to work off their old stock to make room for the new. Prices were firm but unchanged. We quote as follows: Western brands $9 25, $8 50, $8 25, $7 75, $7 50@7 00 ℔ bbl. The city mill rates are unchanged at $8 50@8 00@9 60 ℔ bbl.

GRAIN—The following are the receipts of corn, wheat and oats during the past twenty-four hours, exclusive of elevator:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, sacks | 1,220 | Corn sacks | 630 |
| Oats sacks | 296 | | |

It will be observed that the recepts are light, particulary of oats. The market shows no change in prices, the feeling being firm. Red winter wheat is scarce and held at $1 41@1 55; white 2@3c better; Prime mixed 43@44c; white 45@46c; shelled corn, in elevator, 55c, on track 53@54c; ear, on track 56@57. Rye 75@80c. Barley nominal.

HAY—Under light receipts prices are very firm, with the tendency upwards. Choice timothy, old, loose from wagon, $20@30; choice new timothy hay $30@28; baled on wharf and track $25@28.

HOMINY—Sales in a small way at $4@4 25 per bbl.

HOPS—Market firm at 55@60c for 1872.

ONIONS—The supply is fully up with the demand, and prices are lower. We are reported sales at $4 50@5 50 per bbl.

LARD OIL—There is a more active demand, with sales extra No. 1 at 75c; No. 2, 63@65c ℔ gallon.

MILL FEED—We have no change to note in prices, with a fair trade demand. We quote: Middlings $1 40@1 50 ℔ 100 lbs; seconds, $1 20@1 35 do; shorts 85c do; chopped corn and oats $1 35 do; chopped corn $1 30.

POULTRY—The supply of spring chickens is still up with the demand. Sales by the coop at 60@75c per pair.

POTATOES—There is an active trade in new potatoes since the old stock has disappeared. The ruling prices of the market are $6 50@6 75 ℔ bbl.

PEANUTS—Per lb 5@5⅛c; ℔ bushel 85@90c.

RAGS—Sales at 4⅛@4⅛c ℔ lb.

SAPOLIO—Per case of 6 doz, $6; hard, do, $5.

TALLOW—7⅛@8c ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Highwines 93@94c ℔ per gallon.

WOODEN WARE—Two hoop pails $2 59; three hoop do $2 75; No. 3 tubs $9; No. 2 do $10; No. 1 do $11 50; wash boards, IXL, $2 50; do Todds $2 75; do Acme $2 75.

### New York Hop Market.

July 19.—The market is comparatively quiet, the trade being restricted to the immediate wants of consumers. Advices from the interior represent the plant as looking unpromising, and that the produce cannot exceed three-fourths of last year's crop; sales about 100 bales American at from 40 to 47 cents. The mail accounts both from England and the Continent are less favorable for the growing crop, and the indications point to a range of prices that will restrict shipments hither. Yesterday, however, cables came to hand advising much better prospects for the crop, but it is all yet a matter of uncertainty. The following is from Emmet Wells' Circular of 17th inst:

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Domestic receipts for the week | 24 |
| Total receipts since September 1, 1872 | 23,127 |
| Total receipts for same period in 1871 | 28,406 |
| Total receipts for same period in 1870 | 60,877 |
| Total receipts for same period in 1869 | 100,646 |
| Imports for the week | 34 |
| Total imports since September 1, 1872 | 20,838 |
| Total exports since September 1, 1872 | 9,146 |

### Philadelphia Wool Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Wool in active demand at an advance of 1a2c. The improvement was most marked in combing and fine fleece; Ohio XX and above 50a57c; Ohio X 50c; Ohio quarter-blood 45c; Ohio medium 48c; Indiana tub 50a54c; combing Ohio 52a63c; unmerchantable Ohio, fine, 32a37⅛c; unwashed Ohio 32c; unwashed Ohio quarter-blood 33c.

## WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, July 21, 1873.

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week, with a comparison table with previous years; also the exports of refined, together with the week's transactions:

| | Receipts Crude per River & Rail. | Exports per Penn. R. R. | Exports per A.V. R. R. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Monday, July 14 | 7,290 | ...... | 7,776 |
| Tuesday, July 15 | 6,515 | ...... | 3,509 |
| Wednesday, July 16 | 5,117 | ...... | 3,528 |
| Thursday, July 17 | 7,324 | 1,362 | 3,820 |
| Friday, July 18 | 9,021 | ...... | 3,100 |
| Saturday, July 19 | 5,799 | ...... | 1,855 |
| Total for week | 41,066 | 1,362 | 23,588 |
| Since January 1 | 979,508 | 29,484 | 106,915 |
| To July 19, 1873 | 1,020,574 | 30,846 | 403,503 |
| Same time 1872 | 609,800 | 85,652 | 297,841 |
| Same time 1871 | 595,527 | 57,404 | 283,916 |
| Same time 1870 | 608,941 | 86,329 | 270,544 |
| Same time 1869 | 453,441 | 63,918 | 202,796 |
| Same time 1868 | 636,996 | 86,417 | 242,313 |

BUSINESS.

The market since our last has undergone no particular change, one day their would be an advance on the next day their would be certain to be a decline. The oil trade is certainly in a very demoralized and unsatisfactory condition, in fact, oil, crude and refined have ruled low the entire week. The sales here have been unusually small merely to meet the current wants of the trade, in the oil regions a good deal of oil has been disposed of at low figures. The receipts of crude continues large, from January to date over one million of barrels have been received and their seems to be no falling off.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The following are the crude receipts from all points, by river and rail, for the past two weeks:

| | Last week. | This week. |
|---|---|---|
| Crude received, bbls | 20,946 | 41,066 |

The following are the crude receipts from all points by river and rail, for the past nine years, from January 1st to

| | |
|---|---|
| July 19th, 1873, bbls | 1,020,574 |
| Same time 1872 | 609,810 |
| Same time 1871 | 595,527 |
| Same time 1870 | 608,941 |
| Same time 1869 | 453,441 |
| Same time 1868 | 636,993 |
| Same time 1867 | 642,680 |
| Same time 1866 | 666,873 |
| Same time 1865 | 205,566 |

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The following are the exports of refined oil East for the past two weeks by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroads:

| | Last week. | This week. |
|---|---|---|
| Pennsylvania Railroad | 1,333 | 1,362 |
| Allegheny Valley Railroad | 18,712 | 23,588 |
| Total | 20,045 | 24,950 |

The following are the exports of refined oil East by the various railroads for the past five years, from January 1 to July 19, 1873:

| | 1869. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Penna R. R. | 63,918 | 86,329 | 57,404 | 85,652 | 30,846 |
| A. V. R. R. | 202,796 | 270,544 | 283,916 | 297,841 | 450,503 |
| Total | 266,714 | 356,873 | 341,320 | 383,493 | 481,349 |

**Saturday.**

CRUDE.

The market was a quiet one here, although a good deal of oil changed hands. At Parker's some 10,000 bbls were sold, opening at $1 92½ and closing at $1 80 per bbl. In this market the rates demanded were 5⅛c per gallon.

REFINED.

We have nothing new to note as relates to prices or demands. Standard brands were offered at 14⅛a14⅛c. We heard of no sales.

OIL BARRELS.

The demand was fully up with the supply, previous prices were fully sustained, viz: City $2 25; country $2 15.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, July 19.—The *Courier* says: There was a weaker feeling in the market, and considerable doing. On upper road at the close, $1 95 was bid and $2 00 asked, there being more sellers than buyers. On lower road there is not much doing, the price ruling at $1 85a1 87½. At Oil City $2 00 was bid. At Parker's there was a decrease in prices of 5 a10c. Sales:

| | |
|---|---|
| 2,500 bbls upper road, spot | $2 02½ |
| 1,500 bbls upper road, spot | 2 00 |
| 1,000 bbls lower road, spot | 1 87½ |
| 1,000 bbls lower road, spot | 1 85 |
| 1,000 bbls Oil City, spot | 2 02½ |
| 1,000 bbls Oil City, spot | 2 00 |
| 500 bbls Oil City, spot | 2 02½ |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 92½ |
| 2,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 90 |
| 2,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 87½ |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 80 |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 80 |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 80 |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 80 |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 80 |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 80 |
| 1,000 bbls Parker's, spot | 1 80 |

OIL CITY, July 19.—Market dull at $2 00.

TIDIOUTE, July 19.—Market weaker; no sales; $1 75 bid.

PETROLEUM CENTER, July 19.—Market dull and quiet at $1 85.

ROUSEVILLE, July 19.—Market quiet and dull at $2 00.

TITUSVILLE, July 19.—Market quiet but firmer at $2 00.

PARKER'S, July 19.—Market quiet; crude $1 90.

NEW YORK, July 19, closing 18.—Crude in bulk irregular at 7⅛a7⅛c for fair; for spot lots as high as 8c is asked. Refined steady and held at 17⅛a18c. Trade at a panic, attributed in good part to the high rates of ocean freight room; July delivery 17⅛a18c; cases at 23c. Naptha 10c. Philadelphia—Refined, this month, refused entirely; August 18⅛c. Sales of 3,000 bbls refined high test, October, at 18⅛c; 3,000 bbls do, November, 18⅛c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Market quiet; S. W. 18a18⅛c; crude 9⅛c; cases 25c; August, 18a18⅛c.

[By Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph Line.]

TITUSVILLE, July 19.—Market weak at $1 97½a2 00. Not much doing.

OIL CITY, July 19.—Market quiet at $2 05.

PARKER'S, July 19.—Market very quiet at $1 85a 1 90.

TIDIOUTE, July 19.—Market quiet at $1 80a1 85.

FOXBURG, July 19.—Market quiet at $1 85a1 87½.

### Crude Oil Received by Allegheny Valley R. R.

| Shipper. | Consignee. | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|
| H McKelvey | Vesta O W | 628 |
| Fisher Bros | Vesta O W | 234 |
| Wm Stewart | Sunbeam O W | 154 |
| Jos Bushnell | Standard O W | 779 |
| Fisher Bros | Standard O W | 473 |
| R S Duncan | Riverside O W | 467 |
| Hutchison | Peerless O W | 477 |
| N W Stevenson | Peerless O W | 531 |
| Hackett | Penn O W | 395 |
| Fisher Bros | Penn O W | 80 |
| B S Duncan | Penn O W | 388 |
| Jos Bushnell | Model O W | 322 |
| Fisher Bros | Hutchinson O W | 636 |
| N W Stevenson | Fairview O W | 549 |
| Tack & M | Citizens O W | 930 |
| B S Duncan | Citizens O W | 297 |
| Jos Bushnell | Crystal O W | 314 |
| B S Duncan | American O W | 231 |
| B S Duncan | American O W | 235 |

### Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

| | Bbls. | | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Vesta O W | 932 | Sunbeam O W | 154 |
| Standard O W | 1,252 | Riverside O W | 467 |
| Peerless O W | 1,018 | Penn O W | 459 |
| Model O W | 322 | Hutchinson O W | 636 |
| Fairview O W | 549 | Citizens O W | 1,217 |
| Crystal O W | 319 | American O W | 466 |
| Total | | | 8,218 |

### Refined Oil Shipped East by the A. V. R., W. P. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, July 18, 1873.

| Shipper. | Consignee. | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|
| Vesta O W | Waring, K & Co, Phila | 400 |
| Central Ref Co | Jno P Logan, Phila | 300 |
| Total | | 700 |

## IRON MARKETS.

July 19.—There is no special change to note in the Boston iron market. The demand for refined bar is quite limited, but prices are unchanged. The market is weak, and occasionally a dealer sells below our lowest quotation, while some holders of English refuse to sell at less than $95. Buyers lack confidence in the future course of the market, and buy in a small way only. The demand for pig iron is light. Prices of Scotch are weak, on account of the decline in New York, caused largely by the fact that the steamers are bringing it as ballast, and are able to sell it at a low figure. American is quiet, and a shade lower.

We quote yard lots of American pig iron at $46a50 per ton, including No 2 extra at $45a46, and No 1 at $48a49. We quote Eglinton at $47a49, Coltness at $58 a59, Gartsherrie at $56a57, Charcoal at $60a70.

American and English refined bar are selling at $90a100 per ton for the ordinary sizes, and $110a125 for extra sizes, according to size.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

July 19.—The market for Scotch pig has been pretty active during the past week, and considerable iron has changed hands, mostly on speculation. At the close Glengarnock is held at $45, and Eglinton $44. Nearly all of the iron here (except what has been taken on speculation) is held by one party excepting about 300 tons of various brands in dealers' hands, and the lot of Gartsherrie recently arrived, now in store. The sales comprise 700 tons Eglinton at $42 50, cash and 15 days; 600 do Glengarnock, to arrive, $43, part cash; 350 do same brand, $43a43 50; 300 do Coltness, at a price between $49 50 and $50; 200 do same brand, $50; 200 do Eglinton, on private terms; and since the above sales another parcel of Glengarnock was sold to arrive at a price kept private. This business has cleared out all the steamer lots that were here. Gartsherrie is moving only in small parcels, a small sale having been made at $47 75 from yard, $48 asked. American pig has also been more active, and the good brands of No 1 are still scarce; sales have been made of 100 tons No. 2 Carbon at $45, and 1,000 do Allentown gray forge (all of it we understand being to consumers), on private terms. Old and new rails are without business. Scrap is quiet, and we hear of nothing doing. Refined bar from store continues as last noted, nominally steady at our quotations. It was reported yesterday that refined bar had advanced to 3 7-10 cents in Pittsburgh, but we are not authoritatively advised. There has been some decline on bars in England, but prices there are yet fully £2 above American prices. A sale of 250 bdls charcoal sheet was made on private terms. The sales of Russia sheet in our last were made for gold, and not currency, as might have been inferred.—*Shipping List.*

PHILADELPHIA.

July 19.—The dull state of the market recorded for weeks past is still the prevailing feature, and values are barly supported. We quote No. 1 Foundry at $44, but a sale of a few hundred tons is rumored as low as $41; No. 2 do at $40; gray forge at $35; and white and mottled at $30—all at the furnace; 1,000 tons gray forge and 100 tons white and mottled sold at a price not made public.

Manufactured Iron—Bar iron is quoted at 3 9 10c per lb, without sales. Old rails are dull and have declined. Sales 300 tons T's at $47. New rails are quiet at $78a80. Small sales of No. 1 wrought scrap are reported at $43, and cast at $34.

Scotch Pig—is unchanged. Small sales of Eglinton at $50, and Glengarnock at $50a51.

Nails—Are taken at $5 per keg.—*Price Current.*

CINCINNATI.

[Reported by Addy, Hull & Co.]

July 21.—Transactions during the past week for all grades have been quite limited. A declining tendency in price is still manifest. Hot blast foundry and mill grades are in good supply. Car wheel irons of best brands are not so plenty and prices are maintained with more firmness. Following are the quotations:

HOT BLAST CHARCOAL.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hanging Rock, No 1, per ton | $50 00@ 00 00 |
| Hanging Rock, No 2, per ton | 45 00@ 46 00 |
| Hanging Rock, forge, per ton | 37 00@ 38 00 |
| Tennessee, No 1, per ton | 48 00@ 49 00 |
| Tennessee, forge, per ton | 36 00@ 38 00 |
| Alabama, No 1, per ton | 50 00@ 00 00 |
| Missouri, No 1, per ton | 50 00@ 00 00 |
| Missouri, No 2, per ton | 45 00@ 46 00 |

HOT BLAST STONE COAL.

| | |
|---|---|
| Missouri, No. 1, per ton | $50 00@ 00 00 |
| Missouri forge, per ton | 35 00@ 36 00 |
| Ohio, No. 1, per ton | 43 00@ 45 00 |
| Ohio forge | 35 00@ 36 00 |

COLD BLAST CHARCOAL.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hanging Rock, car wheel, per ton | 60 00@ 65 00 |
| Missouri, car wheel, per ton | 60 00@ 62 00 |
| Kentucky, car wheel, per ton | 58 00@ 60 00 |
| Tennessee, car wheel, per ton | 58 00@ 60 00 |
| Georgia, car wheel, per ton | 60 00@ 63 00 |
| Alabama, car wheel, per ton | 60 00@ 63 00 |
| Machinery and forge, per ton | 58 00@ 60 00 |
| Blooms, per ton | 112 00@115 00 |

EUROPEAN.

GLASGOW, July 1.—(Wm. Colvin & Co.)—The warrant market has been pretty steady during the week, prices ranging 108s and 110s 6d. To-day 110s 6d was the opening price, and business was done down to 110s, at which sellers remained. There is little change in makers' iron, but a reduction of 20s ℔ ton has been declared by the malleable iron masters.

DECREASE OF DUTY BY GERMANY.—We learn from Berlin that, according to a resolution passed by the Reichstag, the duty on manufactured iron ceases on October 1; for other kinds of iron the decrease amounts to about two-thirds the duty realized hitherto. The most important part of the resolution, however, is this, that the present arrangement is but the prelude to entire free trade in iron, which is to commence on the 1st January, 1878.

## ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, July 19, 1872.

**Cattle.**

The run of cattle toward the close of the week fair of through, and light of way stock. There was nothing done at the yards to-day, as most of the buyers have gone East. The market wound up with a pretty firm feeling, though sales were not effected so quickly as at the opening of the market on Tuesday. Western men were generally satisfied with the condition of trade, but buyers complained about prices being too low for their market. Following are the rates at which the market closed:

Extra 1,400 to 1,500 ℔ steers, fine and smooth, $6 50; extra 1,300 ℔ steers $6 25a$6 40; prime 1,200 ℔ steers $5 75a6 25; fair 1,100 ℔ steers $5 25a5 50; common 1,000 ℔ steers $4 25a5 00.

**Hogs.**

The run of hogs was fair and considerably in excess of the demand on Friday. Trade ruled active, at an advance of 35c over our last quotations, prime hogs selling at $5 70. Now the market is dull and prices lower, $5 50 being about the highest price paid for anything. Following are the figures at which the market closed:

Extra Philadelphia $5 50; prime do $5 30 to $5 40; prime light hogs $5 25 to $5 30.

**Sheep.**

The run light. Nothing doing at the yards and prices nominal. Toward the close the feeling was not quite so good and sales were not effected so quickly as at the opening.

PRICES.

Extra 100 lbs, fine wool, $5 40 to $5 50; extra 90 lbs, fine wool, $5 25 to $5 35; prime 90 lbs, fine wool, $5 00 to $5 10; common $4 00 to $4 50.

## WOOL MARKETS.

BOSTON.

July 19.—There has been quite an active demand for wool the past week, and the report of transactions show that an increasing proportion of new fleece wool is selling. There has been very little change in prices of domestic wool, though there is some irregularity, and slight concessions have been made in some cases. As a whole, however the market is firm, recent advices from the West indicating that the farmers are getting full prices for the wool now selling, and that they are holding very firmly. It is very difficult to get more than 50 cents for domestic fleece wool, though an occasional lot of very choice old brings a trifle more. We quote choice Ohio at 49a 52c, including old; Michigan 46a50c; Wisconsin 45a47c.

The demand for pulled wool has been fair, and prices remain about as last reported. Stocks are not heavy, but are ample to supply present wants. California wool continues in good demand, and prices are firm and without material change.

The demand for foreign wool has been light. At present prices it is more expensive than domestic, but holders are unwilling to meet the market, hoping to realize more than present prices by re-shipping, as prices abroad are higher than they are here. We quote Australian at 50a52c; and Cape 31a36c.

Horatio Harris sold yesterday, by auction, 144 bales, about 50,000 lbs, New Zealand wool, ex-bark Queen of the South. A considerable portion was combing wool, with some clothing. It was somewhat damaged, and sold at from 31 to 42c ℔ lb.

Receipts for the week ending July 17th have been 10,683 bales domestic, and 1,443 bales foreign.

Sales for the week have been 1,100,000 lbs domestic, and 40,000 lbs foreign.

Sales of foreign include 4,000 lbs Cape at 36⅛c; 1,600 lbs do pulled at 47c; 9,000 lbs do do at 55c; 20,000 lbs Australian at 50c.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

July 19.—There has been more inquiry for both foreign and domestic the past three days than for some time back, and a slight improvement in prices is noticed for the former, owing probably to the continuance of favorable reports from the London sales; a telegram from there yesterday quotes an advance of another penny on Australian wools. The sales here comprise 500 bales Montevideo at about 31c; 100 do Cape at or about 34c; 30 bags super pulled, 48c; 19,000 lbs X Ohio fleece, 49a50c; 26 bales fall California, 23a23⅛c; 5 000 lbs do, 19c; 64 bales spring do, 25a30c; 25,000 lbs do, 20a27c; 10,000 lbs free do, 24c; 10 bags scoured fall do, 0tc; 1,700 lbs do and Texas, 58a64c; 4,000 ditto domestic, 60c; 1,000 lbs Texas, 31c; 20 bags tub washed, 52c; 3,000 lbs inferior do, 47a49c.—*Shipping List.*

### Gloucester Fish Market.

*For the week ending July 18.*

Gorges Codfish—Last sales at $5 62 per qul. Transactions light. Bank at $5 00a 5 25.

Mackrel—Shore have been in light receipt this week and prices have advanced. We quote last sales of No 1 at $20; No 2, $18 50; large 3s, $10 50a11. Market active and fares quickly taken up on arrival.

Fresh Halibut—Scarce and wanted. Two fares of Bank have arrived this week, which have sold for $11a9 25 ℔ cwt for white, and $6a5 25 for gray. Georges, $11a16 for white, and $6a9 for gray.

Smoked do—9⅛ to 10c ℔ lb, according to quality.

Oil—Cod, 58 to 60c ℔ gallon.—*Cape Ann Adv.*

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

### Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 19, 1873.

FLOUR—Firm at $5 50a6 40.

GRAIN—Wheat irregular; No 2, $1 22a1 23; No 1, $1 31. Corn active; No 2 mixed 37⅛c spot; 37⅛a 37⅛c August. Oats steady; No 2, 28⅛a28⅛c. Rye quiet at 56a57c.

PROVISIONS—Quiet and unchanged.

WHISKY—Firm; sales at 90a90⅛c, closing at 90⅛c.

### New York Market.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Cotton quiet at 21c. Flour very firm; superfine western and State, $5 25a5 65; common to good, $6 40a6 50. Rye flour firmer at $4 00a5 26. Whisky firmer at 93a93⅛c. Wheat—Less active; rejected spring $1 27a1 30; No 3 spring, $1 36a1 36⅛. Rye quiet at 76a78c. Barley and malt unchanged. Corn firm; steamer mixed western, 54a56c; sail do, 56a61c. Oats dull but unchanged. Wool quiet; Ohio, 49a50c. Leather dull at 28a30c. Coffee active at 18a19⅛c. Sugar strong at 7⅛a8⅛c. Crude petroleum 7⅛c; refined, 17⅛c. Pork lower at $17 37⅛. Beef and cut meats unchanged. Lard steady at 9⅛c. Butter and cheese unchanged.

### Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Cattle—Receipts 1,195 head. Market more active, steady and firm for shipping grades; sales of good to choice steers at $5 35a5 80; Texans $2 75a3 90; cows $3 75a4 25; shipments 1,779 head. Hogs—Receipts 12,000 head. Market fairly active at a decline of about 10c; sales of fair to medium at $4 60a4 85; good to choice $4 80a5 00; extra $5 35a5 10; shipments 9,625 head; closing quiet and many unsold.

### New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Manufacturers agents are fairly active and their dealings in domestic cottons, woolens and hosiery foot up a good aggregate for the week. Cotton goods steady for all standard and popular makes. Cotton flannels have been largely sold by agents. Pequot brown and bleached wide sheetings are reduced 2⅛c per yard. Medium and fine fancy cassimeres are selling freely to clothiers and cloth jobbers. Dry goods imports for the week $2,256,767.

### Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Cotton dull at 19⅛c. Flour firm at $6 40a7 80. Wheat firm at $1 25a1 30. Corn dull at 43a44c. Rye steady at 70a72c. Oats quiet at 31a42c. Barley dull and ... Lard inactive at 8⅛a8⅛c. Bacon—Demand fair at 8⅛a9⅛a9⅛c. Whisky steady at 91c.

### Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, July 19.—Wool market steady and uniform in price during the week. Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces sold at 47a53c, mostly 47a50c; common to choice Michigan 45a50c; ... combing 49a59c; unwashed 30a36c; tub 47a52⅛c.

### New York Metal Market.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Manufactured Copper—Ingot lake dull at $25 50a26 75, cash. Iron—Scotch pig more active at $44 00a51 00; American at $48 00a51 00. Bar quiet and unchanged. Russia sheet quiet at $17 00a18 50, gold. Nails steady; cut $4 65; clinch $6 25a6 40.

### Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, July 19.—Flour steady and in moderate demand. Wheat 1a2c higher; No 2 white Wabash $1 82; No 3 do $1 70; No 2 amber Illinois $1 45. Corn quiet; high mixed, spot, 44⅛c; seller August 44⅛a44⅛c. Oats a shade higher, No 1, 38⅛c; No 2, 32⅛c.

### Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, July 19.—Flour steady at $5 70. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No 1 Milwaukee $1 29; No 2, $1 25. Corn active; No 2 mixed 36⅛c. Oats steady; No 2, 28⅛c. Rye firm; No 1, 60c. Barley firm; No 2, 73c.

### Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Flour steady; superfine $3 50a4 50. Wheat steady at $1 66a1 70. Rye nominal. Corn weak at 59⅛a69c. Oats steady at 44a50c. Pork $17 50a17 75. Crude petroleum 12⅛c; refined 18⅛c. Whisky 94c.

### Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, July 19.—Cotton strong at 16⅛a18⅛c. Corn active at 56c Oats scarce at 43a44c. Hay dull at $18a24. Bran dull at $15a16. Lard firm at 9a10c. Pork dull at $18 25a18 75. Bacon dull at 8⅛a9a10⅛a10⅛c.

### Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, July 19.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Flour nominal at $6a7 50. Wheat steady at $1 35a1 45. Corn firm at 58a68c. Bacon firm at 9⅛a10⅛a11c, Hams 13⅛a16c. Whisky 96c.

### Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, July 19.—Wheat quiet; No 1 red $1 59; No 2, $1 47. Corn steady at 47a48c. Oats quiet at 40c. Petroleum quiet and unchanged.

### Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, July 19.—Wheat firm: No 1 Milwaukee $1 51; fair white Canada $1 85; choice do $1 90a1 93. Corn dull; low mixed 54c; high mixed 55c.

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## New York Finance and Trade.

**Gold Closed at 116.**

NEW YORK, July 19, 1873—4 P. M.

BANK STATEMENT.

The following is the bank statement:

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans, increase | $1,703,600 |
| Specie, decrease | 2,384 400 |
| Legal tenders, increase | 542,600 |
| Deposits, increase | 1,289,500 |
| Circulation, decrease | 10,300 |

MONEY.

Money closed easy at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange quiet at 109⅛a109⅛ for sixty days, and 110⅛a110⅛ for sight.

GOLD.

Gold quiet and firm at 115⅞ to 116⅛, closing at 116 Loans 1a3 per cent. for carrying. Clearings $39,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $261,000. Exports for the week nearly $5,000,000. Imports for the week $6,530,355, of which $4,273,599 were merchandise and $2,256,767 dry goods. Customs receipts to-day $273,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments dull and steady.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. coup, '81 | 119⅛ | 5-20s '67 | 118⅛ |
| 5-20s '62 | 116⅛ | 5-20s '68 | 118 |
| 5-20s '64 | 117⅛ | New 5s | 115⅛ |
| 5-20s '65 | 118⅛ | 10-40s | 114⅛ |
| New 5-20s '65 | 117⅛ | Currency 6s | 114⅛ |

STATE BONDS.

State bonds dull and nominal.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Missouri | 93⅛ | Virginia, old | 42 |
| Tennessee, old | 80⅛ | N. Carolina, old | 27 |
| Tennessee, new | 80⅜ | N. Carolina, new | 15 |
| Virginia, new | 50 | | |

CORNER IN ERIE.

Erie stock has been cornered here by three German banking houses. The price advanced rapidly to 64⅛, with 1 per cent. per day paid for its use. Mr. Drew is said to be the sufferer. The price has now fallen to 63⅛, with ⅜ per cent. per day paid for use. It is supposed the corner will be protracted until about Wednesday, when arrivals of stock by European steamer will probably dissipate it. There is some talk of making the stock worth 5 per cent per day, but this looks unlikely. Bank statement shows loss in reserve.

The *Post* says that Drew, instead of being a sufferer by the rise in Erie, really engineered the corner, and that Jay Gould has no interest in the present movement. Noticing that the German bankers were free sellers yesterday, probably expecting to be able to make good their delivery to-day, Drew, it is said, quietly bought all stock offered, amounting to 10,000 shares. The sellers will not be able to produce their stock until the arrival of the Liverpool steamer.

The *Post*, in its latest edition, contradicts its statement, made earlier in the day, that Drew manipulated the corner in Erie, and says: It is very well understood that nearly all the stock is held in Europe, principally in London. Since the recent election there has been a disposition to sell stock on the part of the English holders, and the price being higher here than in London, sent over orders to sell in this market. Their brokers have executed their orders, selling in advance of the arrival of the stock and trusting to their ability to borrow it for deliveries from day to day. The result is that those few German banking houses who held Erie have availed themselves of the situation and refused to lend their stock or to sell it, except at high prices. They have the power, and probably will keep the corner up until steamers arrive having on board the Erie stock recently shipped from London.

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks active and strong. The corner in Erie was the special feature, the dealings having been very large. The opening sales were at 58⅛, but later the price reached 65⅛, changes between these figures having been frequent. The difference between cash and regular stock was from ⅛ to 1 per cent., with an active demand during the afternoon. The remainder of the list was strong and higher on larger business, the chief features being Western Union, Lake Shore, New York Central, Union Pacific and Wabash. The entire market closed buoyant at about the best prices of the day. The *Post* says: "It is generally reported we shall have a rising market next week, with some if not all the above stocks as the features. Both the *Express* and the *Commercial* attribute the engineering of the Erie corner to German bankers.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Canton | 100 | St. Paul preferred | 74⅛ |
| W. U. Tel. Co. | 93⅛ | Toledo & Wabash | 72⅛ |
| Quicksilver | 37 | Do preferred | 80 |
| Adams Express | 93⅛ | Fort Wayne | 93 |
| Wells, Fargo & Co. | 72 | Terre Haute | 15 |
| U. S. Express Co. | 71 | Do preferred | 34 |
| American Ex. Co | 63 | Chicago & Alton | 109 |
| Pacific Mail | 38⅛ | Do preferred | 110 |
| N. Y. Central | 103⅞ | Ohio and Mississippi | 41 |
| Erie | 64⅛ | C., C. and C | 86⅛ |
| Do preferred | 70 | Burlington & Quincy | 98 |
| Harlem | 128 | Lake Shore | 93⅛ |
| Do preferred | 130 | Panama | 33⅛ |
| Michigan Central | 92⅛ | Illinois Central | 105 |
| P., Ft. W. & C. | 88⅛ | Union Pacific | 28⅛ |
| Northwest common | 71⅛ | Central Pacific | 100⅛ |
| Do preferred | 82 | Union | 81⅛ |
| Rock Island | 111⅛ | Del. & Lack | 102⅛ |
| New Jersey Central | 103 | Hartford & Erie | 2⅛ |
| St. Paul | 53⅛ | Bankers' Bills | 109⅛ |

## OCEAN STEAMERS.

**Date of Departure from New York.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Algeria | July 23 | Liverpool. |
| Pennsylvania | July 23 | Liverpool |
| Lapland | July 23 | Bristol. |
| Olympia | July 23 | Glasgow. |
| Manhattan | July 23 | Liverpool. |
| Frisia | July 24 | Hamburg. |
| Batavia | July 26 | Liverpool. |
| Ville de Paris | July 26 | France. |
| Canada | July 26 | Liverpool. |
| Australia | July 26 | Glasgow. |
| Columbia | July 30 | Glasgow. |
| Montana | July 30 | Liverpool. |
| Glamorgan | July 30 | Cardiff. |

## RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

**Arrived.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| E. Bennett | Carmack | Geneva. |
| Elector | R. R. Abrams | Geneva. |
| Elizabeth | Houghton | Elizabeth. |
| Exchange | Shuman | Cincinnati. |

**Departed.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| West Virginia | Donaldson | Geneva. |
| E. Bennett | Carmack | Geneva. |
| Elizabeth | Houghton | Elizabeth. |
| Geneva | Phillips | Geneva. |

MONONGAHELA—Six feet six inches and rising.

THE marks last evening indicated six feet six inches and rising. The weather during the day was showery, with indications of more rain.

GALLIPOLIS collected $68 wharfage last week.

CAPT. R. L. DESMUKES, an old river man, died at Dardennelle, Ark., yesterday.

THE Mollie Ebert, Captain Ebert, left for St. Louis on Saturday with a good trip. Pilots, Capts. Ebert and Poe.

CAPT. MOSES Pickelheimer, a well known towboat commander, is confined to his house in Covington by illness.

J. S. WILSON, in a communication to the Gallipolis *Bulletin*, recommends the Emma Graham as a temperance boat.

THE Louisville and Jeffersonville ferryboat John Shallcross took fire on Wednesday night, but little damage was done.

THE fine steamer Exchange, Capt. Shuman, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Tuesday. Passengers and shippers will bear this in mind.

THE Chesapeake ... of grain the present season, destined for points in the interior of Virginia.

TOM STEELE, one of the pioneer steamboatmen of the Mississippi, has returned to St. Louis, from Galveston, after an absence of ten years, and will probably renew his old vocation.

THE fine side-wheel packet Juniata, Captain C. L. Brennan, has deferred her departure until Tuesday, 4 P. M., at which hour she will positively leave. She will also take St. Louis freight.

THE fine slackwater packet West Virginia, Capt. P. Donaldson, will arrive to-night, and take her departure at 7 A. M. Tuesday morning. In the meantime, freight will be received on the new wharfboat.

THE Mississippi Valley Transportation Company have now twenty-one barges and the towboats Atlantic, Future City and Mohawk laid up at St. Louis. The Mary Alice will be added to the lot on her arrival.

THE Lizzie Gardner on Thursday sunk a barge containing 75,000 bushels of coal at North Bend. Both barge and coal belonged to Val. P. Collins. The former was worth $400, and the latter $950. It is not probable that any effort will be made to raise either.

THE Shreveport *Times* of July 11th says: "We have nothing later from above the raft than what we published yesterday—river low and falling. Navigation for this season is no doubt suspended. The bayou at Jefferson continues to fall at the rate of six inches in twenty-four hours, and at last accounts was eight feet above the lowest water."

THE Memphis *Avalanche* says: As the steamer Commonwealth was landing, her stages were let down suddenly and the end of one of them came very near killing a drayman who was standing on his dray near the water's edge. The heavy planks struck the man's hat, knocking it off as he jumped from his dray and then crushed the latter. About the same time the watchman of the boat allowed his hand to be caught between the stage and one of the spars and got it so badly crushed, that amputation was necessary. Dr. Erskine was called in and took off one of the fingers of the injured hand.

CINCINNATI.—Hengehold & Co., coal dealers have bought the Cincinnati Fertilizing Company's interest in the Lizzie Gardner, and the latter has contracted with the Champion Coal and Towboat Company for all towing.

The little Condor and three barges have been transferred by the Pomeroy Salt & Transportation Company to the Syracuse Transportation Company.

The Captain of the Lizzie Gardner says: "The report that the Lizzie Gardner sunk a loaded barge of coal at North Bend the previous day was incorrect."

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* says: Record was made at the Custom House of the transfer of the steamer Oella, at Ashland. The Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad, Eastern Division, sold to James H. Poage, of Ashland, Kentucky, two-sevenths of the steamer at the rate of $7,000 for the whole.

The register of the sternwheel passenger steamer Hope has been changed from Wheeling to this city. On the 12th of April the following sale of this steamer was made: James W. Williamson, of Tyler county, West Virginia, fourteen twenty-fourths; Ernest Warnicke and John Beaver, of Washington county, Ohio, two twenty-fourths each; Samuel Hutchinson and Arthur Hutchinson, of Washington county, Ohio, and Washington Cline and Charles Cline, of Monroe county, Ohio, one twenty-fourth each, and Abram Cutter, of Sistersville, West Virginia, two twenty-fourths (comprising the whole boat) to Alldon W. Williamson, of Portsmouth, Ohio, for $3,000. The Hope is now plying between Portsmouth and Manchester, commanded by her purchaser. When the ownership of the Cumberland river packet Ella Hughes shall have been thus concentrated in one individual, then will the steamboat millennium dawn.

For Latest River Dispatches see Fourth Page

## IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

**Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway.**

D Henger, 2 bxs lasts; Shellhuse & H, 1 frame t ware, 1 case h ware; O H Detrich, 1 bx lasts; Jas Reinhart, 3 do liquors; Henry Beaz, 1 bbl do; G A Kelly, 15 bxs medicines; S H Baird, 2 cases mdse; Mahoney & L, 1 car scrap iron; Fahnestock & H, 250 pigs lead; Reese Owens & Co, 1,720 s c shoulders, 25 tcs lard, 500 buckets do; Schomaker & Co, 100 bbls flour; O H Allerton, 1 car hay; Knox & Reed, 1 separator; Rea, Hill & K, 1 tre bacon; Frauenheim & V, 500 sks malt; Scoble, Reed & S, lot machinery; ... Bros, 1 bbl pickles, 21 doz brooms; C T Brown, Dilworth ... J Blanchard, 100 bbls do; Peter O'Neal, 1 48 sks flour; ... lot glass ware; W Fastcar stone; Jesse H Lippincott ... McKee Bros, lot do; liger, do; Gallinger & Co, lot do; ... 78 sks rags, Elwood & McC, 13 bxs cheese; Jno Dunlap ... lot copper and brass; Geo Henry, lot h h goods; ... Bros, 1 bx mase; E H Goodman, 2 parlor cars; Armstrong Bros & Co, 12 bbls bungs; Voigut, Mahood & Co, 15 bbls eggs, 20 bxs cheese; F H Eaton, 1 case bustles; Davis & DeHaven, 1 wagon axle; Einstene & Co, 1 bx tobacco; Frazer M & Co, 31 sks rags; Thos Flaccus & Son, lot scrap, 1 bbl grease; J A Renshaw & Co, 10 doz brooms; W France, 15 do; Braden J P, 110 bxs cheese; W J Hammond, lot zinc and copper; McCandless, Son & Co, 1 ox; W B Lupton, lot roofing; Voight, Mahood & Co, 10 sks rags, 1 crate do; Burke & B, 1 safe; S Brady & Co, 140 sks flour, 15 bbls do; Jno Schreiner, 1 car stone; Jno Heincliffe, 1 do; Henry Berger, 1 easy pat nursery chairs; Watt, Long & Co, 100 bbls flour; T C Jenkins, 100 do.

PER ELEVATOR.—L G Graff & Co, 1 car corn, 1 do oats; Elwood & McC, 1 car oats.

**Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.**

W Clark, 1 car clay; Dunbar & Co, 2 do lumber; Slack & S, 2 do; G A Mundorff, 1 do posts; J H McClurg, 1 do staves; T Smallman, 2 do p tsr; Becker & G, 1 do oats; Bissel & Co, 1 do brick; F & L Knox, 5 do stone; Porter, Bell & Co, 4 chills; George Kelley & Co, 4 bbls mdse; Fickergill, L & Co, 8 packs wire; J Zimmerman, 24 pails tobacco; J Gallery & Co, 34 g hides; W Haslage & Co, 30 cases matches; A Kirkpatrick & Co, 30 bxs cheese, Scoble, Reed & S, 4 cider mills, 4 levers; J Henderson & Bro, 5 bxs a b comp; Fairbanks, M & Co, 32 do sca's; J N Hoffstott, 45 hides; L F Picking, 1 bx cigars; A O'Leary, 4 casks ware; H J Filler & Co, 1 do; H H Werneck, 1 do; P P M Co, 25 rolls paper; C A Warmcastle, 100 oil bbls; B D Moore, 100 do; H ad. C & Co, 27 pkg sunds; P D ff & Son, 148 sks oats; A Sarrick, 10 bbls apples. H J McCracken, 19 do; Aiken, W & P, 10 do; O Woodw n, 14 do; Voigt, M & Co, 14 do; W J Steel, 4 do; Van Gorder & S, 12 do; Schne bach & H, 82 sks oats; Loh & Cooley, 7 pkg sunds; Jno Rose, 21 do.

**Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.**

W H Graff & Co, 4 bbls eggs; W Mullins, 100 e oil bbls; Beymer, B & Co, 50 bbls 1 s oil; Scott & G, 2 cars oats. in scks; J H Parson, 40 tcs hams; B D Moore, 275 e bbls; D Wallace, 100 bbls flour; F W Jenkins & Bro, 800 sks do; A Bricker & Sons, 1 car bran; A McClure, 4 cars blocks; W Barker, Jr, & Co, 35 scks wools; R H ... way & Son, 1 car oats, in scks; Samuel S Clark 1 do feed; Watt, Lang & Co, 100 barrels flour, 30 tierces hams; Schomaker & Co, 30 do; Johnson & McFarland, 300 bush ear corn; Beckert & Gerung, 192 sacks oats; M F Herron & Co, 1 car baled hay; E H Meyer & Co, 50 tces hams; Walker, Cooper & Co, 25 do shoulders; Allegheny P P Co, 25 do hams; J K Lanahan & Co, 25 bbls whisky; Powell & Hubbard, 100 bbls flour; Rea, Hill & Kerr, 40 tces hams; B D Moore, 57 emt bbls; Arbuckles & Co, 9 bbls s wax; H Rea, jr, 24 bbls cabbage, 25 do potatoes.

**Allegheny Valley Railroad.**

Carnegie, K & Co, 2 cars lumber; Shoenberger, 4 cars do; L C Levy, 1 car s iron; W Weir, 1 car do; Myers & Armor, 1 car shovel handles; McKwen Bros, 1 car lumber; Anderson & Woods, 4 cars billets; W J Baughman, 21 cars lime; Chaut Lake Ice Co, 3 cars ice; Barton & Keney, 3 cars lumber; Miller, Barr & P, 1 car brick, Lewis, O & P, 8 bars iron, W & D Rinehart, 4 cads tobacco.

**Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore.**

Following are the receipts of blooms, pig metal and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, P. R R. CO. LESSEE.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nimick & Co, m | 11 | J Resmor, m | 1 |
| J W Porter, m | 4 | Shoenberger, B & Co, o | 15 |
| Reese, G & W, m | 5 | Carnegie, K & Co, m | 1 |
| Wm Smith, m | 3 | | |
| Total | | | 40 |

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lucy Furnace, o | 3 | Reese G & W, o | 5 |
| Shoenberger, B & Co, o | 28 | McKnight, D & Co, o | 2 |
| Zug & Co, o | 1 | Park Bros, o | 1 |
| Total | | | 38 |

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nimick & Co, m | 10 | Caughey & Hailman, b | 2 |
| J W Porter, m | 5 | R Wister, m | 3 |
| Caughey & Hailman, m | 2 | | |
| Total | | | 22 |

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wm Smith & Son, m | 2 | Lewis, O & P, m | 1 |
| Total | | | 3 |

**Coal Received by Allegheny Valley R. R.**

| | Cars. |
|---|---|
| Sable Coal Co | 27 |

BANKS AND BANKERS.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND And Safe Deposit Co.,

Corner Seventh Ave. and Smithfield St.

Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Capital - $250,000.

Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.

ALEXANDER L. McFARLAND, President.
SAML. A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.

DIRECTORS.

Alex. L. McFarland, W. B. Lupton,
Alex. Tindle, Sr., J. P. Smith,
A. T. Douthett, Jno. W. Haney,
Frank Kohne, W. H. Irwin,
Saml. A. Long.

JOHN G. MacCONNELL, Solicitor.

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Allegheny Homestead Bank,

244 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny.

CAPITAL ... $200,000

Stockholders individually liable.

Discount days Monday and Thursday. Six per cent. interest paid on Time Deposits. Deposits received from one dollar and upwards.

J. D. STROUS, President.
D. W. RIGGS, Vice President.
W. H. SMITH, Cashier.
WM. BLAKELEY, Solicitor.

Directors.

J. D Strous, D. W. Riggs, M. D.,
C. Deitrich, Thomas Jones, Jr.,
Danl. DauB, Jas. A. Thompson,
Wm. Rowbottom, Gus. Langenheim,
Isaac Stewart. Esq.

MWF

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GERMAN SAVINGS BANK,

206 Ohio Street, Allegheny City.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Assets January 1, 1873, - $961,031 10
Capital Represented, over $5,500,000 00

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., also on Saturday Evening, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received in sums of One Dollar and upwards. Six per cent. interest paid on time deposits, which can be drawn without previous notice.

Drafts issued on all the principal cities of Europe, and collections promptly made.

Directors.

A. Wiese, George Aber,
Leonhard Walter, Sen., Hugh McNeill,
Jacob Kopp, Daniel Lutz,
Joseph Lautner, C. W. Anschuetz,
Theo. F. Straub.

A. WIESE, President.
L. WALTER, Vice President.
JOS. STRATMAN, Cashier.

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PRODUCERS' BANK

OF BUTLER COUNTY,

AT BUTLER, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - $100,000.

J. E. RAY, Cashier. J. W. IRWIN, Prest.

Directors:

J. STAMBAUGH, SAML. A. WOODS,
J. W. IRWIN, H. McWALTERS,
JAMES ADAMS, J. E. RAY,
WILLIAM MILLER, LEWIS P. WALKER.

A General Banking Business transacted. Correspondence solicited.

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HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON.

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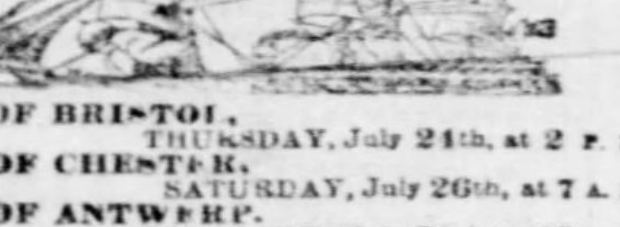
STEAMSHIPS.

INMAN LINE

For Queenstown and Liverpool.

Royal Mail Steamers

Are appointed to Sail as follows:



CITY OF BRISTOL, THURSDAY, July 24th, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF CHESTER, SATURDAY, July 26th, at 7 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP, THURSDAY, July 31st, at 10 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN, SATURDAY, August 2, at 11 A. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK, THURSDAY, August 7, at 2 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier 45, North River.

Rates of Passage:

CABIN—$70, $80 and $90, gold, according to accommodation.

Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE—To Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30.

PREPAID CERTIFICATES, $32 currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's Office, No. 15 Broadway.

For steerage, at 33 Broadway.

Apply to JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or to
WM. BINGHAM, 143 Smithfield street, or
T. H. MURRAY, 7 Ninth street,
THOMAS H. RATTIGAN, 47 Smithfield street,
MAX SHAMBERG, 163 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Where plans of Cabin can be seen and every information given.

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White Star U. S. Mail Line,

THE FASTEST FLEET AFLOAT

Between New York and Liverpool,

Calling at CORK HARBOR both ways, Booking Passengers to and from all parts; Sailing every THURSDAY from Liverpool and every SATURDAY from White Star Wharf, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

| | |
|---|---|
| OCEANIC | Capt. Bristow. |
| BALTIC | Capt. Kennedy. |
| REPUBLIC | Capt. Gleadell. |
| CELTIC | Capt. Thompson. |
| ADRIATIC | Capt. Perry. |

Passenger Accommodations Unrivaled.

Saloon, $80 Gold; (Sailings after April 1, $100 Gold). Steerage, $30, Currency. Prepaid Certificates, $32.

Drafts in sums to suit.

J. H. SPARKS, Agent, 19 Broadway, N. Y.

MAX SCHAMBERG, 163 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

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STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

STEEL CASTINGS

UNDER HAINSWORTH'S PATENT.

We are making Steel Castings, Smooth, True, Free from Porosity, capable of receiving Very High Polish. Can be Forged or Welded easily as Bar Steel, and Strong as Forged Steel. Send for Circular.

PITTSBURGH STEEL CASTING CO., Twenty-sixth and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad Streets, Pittsburgh.

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Pittsburgh Steel Works,

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; ALSO, BEST

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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SINGER, NIMICK & CO.

Manufacturers of All Descriptions of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL,
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL
CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES,
ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM AND SEAT SPRINGS
AXLES AND STEEL TIRE,
Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plates.
STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.

83 Water and 100 First ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

CAST STEEL,

OFFICE AND WORKS;

Corner Penn and 17th Streets, Ninth Ward; PITTSBURGH.

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Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap.

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BANKS AND BANKERS.

METROPOLITAN BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Corner Butler and Forty-third Streets,

Seventeenth Ward.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - $100,000.
PRIVILEGE, - - - - 250,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Security to Depositors over $2,000,000.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received.

Six Per Cent. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

Special Attention Given to Savings Accounts.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, Merchants and individuals solicited. Collections made on all parts of the United States and proceeds promptly remitted.

Open on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8 P. M.

Discounts DAILY.

DIRECTORS—C. A. Dravo, H. W. Borntraeger, Edward Davison, Wm. Burns, Joseph Vogel, Dr. Jas. Robinson, J. J. Shutterly, C. L. Straub, D. R McIntire, A. Reese, John Graitge, Charles Parkin, J. H. Heimbuecher, Chas. North, T. C. Kier.

C. A. DRAVO, President.
WM. BURNS, Vice President.
JAMES WEITACH, Cashier.

Gibson & Wier, Solicitors.

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Masonic Deposit Saving Bank

No. 135 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

CHARTERED BY LEGISLATURE.

Capital, $200,000. Privilege, $500,000.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections Made on all Points in the United States and Canadas.

Directors:

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President Eagle Cotton Mills.
ALFRED SLACK, of Slack & Sholes.
ROBERT PITCAIRN, Superintendent Pennsylvania Railroad.
JOHN CHISLETT, Superintendent Allegheny Cemetery.
DR. A. H. GROSS, President Select Councils.
PETER C. SHIDLE, of James Shidle & Son.
WM. SCOTT, Contractor.
WM. F. LANG, of Watt, Lang & Co.
RALPH BAGALEY, Secretary Westinghouse Air Brake Company.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Superintendent Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.
AARON FRENCH, of Pittsburgh Cast Steel Spring Company.
J. L. PIPER, Superintendent Keystone Bridge Company.
C. L. GOEHRING, President Consolidated Gas Co.

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President.
GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

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Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,

No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March, 1872

CAPITAL ... $100,000
PRIVILEGE ... $500,000.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bonds and other good Securities.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Books of By-Laws furnished at the Bank.

Collections and Returns promptly made.

DIRECTORS:

HENRY LAMBERT, A. M. BROWN,
ANDREW MILLER, S. J. WAINWRIGHT
EDWARD DUFF, ARCH. McFARLAND,
JAMES GORDON, D. P. ESTEP,
JOHN SEIFERTH, G. W. RANKIN.
H. A. WEAVER.

President—HENRY LAMBERT.
Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.

Open for business from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.

Board of Directors meets daily at 11 o'clock.

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BANK OF INDUSTRY,

No. 110 FIFTH AVENUE.

CAPITAL, - - - $100,900.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph Hastings, James McLain,
John Kelly, H. Darlington,
Peter O'Neil, Matthew Mawhinney,
George Wilson, John Kaiser.

JOSEPH ROSS, President.
M. HANRAHAN, Cashier.

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Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH,

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

Capital Stock, $500,000.

| | |
|---|---|
| J. W. COOK | President. |
| R. W. MACKEY | Vice President. |
| W. McCANDLESS | Cashier. |

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THE NATIONAL TRUST CO.,

No. 423 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, - - $100,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Deposits of $1 and upward received. Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount Days—Tuesdays and Fridays.

DIRECTORS—Robert Dickson, Jacob Ahl, James M. Taylor, Edward Miles, Wm. B Brickell, Chas. H. Armstrong, Wm. Smith, Wm. J. Friday, James Taylor, M. Graver, P. Kane, C. Van Buren, H. Gerwig.

President—ROBERT DICKSON.
Vice President—JAMES M. TAYLOR.
Cashier—ROBERT J. GRIER.

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CENTRAL BANK,

No. 85 Bank Block, Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL ... $100,000.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

THOMAS FAWCETT, MADISON BAILEY,
D. W. C. CARROLL, J. F. DENNISTON,
JAMES H. HOPKINS, GEORGE BINGHAM,
JULIUS ADLER, ABRAM HAYES,
JAMES BOWN, PAUL H. HACKE,
J. H. WALTER, JAMES LYONS.

THOMAS FAWCETT, President.
J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.
M. HUNNINGS, Assistant Cashier.

MWF

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PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Of Pittsburgh.

Capital ... $300,000.

INCORPORATED 1866.

OFFICE NO. 83 FOURTH AVENUE.

In Safe Deposit Company's Building.

President—HENRY LLOYD. Vice President—WM. REA.

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For further particulars inquire of A. S. FRY, Agent.

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For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

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THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

GRANITE STATE,

| | |
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| W. H. KERR | Commander. |
| W. J. C. ANDERSON | Clerk. |

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

LOUISVILLE.

For Cincinnati and Louisville

TUESDAY, JULY 22—4 P. M.

THE FINE STEAMER

JUNIATA,

| | |
|---|---|
| C. L. BRENNAN | Captain |
| WM. S. DRAVO | Clerk. |

Will Leave as announced above.

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For Cincinnati and Louisville.

TUESDAY, July 22—4 P. M.

THE FINE STEAMER

EXCHANGE,

| | |
|---|---|
| S. SHUMAN | Commander. |
| J. M. VANDERGRIFT | Clerk. |

Will leave as announced above.

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ST. LOUIS.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

WEDNESDAY, July 23—4 P. M.

THE STEAMER

Wild Duck and Barges.

| | |
|---|---|
| C. F. ADAMS | Captain. |
| G. SPANE | Clerk. |

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O. P. THARP, Superintendent. JOS. P. ROGERS, Cashier.

THE MARINE RAILWAY AND DRY DOCK COMPANY of Cincinnati, O., are prepared to take out the Largest Class of Tow and Passenger Steamers, and have large facilities in Material and Machinery for Repairing in short time and fair rates.

Owners and Captains favoring us with their business. may rely on our best efforts to give satisfaction in time, workmanship and cost.

NOTICE—

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

All owners of Steamboats using our PATENT STEAM CAPSTAN are hereby notified if they do no take out their Licenses for use of said Capstan, on or before August 1st, 1873, that we will commence legal proceedings against them at once without further notice.

Licenses can be had by applying to JNO. BINDLEY, at office, 263 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JNO. S. McMILLEN, Patentee.

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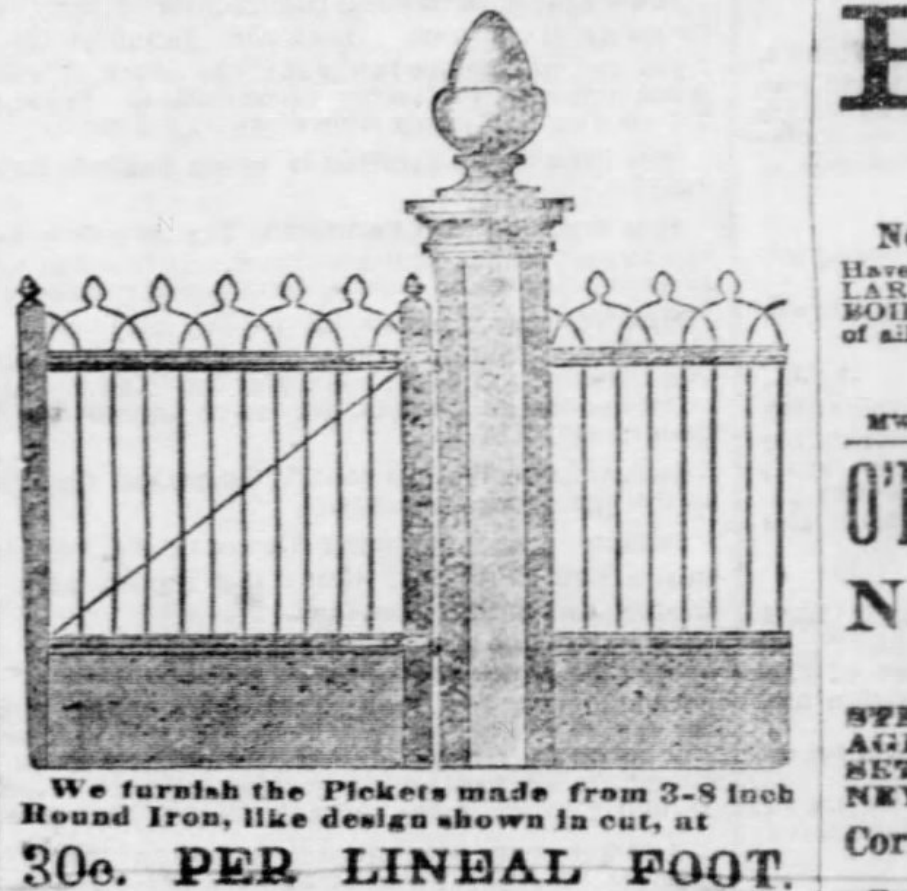
Fence Pickets.



We furnish the Pickets made from 3-8 inch Round Iron, like design shown in cut, at

30c. PER LINEAL FOOT.

They make a HANDSOMER, MORE DURABLE and CHEAPER Fence than the Wooden Pickets.

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MANUFACTURERS OF ALL GRADES

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MACHINERY,

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Manufacturers' Supplies

HAVE IN STORE A FULL STOCK OF

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Judson Governors,
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Manufacturers of all Descriptions of

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And all kinds of

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STEAM BOILERS

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ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS, ROTARY SQUEEZERS,

Haskins's Patent Double Spiral Pinions

AND

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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PATENT SEMI-STEEL, and CAST IRON

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SAND ROLLS AND PINIONS,

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PLAIN AND GROOVED

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NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns.

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Mills for Grinding Brick Clay

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BOILER FEEDERS

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BRASS AND BRONZE CASTINGS AND ANTI FRICTION METALS A SPECIALTY.

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Sporting and Mining Powder.

I am now prepared to supply the very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and Dealers by KEG OR CAR LOAD,

AT LOW PRICES.

SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.

ARTHUR KIRK,

No. 19 Seventh street, (late Irwin street), PITTSBURGH.

# THE VERY LATEST.

## EUROPE.

### BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

### THE STRUGGLE IN SPAIN.

### An Eighteen Hours' Battle.

### BOTH SIDES CLAIM VICTORY.

### Another Change of Ministers.

#### Don Carlos Marching on Bilboa With Ten Thousand Men.

BAYONNE, July 19.—Don Carlos, with ten thousand men, is marching on the city of Bilboa. He has ordered his agents to purchase torpedoes, with which to close the port when captured.

LONDON, July 19.—A special edition of the *Daily News*, announces that a large Carlist force has been defeated by the government troops at Igualada, in the province of Barcelona, after a battle of eighteen hours, during which time the town was frequently taken and retaken by the opposing forces. A number of dead and wounded were left upon the field, so large, that all the vehicles of every kind in the town were pressed into service for their removal.

The Carlists have been repulsed before the town of Estella. It is reported that Don Carlos has ordered his forces not to interfere with communications on the line of the Northern Railroad.

A telegram from Barcelona announces that the workmen who left the factories have returned to their employments.

#### Desperate Fighting in Spain—Contradictory Reports.

BAYONNE, July 20.—Don Carlos is at Qrurieta, in Navarre, about twenty miles north of Pampienuna. Fighting was resumed Friday at Iqualada. The Carlists had entrenched themselves in the suburbs and expected the town to surrender, unless speedily relieved.

Special to New York Herald.]

LONDON, July 20.—Reports regarding the battle at Iqualada, Friday, vary greatly, according as they come from Madrid and government sources or by Carlist channels through Perpignan. All agree that the place was attacked by the united Carlist columns, under Prince Alphonso, and that there was desperate fighting for eighteen hours. One part of the population assisted in the defense, and the other part sympathized with the Carlists. Madrid reports state the result both ways, but a circumstantial account by way of Perpignan says the place was captured by the Carlists with one thousand prisoners, four cannon and two thousand stand of arms.

PERPIGNAN, July 20.—The Carlists have captured Equalada, with 150 prisoners.

#### Discussing the New Constitution for Spain.

MADRID, July 19.—In the Cortes to-night the debate was opened on the new constitution, which consists of one hundred and one clauses. Senors Rio, De Rosas, Fencio and Robeido made speeches against it. It is reported the discussion will continue several days.

MADRID, July, 20.—The provinces of Andalusia, Murcia, Valencia and Catalonia have proclaimed themselves independent cantons, in anticipation of the adoption of the new Federal constitution. Declarations of independence were issued at Seville, Cadiz and Barcelona.

A republican volunteer has shut himself in a powder magazine at Estella, and threatens to blow it up rather than surrender to the Carlists.

#### The New Spanish Ministry.

MADRID, July 19.—The new Ministry is constructed as follows: N. Salmeron, President; Fernando Gonzalez, Minister of State and Finance; Berges, Justice; Maisonave, Interior; Gonzales, War; Oviedo, Marine; Palanca, Colonies. In the Cortes the vote for President of the Council of Ministers stood 119 for Sameron, and ninety-three for Pi Y Margall. During the debate on the Ministry great excitement and alarm was occasioned in the Cortes by the explosion of an Orsini bomb at the door. Whoever perpetrated the outrage or what was the object is not known. [illegible] were presented to the Cortes to-day. The following is the official list, in which there are some changes from the one telegraphed yesterday: N. Salmeron, President; Fernando Gonzalez, Minister of Finance; Senor Soler, Minister of State; Senor Rodriguez, Minister of Justice; General Gonzalez, Minister of War; Senor Maizenov, Minister of Interior; Senor Oviedo, Minister of Marine; Senor Palanca, Minister of Colonies; Senor Gondalez, Minister of Public Works. President Salmeron made a statement of his policy, which he said would be in favor of a Federal Republic and in no way reactionary. He regretted the revolutionary declarations of the cantons, and declared it would be the government's duty to suppress demagogues as well as Carlists. Senor Castelar will probably be elected President of the Cortes, although Gil Devez is put forward as the candidate of the new government. It is reported that the Radicals will support the Republican policy of order.

The troops of the garrison serenaded Gen. Gonzalez last night. A deputation consisting of members of the Cortes, Generals and other officers of the army and government, waited upon him and congratulated him on his remaining in office. The civil guard is to be increased to forty thousand men.

#### The Cholera at Vienna.

LONDON, July 19.—Private advices from Vienna, dated the 17th, state that up to that time there had been sixty-one cases of cholera reported, of which forty-two were fatal. In a single hotel where forty-two persons were attacked with the symptoms of cholera six died. The hotel was closed.

#### The Shah Leaves for Italy.

PARIS, July 19.—The Shah of Persia and suite left Paris to-day on a special train for Geneva.

#### Bishop of Winchester Killed by Falling from His Horse.

LONDON, July 20.—Samuel Wilberforce, D. D., Bishop of Winchester, fell from his horse yesterday and was killed. He was riding with Earl Granville from Leatherhead to Lord Gower's country seat, where Gladstone awaited him. The horse was going at full speed at the time the Bishop fell. His neck was broken and death instantaneous.

#### Miscellaneous Dispatches.

LONDON, July 20.—Lord Westbury, formerly Lord Chancellor of England, died to-day, aged 73.

The masters have agreed to the demand of the journeymen masons, and the expected strike has been averted.

LONDON, July 20.—Parliament will be prorogued the first week in August.

The master builders have accepted the terms of compromise with journeymen. The masons have not yet come to an agreement.

#### European Markets.

LONDON, July 19, 2:30 P. M.—Consols for money 92⅞a92⅞; for account 92⅞a92⅞. American securities—5-20s, 1865, 93⅝; do 1867, 93⅞; 10-40s, 90⅞; new 5s, 89⅞; Erie 45⅞.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—Cotton quiet; middling upland 8⅝d; Orleans 9d; sales 10,000 bales; American 6,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales. Breadstuffs active. Red winter wheat 12s. Flour 27sa28s 6d. Cumberland middles 37s 6d; short rib do 40s. Turpentine 33s 6d.

ANTWERP, July 19.—Refined petroleum 38¾ francs.

#### O'Clarence's Fourth of July.

The Danbury *News*, tells why Mr. O'Clarence was not in the parade. The firemen had a parade Saturday. It was a fine affair, but the absence of Mr. O'Clarence was deeply felt, not only by the Department but by the public. His long and faithful services at the business meetings and festivals, and his splendid bearing on parade, have given Mr. O'Clarence an enviable position in the hearts of his countrymen. We are sorry he was not present Saturday. But an unlooked for and very painful accident deprived him and us of a great pleasure. The night which preceded the last anniversary of our National Independence he took home twenty-five dollars' worth of fireworks for a splurge on the next night. He calculated he had glory enough in that package to fill with gratitude and admiration every taxpayer on North street, and his wife, after carefully examining the lot, was equally confident that the neighbors would see something that would "make their eyes bug out," as she pensively expressed it.

The next morning O'Clarence got out the bundle to look it over again, and feed on the anticipation. There were these cannon-crackers—several packs—and roman candles, and blue-fire, and pin-wheels, and rockets and the like. A very creditable assortment for any family. Mr. Wickford's boy, from the next house, was in, and sat on the floor holding a piece of lighted punk in his hand, and had both his eyes and mouth wide open, enjoying the sight. O'Clarence was sitting on his haunches, holding a pin-wheel in his hand, and explaining to Mrs. O'Clarence how cheaply they could be made in China, and how superior in ingenuity and industry were the Chinese to all other races. None of them know how it happened, but O'Clarence remembers that there were two open packs of cannon crackers just under him, and thinks Wickford's boy must have in some way dropped the punk in among them, and in the general interest forgot that it was a-fire. At any rate, there was a sudden siss right under Mr. O'Clarence, followed in the next instant by a tornado of sounds and sparks, and that gentleman at once shot toward the ceiling in a blaze of various colored lights, while the air became thick with sparks, blue-lights, blazing balls, industrious pin-wheels, insane sky-rockets and screeching crackers.

Mrs. O'Clarence fell over a chair that cost eight dollars when new, and struck the back of her head against the stove-hearth with a violence that added materially to the display of fireworks already going on. Wickford's boy was struck in the mouth with a sky-rocket, and had two-thirds of his hair taken off with a Roman candle, and was knocked through a doorway by a piece of ordnance just introduced this season, and which will undoubtedly become popular when understood better. He was afterward fished out of a rosebush, and taken home in a table-cloth. O'Clarence remained during the entire exhibition, looking at it from various positions, and when it was over with he was put in a sheet by the neighbors and saturated with oil, and then covered with molasses and flour. We learn that new skin is already forming on parts of him, and if no unfavorable symptoms set in he will be out again in a fortnight, although it is not likely he will mingle much in society, until his hair and eyebrows commence to grow. He thinks Wickford's boy is dead, and they dare not tell him to the contrary until he gets stronger. Singularly enough Mrs. O'Clarence escaped injury by burns, but the blow on her head was so severe that she cannot bear to have her back hair drawn up as high as it was before, and missing her church privileges is a sore trial to her.

* * *

Edward Everett Hale will be back from Europe the last of the month. He writes of delightful times among the Hungarians, and says: Let me beg you to dismiss from your mind any notions, borrowed from picturesque travelers, that our Transylvania friends are a nation of sylvans in costume, of shepherds, of hunters, or other frontiersmen simply. The gentlemen I have met are as accomplished gentlemen as are in the world. Some of these professors at Clausenburg are of wide spread reputation among the savans of Hungary. In theology, in the classics and physical science, their work is of the most thorough character, and they use for it the best modern appliances. The library of their college is of 25,000 volumes, and I am told it is a very valuable selection.

### ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

#### Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 20, 1873.

River eight feet eight inches and falling. Raining.

M.

#### Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—River fifteen feet and rising. Arrived—Shamrock from Cairo. John E. Parkin passed up from Evansville to Wheeling. Clear and cool.

#### Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—River falling, with five feet six inches in the canal, and three feet six inches on the falls. Weather very cool. H. S. Turner, Cincinnati to New Orleans passed down. Arrived—Charley Bowen, Pomeroy, with a tow of salt. Departed—Nail City and barges of iron ore for Wheeling.

#### Nashville.

NASHVILLE, July 20.—No arrivals or departures. River on a stand, with two feet nine inches on Harpeth shoals. Weather clear and pleasant.

#### Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 20.—Clear and pleasant; mercury 70 to 80. River has fallen six inches. Port list—Up—Alex. Swift and barges, Arkansas Belle and Phil Sheridan. Down—Lawrence, Bowling Green and Morning Star.

#### Cairo.

CAIRO, July 20.—Arrived—Belle Memphis, St. Louis; Capital City, Vicksburg; Colossal, Cincinnati; Yeager, New Orleans; Falls Pilot, Memphis; John Gilmore, St. Louis; City of Vicksburg, St. Louis; Jos. D. Parker, Memphis; Idlewild, Memphis. Departed—Liberty No. 4, Ohio river; Ironsides, St. Louis; Capital City, St. Louis; Belle Memphis, Memphis; Colossal, St. Louis; Yeager, St. Louis; Falls Pilot, Ohio river; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Parker, Cincinnati. River has fallen eleven inches. Clear and pleasant.

#### St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 20.—Arrived—Johnston, St. Paul; Samuel Roberts and John Gilmore, Ohio river; St. Luke, Missouri river; City of Chester, Memphis; J. Kinney, Missouri river. Departed—Minneapolis, St. Paul; Maggie P., Illinois river. River falling. Weather clear and warm; showery to-night.

#### Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 20.—Rain falling. Arrived—Keystone and barge Ohio River. Departed—Julia, St. Louis.

#### New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Arrived—Commonwealth and Kellogg and barges from St. Louis.

## A STRANGE STORY.

### Remarkable Case of Mistaken Identity in Brooklyn—A Romance in Real Life—Love's Quarrel and Its Result.

[From the New York Herald, 18th.]

A very remarkable case of mistaken identity has just been revealed in Brooklyn. On the morning of the 3d of July the body of a man, about thirty years of age, was found in the water at the foot of Vandyke street, Brooklyn. The hand of the deceased was firmly secured by a rope to a satchel, and the satchel was found to contain seven large flat irons. It was also discovered that the deceased had a bullet hole in his head, and a box of percussion caps and nineteen percussion caps in the hip pocket of his pants. Some believed that the man had committed suicide, while others were of the opinion that he had met his death by foul play. If he had been murdered, it was argued, he would have been robbed; but it was found on searching his clothing that he had $21 in his possession. Strange as it may appear, there was nothing about the body except his clothing which would lead to his identity. Coroner Jones being notified, caused the body to be removed to the Brooklyn Morgue, where it was reviewed by a large number of persons who had missing friends whose appearance corresponded with that of the deceased.

Four days after the body had been taken to the Morgue, a lady residing in Grand street, E. D., whose son-in-law had been missing for two or three weeks, called at the Morgue and positively recognized the deceased as that of the missing man Charles Diehl. Diehl, she said, had married her daughter contrary to her wishes and they had not lived very happily together. He went off, she said, in a fit of anger, and had in all probability committed suicide. His wife, knowing his disposition better than her mother did, said, "No;" "If that is the body of Charley he was murdered. He never committed suicide, for it was not like him."

The uncle of Diehl also visited the Morgue, as well as others who knew him, and they all were firmly convinced that the unfortunate young man had come to a sad end. His family were thrown in great grief and set to work at once to make preparations for his funeral. Diehl had been employed as agent for the Atlantic Life Insurance Company in New York, and being pretty well known in the vicinity in which he resided, the funeral was largely attended. The body was put in the family plot and Mrs. Diehl mourned the loss of a husband to whom, with all his faults, she was deeply attached, and dressed in the habiliments of a widow. Time wore on and nothing occurred until yesterday to lead her to suspect for a moment that she was not a widow.

Yesterday, to her unbounded astonishment, she received a letter from her husband, who was, when he mailed the letter, at Key West. He wrote that he regretted leaving her so abruptly; regretted his hasty temper; said he was well, and hoped that nothing had occurred since his departure from the city that might cause her any uneasiness further than what she might feel concerning her erring husband.

It required considerable effort on the part of Mrs. Diehl to read the letter, for, as may be imagined she almost fainted. She would have been more surprised had her husband, whom she supposed dead and buried in the family plot, walked in and held out his arms to her, but the letter was nearly as great. She had buried some one for her husband—perhaps somebody else's husband, and who could it be? Who the man is who was buried by Mrs. Diehl is a mystery which will probably never be solved, for now the remains have passed beyond recognition.

## STATE NEWS.

Timothy L. Hunt, of Johnstown, in a published card, gives the *Mountain Voice* due notice that he will enter a suit for libel against it. The *Voice* charged Mr. Hunt with the theft of some cherries.

There were two sudden deaths in Blair county, last week: Jacob P. Hoover, of North Woodbury township, arose on the morning of the 16th, apparently in his usual health, but shortly after complained of feeling badly, and expired in a few minutes. He was sixty-six years of age. On the 14th, Michael Bowers, of Clover Creek, fell dead in the harvest field.

A mad dog was killed in Altoona on Friday.

Mr. John Altman, a farmer residing about a mile west of Greensburg, is the happy possessor of a two-year old bull and a spring chicken [illegible] affection for one another. About three weeks ago the chicken lost its mother through the subtle agency of a weazle, and the forlorn little creature went about chirping its woe, till the bull took compassion on it and assuaged its grief by certain acts of kindness and tenderness, that resulted in a mutual regard that is very curious. The chicken will now roost on no other place save on the bull's neck, a few inches back of the horns, while the bull complacently chews his cud or calmly sleeps without disturbing it in the least.

The Superintendent of the United States Mint at Philadelphia on Wednesday received for issue $40,000 of the new trade dollar.

Joseph Burton, of York, a few weeks ago tread on a nail. Lockjaw ensued, and on Tuesday he died.

Keystone Grange of the order of Patrons of Husbandry, established some time ago, in Upper Providence township, Montgomery county, is fast increasing in membership.

While Mrs. Rebecca Peterson and Miss Catharine Kline, of Kutztown, Berks county, were out berrying recently, they were surprised by the appearance of a good sized catamount. They ran and escaped.

Local option is robbing the Chester county jail of its quota of inmates. Between January 1st and April 1st, before the law went into effect, 36 persons were lodged in prison for intoxication. From April 1st to July 11th, only nine were committed.

The Pine Creek railroad is being pushed forward rapidly.

It is reported that Conductor Toy is going to sue the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for $25,000 for false imprisonment and defamation of character.

Miss Theresa Scanlan, an elderly lady who lives near Bradley's station on the line of the Ebensburg and Cresson Railroad, has never left the fire in her humble cottage go out but once inside the last twenty-seven years.

Mrs. Clinda Walton died in Lancaster on Friday, at the age of eighty years.

Summer travel is setting towards the Glen Onoko, in the Lehigh valley, where the legend says that Onoko, the Indian warrior—

He who slew the great bear,  
Slew the great bear of the mountain—

perished with his lovely bride Wenonah. Among the points of interest are "The Fat Man's Misery," Onoko falls, Chameleon falls, the "Heart of the Glen," Moss cascade and the Sceptre cascade. Mauch Chunk is the railway point of debarkation.

An exchange says there is a pass in the Catskill [illegible] between Shandaken Centre and Westkill, Ulster county, N. Y., where snow and ice can be found at all seasons of the year.

There is talk, says the Philadelphia *Press*, of a renewal of the troubles in the Scranton region between the miners and coal companies. If this unfortunate result should happen, the coal companies will be solely responsible for it. The consumption of coal during the summer months is small, and as the companies have large stocks on hand, to secure their usual profit next winter they will resort to a reduction of the production. They are now engaged in shortening the hours of labor of their men, with the ulterior design, no doubt, of forcing them to quit work altogether for a season. Fortunately for Philadelphians, a suspension in the region in question will only slightly affect the price of coal here.

A man named Squire was drowned in a creek near Salina, Kansas, one day last week. In his pocket was found a discharge from Company K, 89th Pennsylvania Volunteers. He left a wife and children in Clayton county, Iowa.

Rev. R. M. Brown, of Rouseville, has received a call to the Presbyterian church of Tionesta.

C. H. Howard, the man who attempted to run off with $7,400 of the funds of the International bank in Franklin, recently, has been released in $4,000 bail.

A Johnstown man expects to ship 12,000 quarts of blackberries to Pittsburgh this season.

The Bellefonte *Republican* says the Wykoff pavement of that borough is mouldering away.

A correspondent of the Mifflinburg *Telegraph* says; "A ten-year old daughter of Mr. J. W. Raudenbauch started to go to a neighbor's (Henry Hoffman's), and in passing over the floor of a well she tripped and fell through the trap-door opening, head foremost, to the bottom—a distance of twenty feet. As soon as possible a ladder was run down, when a gentleman descended and fished her out of the water. After bringing her up the little one surprised every one by remarking that she believed she would go home, and to all appearances was unhurt."

Dr. Frank Taylor, formerly County Superintendent of the Public Schools of Chester county, and at present Professor of Natural Sciences in the Normal School, has joined Professor Agassiz' scientific school at Penikese.

Visitors to Gettysburg battlefield are very numerous this year.

A Lycoming county preacher complains of the dearth of marriages in his section. Weddings have become so expensive that the fond parents deem it cheaper to keep their daughters during life than furnish them with fashionable wedding outfits.

The Erie *Dispatch* says: A desperate attempt to outrage a German woman, probably seventy years of age, was made in broad daylight, on Sunday last, within the city limits, by three young men, and yet there has been no complaint entered, and a witness to the occurrence does not know who the woman was or who were the assailants. She was attending a cow, near the Marine Hospital when assaulted. There is a railroad switch near and she held to that as long as she could, but fainted and was dragged away and lifted over a fence into a wheat field. A laborer named Bird, attracted by her cries, ran up and begged them to stop, but one of the fellows presented a revolver at him. Bird ran to his house, got a shot gun and returned, but the fellows had discovered him and were running before he got in range. He fired at the one who pulled the revolver, but supposes that the shot missed him. The poor old lady fainted several times from fright and exhaustion.

Farmers in the interior of Pennsylvania, and especially in the Eastern counties, are gathering abundant harvests. The timothy and grass crops in many sections, are unusually heavy. The wheat crops have not been as good for several years. The heavy snows and the late spring, were especially useful in perfecting this important cereal, and while the absence of rain in sufficient quantities during the past month has seriously interfered with the late potatoes, and the oats in some sections are rather short and light, it has served to prevent the mildew. The wheat stands up finely, and in some localities will average from twenty-five to thirty bushels an acre; it is now dead ripe in many places, and farmers who have not finished their haying are compelled to postpone it until after the wheat and rye are garnered. The corn is backward, although it has improved wonderfully since the refreshing showers of last week.

Mrs. Snell, wife of Mr. Richard Snell, who lives on the farm of J. B. Reiff, at Bombay Hook, in Pottsgrove township, was gored in a terrible manner by a cow, on Monday morning, says the Pottstown *Ledger*. Mrs. Snell was engaged in milking a cow at the time, when another came up behind her and gored her, the horn passing into her back, and going nearly or quite through her back. After this the poor woman was again tossed by the vicious animal. When rescued she was insensible, and she is now lying in a very critical condition.

William B. Levan died suddenly at his residence in Exeter township, Berks county, on the 17th inst., of apoplexy.

B. Frank Morret, of Reading, has leased the Mary Ann forge on the Brandywine, three miles from Dowington, Chester county. He will commence the manufacture of blooms in August. The forge has a capacity of 1,600 tons per annum.

The most complete powder works in the country have been started on Gardiner's creek, Luzerne county, near the Lehigh and Susquehanna Railroad. Their capacity is between 400 and 500 kegs of powder per day.

A Strasburg, Lancaster county, girl agreed to kiss a young man every day for two years if he would quit smoking. He has made nightly pilgrimages to the garden gate and received his promised reward for six months, but she has taken to eating onions and garlic, and he is getting thin.

A Philadelphia drover, while on a trip by rail to Dover, was robbed, on Wednesday morning last, of $700.

Attention was paid to silk-worm culture in Berks county, thirty years ago.

Near Allentown, a few days ago, a little girl was found hanging in a fence, head downwards, black in the face and nearly dead. She had fallen from a cherry tree and got caught in the fence.

A brute named Umstead, of Pottstown, attempted to murder his wife on the night of the 18th, because she refused to allow him to remain in her house, she having previously separated from him on account of his cruelty. The woman was his neice. Some months ago this same Umstead committed a gross outrage on the person of his ten-year-old son.

Mrs. Mary A. Saumbower, of Harrisburg, tried the efficiency of coal oil as a fire kindler on Saturday morning, and is entirely satisfied on the point. The physicians say she can't recover.

## CARELESS PUMPING.

### A Story With a Moral for Those who Would Run an Illicit Whisky Well Successfully.

"You see, Mr. Davis, twenty cows, a distillery and a farm of a hundred acres, gives me and my four boys a heap o' work to do; but we do it all ourselves; no hired folks about anywhere. It don't pay; they pry into things too much. So for three or four years past we've done pretty well, and only for our stupid Joe leaving that handle in the pump they'd never have found us out."

"Pump—handle?" interjected Davis.

"Yes. I'll tell you how it was. The whisky was made and put into barrels we paid tax on. That we put down that well we—"

"Put down the well?" interrupted Davis again.

"I forgot to say," continued McKiever, "we have a well that has been dry these three years anyway. So I got a tub a leetle smaller in circumference than the well, and made tight at both ends, and slipped it down, connecting with the old wooden pump that still stood there. When we took whisky out we had to gear her up, but unshipped her lively as soon as we were through. So in looking at that forlorn old post without an arm, nobody suspected it was a head board for the grave of whisky."

"Somebody did, it seems," said Davis, getting interested.

"The officers suspected something, and at different times searched the barns and stables and cellars, and lay out in the field and captured the stuff as it was taken away. They frequently seized my tax-paid goods, but always released them again in a few hours. How did I get the whisky away? Why, just the easiest thing I had to do. You see, I run two milk wagons, and sometimes only one can in five was filled with milk, and that was for use in case a stranger stood, with pitcher in hand, by the roadside to purchase. Such instances, though, seldom occurred. The rest we filled from the pump."

"And was caught at it?" said Davis.

"No; not exactly. The filling was all through and the wagon gone, when two of these revenue fellows popped in on me before break o' day—the Inspector hadn't come yet—and turned things over generally. They got through at last, and seemed satisfied all was right. Their hands were pretty dirty, so I said, leading the way to the house, 'Gentlemen, come in and wash your hands.' One o' them started after me, the other made for the old pump, and when I turned to look, I felt just like sinking out o' sight.

"Joe, who used the pump last, had forgotten to unship the handle, and the revenue man's hand was on it. I yelled to him, 'That pump don't suck;' it warn't no use. It did suck, and sent out a pretty good stream, which he commenced to rub over his hands. He snuffed some, and, rubbing both hands under his nose, gave a long whistle. Then I knew it was all up with me."

* * *

### A Question for Mr. Darwin.

[Henry Ward Beecher in the New York Ledger.]

They who study plants, who search for botanical specimens, have no special need of leisure; but they who would study birds must needs be quiet. Much striving puts an end to observation. In a ramble one may start up new kinds of birds, may search for their nests, may learn something; but only they who live among birds get at their little ways, their characteristic traits, and distinguish one kind from another by their minute habits. A house well surrounded by trees and shrubs, with half covered porch, or windows opening into coverts to which birds love to resort, furnishes an admirable point of study.

The old farm cottage which I summer in has just the right attributes. In front are maples and elms; on the sides, magnolias, birches and spruces; and laced in between, all kinds of shrubbery, with now and then a mulberry tree, a cherry tree, and, at a stone's cast, an orchard of cherries. Once this hill was almost bare of birds; but the news has gone forth that here a bountiful bird table is always spread—fresh meat under the sod, infinite insects in the air, delicious worms, in great variety, upon the trees, besides strawberries, cherries, plum, pears, apples, in their seasons, and afterward grain and seeds of grass, for all inclined to a farinaceous diet.

And so it has come to pass that parents have told it to their children, and children have told it to their confidential companions, until the commonwealth of birds is well established and popular. We can walk nowhere without scaring a bird on its nest, in an evergreen or dogwood tree, or in some shrub, or under a tuft of grass, where foolish birds will continue to build, though the scythe, the cat, and man's foot every year destroy so many hopes.

Near a front corner of the cottage is a cherry tree which is kept partly for its shade, but largely as a re- [illegible] Sitting at a window, or on the snug porch in front, one may spend hours happily in watching the busy creatures coming to market. Birds do not fly in and out of this tree, as in other trees. They have an instinct of prudence, or a germ of moral sense, which teaches them that their act may be deemed by unfeathered creatures as petit larceny.

Birds seldom sing in a tree when they are feeding. They glide in like a shadow. They do not chatter. A dozen robins may be making havoc of cherries right over your head, and you will not know it. This silence and stealth are amusing to one who watches. A bold robbin is tugging away at an unwilling cherry, but he makes no noise. If he detaches one and it slips, you may hear it patter on the ground, but nothing more. After a time he flies into another tree, and looks out to see if the coast is clear. Then quietly he descends under the tree, and devours the fruit which he has beaten off, or he beats it to a pulp, and carries it off to his home-folks.

A catbird is more nimble than his cousin robin, and may be seen beating off a cherry, and then, quick as light, he intercepts its fall, and bears it off gracefully to his trencher in a neighboring tree. Small birds cannot master a cherry, pit and all, as large birds do. Probably they are "too fillin'." Sparrows, linnets and other small fry pick the meat off, and leave the stone cleaned bare on the stem. When the fruit is abundant, birds seem seldom to quarrel with each other, and all kinds consort together in amity, though they have nothing to do with each other anywhere else. So that my cherry tree, like a grand hotel, brings every variety of guests together, only to feed and go apart again.

Hunger, that makes small birds peaceful while feeding, stirs up dogs and cats to all manner of growling and clawing. It is said that when wild animals are driven together by some freshet or flood, they are harmless. In close contiguity will be found bears, rabbits, deer, catamounts, wolves, &c., that exhibit a profound respect for those rights of hospitality belonging to a common calamity. But in peaceful times all predatory beasts refuse to eat together, or keep good neighborhood. Are not birds lower on the scale than mammals? Yet they have better manners, are more civilized. How is that, Mr. Darwin? Or is it only the seed eating and fruit loving birds that are peaceful at their meals.

* * *

### A Young Heroine.

[Wisconsin River Pilot.]

Thomas Velfe and wife, with a family of small children, settled in this county something more than a year ago, and, being poor, they after many hardships erected a small dwelling and cleared a few acres of land, but they were in the wilderness ten miles from neighbors. A few weeks ago the father and mother left their family, consisting of a girl aged twelve years, one aged nine years, and two other children aged respectively three years and thirteen months, on a trip to the settlement to get a cow and bring in some potatoes to plant. After the parents had been gone a few hours the house took fire and the oldest girl immediately rushed to the roof with water, but not being able to remove the shingles she could do nothing to stay the flames, which gained rapidly, spreading on the inside of the roof, until bursting through, they drove her from her work. The heroic girl now turned her attention to saving her brothers and sisters. [illegible] the door of the building, she found that the child next to her own [illegible] the house bringing the baby with her, but the little three-year-old had crouched under a shaving-horse in the further corner of the room. There being no chamber floor, the fire was dropping from the burning roof between the child and the door, and when asked to come out it refused to do so, saying, "I am safe here; the fire don't drop here." Our little heroine hesitated only a moment, but rushing through the falling embers brought the little one to a safe place, both having their clothes somewhat burnt. But now comes the hardest part of the task before her. Scantily clothed and with no food she took the babe in her arms and with the other children started upon the trail for the settlement. After going a few miles she encountered a rapid stream, swollen by the spring rains, so that in fording it the water came up to her arm-pits. She first carried the babe across, and then the little three-year-old, and lastly half led and half carried her older sister through the water to the other bank. Three times during the remainder of the day she struggled across the swollen streams in her way until night set in, the deep forest surrounding her. Cold, wet, and hungry, she sought a place to camp, and by good fortune found an old camp left by the Indians, upon which about one-half of the roof still remained. Under this she placed her little flock and then collected pine boughs and made a rude bed. Placing the little one in the middle, the heroic girl stripped off her dress and spread it over the children, then covered them with boughs to keep them from the chilly night air, and sat down beside them, to watch through that long, cold night, comforting the little one when it cried, and speaking words of cheer to the older one. The long, dreary hours of night dragged slowly by, and at first peep of day she resumed her toilsome march, and had nearly reached the first settler when she met her parents returning. An older and a wiser head might have found an easier way out of the dilemma, but we feel certain that no one could have acted braver, or have endured more than the little daughter of Thomas Velfe.

* * *

### The Skill of a Postoffice Clerk—Some Terrible "Spells."

[From the Lakeside Review.]

Speaking of the Philadelphia lawyers the distributing clerk in charge of the foreign letters which come through the Chicago Postoffice was evidently cut out for one; if not, his experience has been such as to amply fit him for the profession of deciphering unintelligible signs and hieroglyphics. Many of the superscriptions which come through his hands are among the most mysterious of cyphers—unintelligible from the writer's not knowing what he wanted to write rather than illegible through carelessness in writing. When a countryman of Gustavus Vasa, for instance, still hibernating upon his native hills, sends a letter to his brother in this country, and writing from memory, and a memory not much trained in letters at that, superscribes it "Seederabst lenco Ia," he has succeeded in mystifying the average human mind considerably regarding the intended destination of his missive. Not at all the postoffice clerk, who at once sees that "Cedar Rapids, Linn county, Iowa," is meant. So, too, when from the Bremen bag a greasy packet flutters out, addressed to "Hafte Lac Co Ill," it is no doubt difficult to discern, after the letters of the legend have been evolved from the chaos in which a stiff fist and a villainous pen have left them, that the packet is intended for some one in "Half Day, Lake county, Illinois," and thither it therefore goes. But when the only address to be made out from another—and that by no means sure, so vague are the forms of the letters—is "Chollyhutvill Co Ill," then it is that brain tells in the distributing business. Brains finally result in a solution of the palimpsest, and "Joliet, Will county, Illinois," is the interpretation thereof. In like manner "Verseaux incanque Co Amerika" is a superscription which could have emanated from nowhere else but France—is decided to mean "Warsaw, Hancock county," and it is found that Illinois has such a town in such a county; so the letter is forwarded thither, and has doubtless gladdened or saddened the heart of its object before now.

* * *

### Ancient Egyptian Mines.

Some of the iron mines anciently worked by the Egyptians have recently been discovered anew by English explorers, and search is to be instituted for other ancient mines of silver, gold and iron. As the processes followed in ancient times for the reduction of ores were very defective, it is expected that, in the *debris* accumulated in the neighborhood of the mines, an amount of the useful and precious metals will be found sufficient to make the working it over again profitable. At a recent meeting of the British Society of Antiquaries, mention was made of the discovery in the neighborhood of Mount Sinai, of the turquoise mines of the ancient Egyptians. The discoverer, an Englishman, observed in water courses of that region, which in summer are dry, peculiar blue stones which he soon ascertained to be turquoises. This circumstance led to further research. We are now informed that, "aided by friendly tribes he has taken into his pay, he has discovered the old turquoise mines of the ancient Egyptians, the rocks that they worked for the stones, the very tools they used, and their polishing and grinding places." The fortunate discoverer has already sent to England some of the finest turquoises ever seen.

While searching for the turquoise mines, the same explorer discovered the ancient lines of fortification surrounding the works, and came upon the remains of vast ironworks, which must have employed many thousands of hands. Slag taken from the refuse-heaps around these works contains as much as 53 per cent. of iron. The whole surrounding district is well worthy of being thoroughly explored by the antiquary, as it contains many hieroglyphic inscriptions which would doubtless throw much light upon the early history of metallurgy.

* * *

THE vanity of artists, and especially of dramatic and lyric artists, sometimes takes a very amusing pose, and their critics seem to be the most suggestive moving power. A Parisian journalist once related that having observed in his *feuilleton* that the performance of a popular actor in a certain farce was perfect, he was surprised by the appearance of the said actor in a state of burning indignation. "Didn't you say in yesterday's *feuilleton*," exclaimed this sensitive being, "that I was *perfect* in that part? Did you not say so coldly, dryly, without a pleasant word for me!" One of the greatest singers of the day was mentioned as such by a certain journal, and duly went to thank the critic giving words to that flattering opinion. Having made his genial acknowledgments, the great basso went on to say, with a vanity perfectly naive: "You say I am one of the greatest singers of the day; pray, who are the others?"

## CITY MATTERS.

PATRONS of the COMMERCIAL leaving the city for the summer months, can have the paper mailed regularly to them by leaving word at the counting room.

### Letters Held for Postage.

PITTSBURGH, July 21, 1873.

| | Cents. |
|---|---|
| Brannan, John D, Shamoken, Pa | 2 |
| Foster, Mrs. Julia, Philadelphia, Pa | 3 |
| Faulkner, Wm. H., Baltimore, Md | 3 |
| Grubbon, John, Nobletown, Pa | 3 |
| Rowell, Mrs. E. D., Baltimore, Md | 3 |
| Second Auditor, Treasury Dep't, Washington, D. C. | 3 |
| Shaw, W. W., Dorseyville, Pa | 3 |
| Webster, E. R., Gambier, Ohio | 3 |
| Wilson, Pierce & Co., Chicago, Ill | 3 |

J. H. STEWART, P. M.

### A Question in History.

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

Can any of your antiquarian readers give me the name of an old fort, I believe a French one, which was on the banks of the Allegheny about eighteen miles above Pittsburgh, near where the town of Parnassus now is?

Any one giving me information on this subject would much oblige one of your constant readers.

Pittsburgh, July 11, 1873.

### To McFarland's Grove.

The Saint Cecilia Silver Cornet Band will give their fifth annual excursion at McFarland's Grove, on Wednesday of this week. From the character of the excursions previously enjoyed under the auspices of the Saint Cecilia Band, and from the present committee of arrangements as published, it is very safe to predict an enjoyable time for all who may attend this year. The tickets are one dollar. Roup's station is the place to leave the cars on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

### Personal.

The Governor, with a party of ladies and gentlemen under the guidance of Hon. T. J. Bigham, left the city on Saturday by the eight A. M. express train of the Connellsville Road for Bedford Springs. Instead, however, of proceeding direct to the Springs their journey was extended to Cumberland, in order to view the fine scenery along Will's Creek. After a comfortable dinner at the new and sumptuous Queen City Hotel of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, at Cumberland, the party proceeded to Bedford, much pleased with the day's enjoyment.

### Shooting of a Policeman.

Shortly after twelve o'clock Sunday morning, officer Michael Doyle was shot and severely wounded, while attempting to quell a fight in a house on Penn avenue, in East Liberty. Several shots were fired at him from revolvers in the hands of different members of the rioting party. But one shot took effect, and that in Doyles arm, inflicting a dangerous wound. It is thought that amputation will be necessary.

Four arrests were made by Deputy Mayor Irwin's officers. The ruffians were put into the East End lock-up for safe keeping, and in the morning the Mayor committed them to jail for court, in default of $4,000 bail for each. The names of but three of them were ascertained. They were David Robinson, Neely Burns and — Patterson.

### Runaway Car-Horses.

Yesterday afternoon, soon after three o'clock, a pair of horses dashed down the Fifth avenue grade from Grant street, at a rate of speed only equaled by that reached by the little Pleasant Valley Railway mules when they are advertised to take a car from our postoffice to the Allegheny parks in five minutes.

The horses had but one tongue between them, but each was provided with a dinner bell which he rang violently while passing under our windows, as if to attract the attention of a reporter. They took Smithfield street at one flying leap and went on their mad way down the avenue. A little below Wood street they were caught and turned over to the driver of one of the Oakland Passenger Railway cars. The driver said they had escaped while he was changing them from one end of the car to the other, preparatory to a return trip. Their tongue, he said, belonged to the car. The horses were not hurt at all, and walked back up the hill with a broad grin on their faces. All the Sunday schools within a quarter of a mile took recess, and somewhat less than ten thousand children came out to see what the matter was.

### Fire Commission.

The Fire Commission held a regular meeting Saturday evening, all members present except Messrs. Walton and Mackey.

President Wilson called the meeting to order, and announced that the reading of reports from the different departments would be the first business in order.

Chief Engineer White and Assistant Hamill read their regular reports of the workings and conditions of the different engine and hose companies. The number of alarms during the month of June was twenty-one, and from the 1st of July till the present time there were only three alarms sounded and responded to. The balance of the report was of no interest to the public.

On motion, the "Henry Hays" was located permanently in the Seventh avenue engine house.

A resolution was adopted for the purchase of a new hose truck, together with 1,000 feet of hose, to be located in the Niagara engine house.

Mr. Jenkin Jones moved that the "Wm. M. Lyons" be placed in the Walton hose house on the South Side, and the "Duquesne" be removed to the Mechanics hose house, in the Twenty-eighth ward. After a lengthy discussion the resolution was adopted.

Mr. McElroy moved that the name of the "Wm. M. Lyons" engine be changed to the "James McAuley," which was agreed to.

Mr. Pitcairn moved that the new steamer "James McClintock Creighton" be permanently located at the East End, which was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Mechling offered a resolution recommending the purchase of a lot of ground on Forbes street and Craft avenue for the purpose of locating an engine house. The resolution was referred.

After ordering warrants and going through the regular routine business the Commission adjourned.

### Another Back Salary Grab.

Last evening about seven o'clock a highway robbery was committed on the hill. A well known citizen residing in that locality was garroted on the public highway and robbed of a valuable silver watch. The victim will not be recognized by his real name, to wit, Leopold Sermine, but when we say that it was "Dummy," many a kind heart will sympathize with him in his present misfortune. For Dummy is essentially a public character. No merely private citizen takes as much oversight of our fire and police departments as he, and, we venture to say, there is no more general favorite with all the officers and members of these departments.

Dummy can neither speak nor hear, but he somehow knows where every fire in the city is, and he attends every one of any importance, no matter at what hour it might occur. He is always treated with the most distinguished consideration by every member of the department.

At twelve o'clock of every night Dummy is at the Central Station on Diamond street. For many months he has not missed a night. Through snow and rain, cold and heat, he makes his nightly trip, of the force. He walks in, bows to every member and taking his seat in a corner watches the progress of events for half an hour or so, and then goes quietly home.

The sobriquet of "Dummy" is by no means one of reproach. It is used at the station and the engine houses by Leopold's best friends, who would quickly resent any insult that might be offered to him. There is no more inoffensive person in Pittsburgh, and it is impossible that he can have an enemy in the city.

But to the text. Last evening Dummy was walking down town after tea, at the hour mentioned, when a man stepped up behind him, caught him around the neck and so upset him, figuratively and literally, that he was unable to defend himself or resist the attempt made to rob him. (Our reporter was at church last evening, and the "hymns" are still ringing in his ears.)

Dummy thought the world and all of his watch, and the loss of it is a serious one to him. He ran straight to the Central Station, and, in his language of signs, related his trouble. From his description of the garroter, the officers supposed him to be one William Boyle, and he was accordingly arrested. Dummy, however, shook his head when confronted with Boyle, but the latter being a suspicious character, Captain Ramsey held him for the night.

Subsequently, Dummy wrote the name of "Tom Davis" on a piece of paper, and for that individual the officers are now looking. We hope he may be arrested and Dummy's watch be restored to him; in which hope a great many of our readers in this city will heartily join.

## CHAUTAUQUA LAKE.

### The Governor and his Party—Something about the Ladies—Col. Phillips and Others Complimented.

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

Your correspondent kept you so well posted in regard to the movements of the Governor and his party, during his trip to Lake Chautauqua and return, that there is nothing to add in the way of news. Something by way of gossip, however, if you will indulge me.

And first, as to Governor Hartranft. Although he is unquestionably modest, reticent, and unassuming, he is nevertheless most courteous, affable and agreeable in his social intercourse. He is modest but not bashful; reticent but not sullen; and while he has not a particle of egotism or presumption in his nature, he never loses his dignity, nor forgets those social amenities which characterize the true gentleman. Like many others of his temperament, he improves upon acquaintanceship, and the more you know him the better you like him. The whole party were very favorably impressed with his quiet, genial manner, and easy, even temper. Mrs. Hartranft is a most amiable lady, quiet and reserved, but full of kindliness and good nature. She has no taste for show, but a high appreciation of the nobler qualities of woman, and by her grace and suavity endeared herself to all the ladies and gained the respect and admiration of the gentlemen.

Were it not for trespassing upon your space, I would take pleasure in sketching the *personnel* of the entire party; but most of them are so well known to your readers as to render this unnecessary. Allow me to say, however, that Mrs. Captain Norris, the wife of the Governor's private secretary, is a most agreeable and fascinating woman, scattering sunshine and happiness all around her. Mrs. Neilson, of Philadelphia, a relative of Mrs. Bigham, drew all hearts to her by her sterling qualities of head and heart. Mrs. Raymond Papin, of Keokuk, who, (with Miss Johnston, daughter of the late ex-Governor Johnston, of this city), joined the party at Mayville, is a lady of rare social endowments, uprightly and vivacious, and has enough rollicking humor to keep a whole company in the best of spirits. She was ably supported by her traveling companion, Miss Johnston, whose polished manner, keen wit and delicate satire rendered her company particularly enjoyable by those of a conversational turn of mind. Indeed the ladies, one and all, were exceedingly gracious and agreeable, and the wonder is that any excursion should ever be gotten up without a fair representation of wives and daughters. Whether, for the time, the excursionists were called upon to view some prominent building, some striking landscape, or to investigate the more practical matters relating to the business and development of the oil regions, the ladies joined heartily in the "pursuit of knowledge," and at times puzzled even the "Head of the Bureau of Statistics" with questions pertaining to geography, history, population, etc. With equal readiness they turned to euchre, whist and "seven up," and of course helped to discuss the merits of the excellent lunches, not overlooking the very palatable products of the Brocton vineyards, which formed an indispensable adjunct on these occasions. In a word, the ladies did their part, and did it well.

As to the gentlemen, aside from his Excellency, the Governor, Col. Wm. Phillips was the central figure. His genial face, his commanding presence, his affable manner, and above all, his large-hearted generosity, combine to render him a regal entertainer. It would be perhaps embarrassing did I fully express the regard in which he is held by the ladies, so I forbear. He is never so happy as when doing a generous act for others; and so long as nobleness and magnanimity are traits to be admired, so long will Col. Phillips stand preeminently estimable.

Ex-Senator Bigham, Mr. Nimick, Col. Lawrence, Mr. Creighton and Mr. King, received their due share of honors and thanks for the pleasure which they afforded.

As a whole, the excursion was one of unalloyed enjoyment, and will be a source of pleasurable recollection for years to come.

The host and hostess of the Chautauqua House, Mr. and Mrs. Fox, were unremitting in their attentions, and gave the most unqualified satisfaction to their guests. The dinners served at Scrubgrass, by Mr. and Mrs. Gregory, were superb, and gained fresh laurels for that popular stopping place.

The trip to Chautauqua is one that every Pittsburgher should make, and which I feel sure no person could possibly fail to enjoy. The pleasures of the lake are numerous, including the ride by steamer, sailing, rowing, fishing, etc. There are fine drives in the vicinity of Mayville for the delectation of those who are fond of "going" in this way; and for a quiet retreat, affording a grateful respite from the many discomforts of the City of Smoke, there are few places so desirable as Lake Chautauqua.

X.

## HAPPY HAMILL.

### The Successful Trainer Returns—His Views of the Race and the Yale Boys.

Yesterday morning Jimmy Hamill arrived in this city at half past eight o'clock with his blushing honors thick upon him. He left Springfield on Friday, and took the New York boat from New Haven that night. Being anxious to get home and begin his ministrations upon Scharff, he lost no time in getting away from the Yale boys, though they would gladly have made a lion of him in New Haven as long as he would have consented to stay with them.

OF THE RACES.

Jimmy says the winning of the three races by the Yale boys was the easiest thing in the world. He knew they were going to do it a week beforehand, and he told everybody so, (Jimmy tells that with a scarcely perceptible twinkle of the left eye), but nobody would believe him and several gentlemen were so skeptical that they gladly took his odds of ten to five, twenty-five to ten, and so on. He says he couldn't help betting on the boys, and they couldn't help winning his money for him. Those lubbers (so he denominates all crews whose colors were not blue) couldn't row. They were too big or too little—ate too much or not enough—but for good and sufficient reasons they couldn't row, and they didn't.

IN THE FRESHMAN RACE,

in which, of course, all Hamill's interest centered, Yale took the lead at the start and kept it to the end. James was out in a flatboat with some friends of the two other contending crews, and when Yale pulled ahead, he quietly remarked to the persons about him, that Harvard and Amherst would never see the backs of those Yale boys till the race was finished. There were still unbelievers, and the enthusiastic backer of Yale was again obliged to substantiate his sincerity by a show of the national currency. The result is known to everybody who knows anything in America and England.

Hamill's pets rowed their three miles from their headquarters to the stake, and three miles back again with no sign of having unduly exercised themselves. As their trainer expresses it, "they never broke sweat from the time they started till they got back"

On their return they "went for" Jimmy who was awaiting them on shore. In true college-boy spirit they essayed putting their tutor on their shoulders and carrying him—somewhere, in triumph. The effort was a total failure, resulting in their dropping the manly form of the dignified Hamill into the river. This incident did not, however, dampen the ardor of either party, and the congratulations and jollification went on to the very verge of insanity.

THE BOYS.

Hamill speaks of his pupils in the tenderest terms. He never knew more gentlemanly young fellows, nor any who were more agreeably docile, and he was never treated better in his life. It was really a pleasure to be with them. Many are the jokes they cracked at him, but no one of them ever disobeyed his orders or complained of his strict dealing with them. The only case of insubordination occurred one day at dinner. Maxwell observed that he thought an extra glass of ale would be conducive to an increase of appetite—that it would really do him good. A quiet reply from Cerberus, to the effect that a glass of ale would do him much good when he got it, served to close the conversation and suppress the mutiny.

The youngsters were at first prone to get up reluctantly in the morning, believing that it "behooved" them to get a little more sleep, but the seductive James joked them out of that folly, and had no trouble in getting them out of bed at 6 A. M.

TRAINING RULES.

After rising at the early hour named, the Freshmen crew walked three miles. At seven o'clock they ate a breakfast of mutton chop, bread and a cup and a half of tea or coffee. Then they rested till nine. From nine to ten they pulled four or five miles up and down the river. On their return they were weighed, walking a mile and a quarter to the scales. Dinner was served at twelve, and consisted of beefsteak, potatoes and half a pint of ale. After dinner they did as they pleased, though under Hammil's eye, till three, at which hour they took another row. At five they had supper, of mutton chop and tea or coffee, and at nine, after an evening walk, they were in bed.

This course of rigid training was adopted by Hammil on his arrival at Springfield and adhered to without any let up for four weeks.

THE UNIVERSITY CREW

had their headquarters at the same place as the freshmen, and observed the same rules as to diet, at least. They had no trainer, strictly speaking, but it is fair to presume that whatever Hammil thought was best for the freshmen, the others considered good enough for them. Hammil says Captain Cook deserves the greatest credit for his management of his crew, and he disclaims all ownership of any crew but the freshman.

THE STROKE.

Hamill believes, or affects to believe, that a good deal of humbug has been written about the strokes adopted by the different crews. As to the number of strokes to the minute, he says it was utterly impossible to tell what any crew in the regatta did. Indeed, it was impossible to designate the different boats, especially in the University race. He laughs to read that Harvard rowed thirty-nine to forty strokes to the minute, Yale increased her stroke from thirty to thirty-five, and so on. He doesn't believe anybody on earth knows anything about it.

As to the kind of stroke, he says he showed the Freshmen how to row and they did as he told them. His only order was, to use the English, French, Scotch, Irish and Yankee stroke, as they preferred, but to "get that boat through." He doesn't know the kind of stroke they rowed, and he expresses supreme indifference on the subject. Perhaps it would be best to call it the "winning" or "Hamill" stroke, which would be convertible terms.

The distinguished trainer bears himself modestly, considering the glory he achieved for himself and his pets at Springfield, and now takes Scharff in hand. On being questioned as to Scharff's prospects in the coming contest, Hamill replied, "His grandmother says he'll win it."

## COURT PROCEEDINGS.

### United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Messrs. Broderick & Robinson, of New York, filed a petition asking for the adjudication in bankruptcy of Kingsbury & Stevens, of Lackawana, Clinton county. The usual order was made.

The argument on the motion for an injunction in the bankruptcy matter of Josiah Beamer vs. Wolfenden & Martin was postponed by consent until the 28th inst.

The Court delivered an opinion in the matter of Julius Rodelheimer, bankrupt, discharging the rule to show cause why the assignee should not be discharged and overruling the exceptions made to the account filed.

William Martin and Frank Staum, partners under the name of Martin & Staum, were adjudged bankrupts upon petition of William Martin, one of the partners, and the matter referred to Register Schaffer.

Hunter & Gray, bankrupts, presented a petition asking that the proceedings against them be discontinued. Referred to Register Harper for examination.

On motion of M. A. Woodward, Esq., solicitor for creditors, an injunction was granted in the case of S. R. McClean, bankrupt, against J. Schoonmaker, Susan McClean and Esther McClean.

### Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett.

In the case of Alexander Otterson vs. Mary Jane Otterson, in divorce, a rule was granted on complainant to show cause why he should not support his wife pending the suit.

In the matter of the sale of the undivided interest of the Duquesne Coal Company, [illegible] made by Henry R. Chalfant, and confirmed absolutely.

The following divorce applications were filed: Mary A. Brown vs. J. Brown, desertion; Pauline Smith vs. John Smith, desertion; Ellen Moran vs. Martin Moran, desertion; Wm. Hildebrand vs. Kate Hildebrand, cruel treatment and desertion.

RULE ON SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

On motion of N. W. Shafer, Esq., attorney for Francis J. Ferree, a rule was granted on W. F. Trimble, Wm. Blakely, John B. Chambers, Joseph Kirkpatrick, John C. Harper and D. W. Briggs, to show cause why an attachment should not be issued against each of them for contempt of the order of Court of March 27th, 1873, in reference to the matter of the petition of the school district of the Sixth ward, Allegheny. The matter had reference to the payment of the amount of a judgment, with costs, to Mr. Ferree. The persons upon whom the rule is granted are the School Directors of the district. The rule is made returnable July 26th, at 10 A. M.

MOTIONS, ORDERS, ETC.

On application filed the St. Clair school district was granted permission to borrow the sum of $10,000 for additional school buildings.

On petition of Catherine Freund, S. P. Fulton, Esq., was appointed commissioner to inquire into the alleged lunacy of Adam Freund.

Preliminary orders were granted relative to the applications for charters of incorporation of the Excelsior Building and Loan Association, and the Iron City Building and Loan Association; also in the applications for amendment to charter of the Monongahela Building and Loan Association, and the Fourth Regular Baptist Church of Pittsburgh.

On motion of David Reed, Esq., John P. Blair, Esq., a member of the Indiana County Bar and of the Supreme Court of this State, was admitted to practice in this Court.

APPEALS TO THE SUPREME COURT.

The following is the list of case in which writs of appeal have been taken to the Supreme Court, from the Court of Common Pleas:

Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Co. vs Allegheny county; Watterson vs. Allegheny Valley Railroad Co.; Black et al. vs Watt & Wilson; Miller vs. Love et al; Harris et al. vs. Trout; McKee vs. Bidwell; McCloskey vs. Miller et al.; Weir et al.'s appeal; Prince vs. Adams Express Co; appeal by School Directors of Lower St. Clair township; School District, Ninth ward Allegheny, vs. McClure township School District; McGinnis vs. the Commonwealth; Black vs. Barton, (2 cases); Negley et al. vs. Lindsay; *In Re*, Wm. C. Barr, insolvent; McClurkan vs. Byers & Co. (4 cases) Hollengarting vs. Weil & Co.; Blakely et al. vs. Jennings & Co.; Gill et al. vs. Reiter & Co.; Morris et al. vs. Wilson et al.; Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad Company vs. Rose; Faber vs. American Steel Company; Duncan vs. Tucker's Executors; Middlesworth's Administrators vs. Blackmore et al.; Rowand vs. Radcliffe; Seitz et ux. vs. Sharp et al.; Kirkpatrick & Lyons vs. Bousall; Poor et al. vs. McClure; Myers vs. Robinson heirs; Haller vs. Temperanceville and W. P. Savings Bank; West Penn Railroad Company vs. Ackerman; Fleming vs. Nixon et al.; Little et al. vs. Owens; McKinney vs. Fritz; Krugh vs. Lycoming Fire Insurance Company; Dickson et al. vs. Williams et al.; Schell et al. vs. Stein; Ira B. McVay & Co. vs. Wray.

### Quarter Sessions—Judge Collier.

A few unimportant cases were disposed of on Saturday, after which sentences were imposed as follows:

Ellen Raynor, for receiving stolen goods, was sentenced to the workhouse for six months.

John McAuley, for larceny, nine months to the workhouse.

William Hall, larceny, four months to the workhouse.

William Wright, false pretenses, six months to the workhouse.

Andrew Link and Alex. Russell, larceny, four months to jail.

George R. Thompson, larceny and embezzlement, one year to jail.

John and Ellen Jones, larceny and receiving stolen goods; John nine and Ellen six months to the workhouse.

It is announced that all criminal cases will be disposed of on Saturday next.

## THE COUNTY WORKHOUSE.

### How to Prevent Indiscriminate Commitments.

S. H. Geyer, Esq., County Solicitor, on Saturday called the attention of Judge Sterrett to the crowded condition of the Workhouse, and suggested that action be taken to reduce the number of commitments of insane persons and invalids. He said the magistrates committed persons to Claremont who should never be sent there, but he had instructed the Superintendent that he ought not to turn them away. He also said there are now forty to fifty persons in one room in the Workhouse, which was not intended for use as a cell, and hoped the Court or Inspectors would take some speedy action in regard to the matter.

Mr. Geyer explained that it was his design to have some definite action by the Inspectors, or additional legislation to prevent indiscriminate committals by the magistrates of the county, to the end that only vagrants and criminals be incarcerated in the institution. Paupers, insane men and cripples should be sent to the proper institutions in the county, which he held is not the workhouse.

His Honor, Judge Sterrett, told Mr. Geyer to prepare some cases and bring them before the Court properly, and a decision would be rendered which could be made to cover all the cases.

Mr. George R. White, one of the managers, stated there were forty persons in one room, and that they were actually afraid of the cholera. The disease had made its appearance in the Columbus Penitentiary, and they were satisfied that the smell cretaed by this body of men in one room at the Workhouse would not prove a disinfectant in case the cholera comes this way.

### Another Chautauqua Excursion.

A party consisting of some forty or fifty Knights Templar, with a number of ladies, left the Union Depot, Saturday morning, for Chautauqua lake, under the immediate escort of Col. Lawrence, who had just returned the previous evening with the Governor and his party. The Knights have a little business to transact, in the way of instituting a new lodge in the oil region, and are mixing pleasure with it. James H. Hopkins, Esq., arranged for the excursion.

## THE STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

### Programme of Exercises—The Local Committee Preparing for a Good Time.

It has already been announced that the next meeting of the State Teachers' Association will be held in this city, August 12th to 14th, in the Pittsburgh Opera House. A very large attendance is anticipated, including many distinguished educators.

The programme has already been arranged, and its chief features will be:

Tuesday morning—Address of Welcome, by Wm. R. Ford; Response, by Chas. H. Verrill; Inaugural Address, by Edward Gideon, President.

Tuesday evening—Edward Shipton, of Philadelphia, on "The Obligation of Cities to Provide for the Superintendency." Rev. Geo. P. Hays, D. D., on "Every Day Logic."

Wednesday morning—Paper by B. C. Jillson, Principal of the Pittsburgh High School. "Compulsory Education," D. Schoedler. "What Can our Schools Do to Quicken Public Conscience?" by Edward Brooks. "Organization of Township Schools," by Henry S. Jones.

Wednesday evening—"High Schools," by M. N. Horton "The Conflict Between Science and Theology," by Dr. E. A. Wood.

Thursday morning—"Teachers' Certificates," by Hon. J. P. Wickersham. "Natural Science in Schools," by Lemuel Amerman. "Normal School Policy," by J. A. Cooper. Paper by Miss Annie Lyle, Wilkesbarre.

Thursday evening—Lecture on sound, illustrated by experiments, by A. A. Brenneman, L B. Address by E H. Cook, on "Moral Instruction."

The Local Committee are making arrangements for a real good time, and are determined to leave nothing undone which will add to the pleasure and interest of the occasion. Several of the leading manufactories will be visited, and an open air meeting will be held in one of the groves. An excursion up the Monongahela, and another to Chautauqua Lake are being arranged. When the details are perfected, the Committee will report.

## THE WINNING CREW.

### Statistics of Age, Height and Weight.

The following statistics of the Yale University crew, which came off victorious in the recent race, will be of interest to amateur oarsmen. It will also be observed that two of the crew belong to this city, while the captain is a very near neighbor.

| Name. | Age. | Height. | Wt. | Chest. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Robert Cook, of Cookstown, Pa., stroke and captain | 24 | 5.7½ | 155 | 42 |
| John Kennedy, of Struthers, Ohio | 24 | 5.10 | 155 | 42½ |
| Willis F. McCook, of Pittsburgh, Pa | 23 | 5.7½ | 150 | 37 |
| Henry Myer, of Pittsburgh, Pa | 24 | 5.8 | 164 | 41 |
| Jeremiah Day, of Catskill, N. Y | 22 | 5.9 | 160 | 42 |
| Herbert G. Fowler, of Stoneham, Mass | 23 | 5.7 | 145 | 40 |
| Average | 23⅓ | 5.8 1-6 | 154⅚ | 40 5-6 |

Length of training, 10 weeks; trainer, none; boat built by John Blakey, of Cambridge; size, 50 feet by 20 inches; depth, 8⅝ inches; weight, 150 pounds.

### A New Steamer for Chautauqua Lake.

A fine new sidewheel boat is just being finished at Mayville, to ply between that place and Jamestown, on Chautauqua lake. It has been named the "Col. Wm. Phillips," in honor of the enterprising and large-hearted President of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, who has done so much for Chautauqua county, and for Mayville in particular. After this boat is completed, which will be in a week or ten days, regular trips will be made from Mayville to Jamestown and return the same day. At present the boat goes down in the afternoon and returns the next morning.

### CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

SEVERE cold weather is reported from Cresson. Sleighs are not yet running, but over coats and blankets are comfortable at night.

A FAMILY named Gilchrist, residing in Allentown, Twenty-first ward, must be added to the list of those poisoned, though not fatally, by smoked white fish.

THE Commissioners to select a site for the new government buildings have agreed to meet on Saturday next, and take a final vote on the question of location. The reporters of the press are to be admitted.

A MAN driving up Troy Hill, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon, was attacked with stones by some boys above. One stone struck him in the forehead and injured him severely. He was taken home and a physician summoned.

THE Patterson Investigation Committee met again Saturday evening. Nothing new or startling was developed. Mr. Jeremy, the Chairman, and Mr. Patterson were both absent. The committee will meet again to-morrow evening.

TO PITTOCK & Co., opposite the Postoffice, we are under obligations for a bundle containing the best magazines and illustrated newspapers of the day. They get everything in this line that is worth having at the earliest possible moment.

THE rooms fitted up at Mayville, for the use of the officers and directors of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, are models of neatness and comfort. They are large, airy, tasteful and elegant. They are on the edge of Chautauqua Lake, opposite the hotel of Mr. Fox.

THE stable of Henry Albrook, in the Thirty-first ward, was robbed of some harness on Friday night. The thief was seen to leave the stable, and was so hotly pursued that he dropped his booty. He was afterwards arrested, gave the name of Oliver Tate, and was committed for trial.

EDWARD CARR, residing near Homewood, has been acting very strangely of late. His last feat was to enter the house of Mr. P. Ferree, at midnight, and make a vigorous attack upon a member of his family. He was arrested, and has been sent to the Workhouse for ninety days.

THE boys, who stole the beer from Straub's wagon as it passed over the Hand street bridge, and made way with it by dropping the keg into the river, to some companions in a skiff, were sent to the Workhouse on Saturday, for thirty days. The owner of the beer declined to prosecute for larceny.

ON SATURDAY Jared M. Brush and George Reis, administrators of the estate of Edward Ditteridge, deceased, filed their account of the value of the personal property left by that gentleman, which we observe aggregates $177,911 19. The personal estate left by Thompson Lysle, coal merchant, amounts to $85,663 13.

AN ALARM of fire was struck from box 21 in Allegheny, about half past nine o'clock Saturday morning. The cause was a fire in a pile of shavings at the Excelsior Coffin Works on Pennsylvania avenue. Although the flames were put out in a few moments, the opportunity for a large conflagration was a very good one.

AMONG the late arrivals at Bedford Springs, we find the names of the following Pittsburgers: Mrs. S. A. Purviance, Dr. James King, M. G. Semple, John W. Duncan, Denney Brothers, S. C. Morganstern, wife and family, J. Morganstern and daughter, Mrs. M. Morganstern and daughter, Solomon Kline and wife, Samuel and James Hopkins.

AN ALARM of fire was struck for box 36 yesterday morning about half past eleven o'clock. The engines hastened to Fifth avenue and High street, but there was no fire there. Presently "46" was struck, the first alarm having been erroneously given. The chimney of a dwelling house on Penn avenue, near Twelfth street, burned out and nobody was damaged.

JOHN DEMAR, while going to work, a few mornings ago, in the Twenty-eighth ward, was attacked and severely bitten by three large dogs. His arms and legs were terribly lacerated. The dogs belonged to a butcher [illegible]. If any other [illegible] too—after they have worried some one half to death.

BENJAMIN REESE has been lodged in jail to answer a charge of bigamy, preferred by Mrs. Hannah Reese, whom he left in Ireland, with nine children, and came over to this "free country," and married again. Mrs. Reese also came, and is interfering very much with his American alliance. He resides at the Point, but had been working at Enon Valley.

THIS is the awkward way in which the Washington *Chronicle* notes the proposed reduction of the grade of Fifth avenue and Grant street: "Great excitement prevails among the Roman Catholics of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, owing to a proposition of the city authorities to remove a Cathedral in order to extend certain streets. Resistance is threatened if the attempt is made."

CRAIG and Bailey, who were arrested in Allegheny while Barnum's show was in the city, and who were sent to the Workhouse for three months as professional thieves, are professionals from Wilmington, Del. Their real names are August and Keefy. In Harrisburg they robbed a cigar store. Seventy-five dollars' worth of the goods have been found where they hid them in that city.

A THIEF giving his name as James Burns, and hailing from Pittsburgh, engaged a room at a boarding house in Naghton street, Columbus, on Tuesday, sent the landlady out to visit a neighbor, who he said was dying, and, during her absence went through the house, stealing a watch and several articles of clothing. The clothes were shipped to Cleveland and the watch pawned. Burns was arrested.

THE funeral of Lewis Urban, who was drowned a short time ago, took place yesterday from the residence of his mother on Thirty-seventh street, Lawrenceville, and was very largely attended. The deceased was an active member of the Smith Zouaves, Co. I, Fourteenth regiment, and the St. George's Literary Society, both of which organizations attended the body to the place of burial. The Zouaves were headed by the City brass band, and at the grave they fired the usual salute in honor of a dead comrade.

## RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

### The Late Robert Alden Arthurs.

At a meeting of the Pittsburgh Barge Club, held Saturday evening, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from the scenes of his earthly labors our young friend, beloved companion and honored fellow member of the Pittsburgh Barge Club, Robert Alden Arthurs; therefore,

Resolved, That in this dispensation of Divine Providence, while we bow with reverence to the Heavenly mandate, we find our hearts sadly smitten over the loss of one so honored by us and respected by all who knew him.

Resolved, That in the death of our beloved fellow-member, society has lost one of its brightest and purest ornaments; his family a loving son and brother, and our Club one of its most highly and universally esteemed members, with whom it was always our pleasure and our pride to associate; whose upright and honorable character and many endearing and affectionate ways drew all hearts toward him, and caused us all to love him.

Resolved, That as an especial mark of our esteem for our lost companion, and as a fitting token of our sorrow, the boat house cabin and the Club's flags be draped in mourning for the period of thirty days.

Resolved, That our warmest sympathy be tendered to the stricken family of the deceased in this the hour of their great trial.

Resolved, That the name of our dear departed friend shall not be erased from, but shall be continued on the list of members, marked "deceased," in order that his memory and many virtues may be perpetuated in the Club.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Club, that they be published in the daily papers, and that a copy be sent to the family of our departed friend.

**Cryptochylon Ice Pitchers,**

At R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

**Arrott & Lockhart, General Insurance Agents, No. 167 Wood street, Pittsburgh.**

Do you want security against loss and damage by fire? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your policies of insurance properly worded and arranged? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

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Arrott & Lockhart represents Fire Insurance capital to the extent of seventeen million dollars ($17,000,000), comprising the best Eastern, Pittsburgh and English companies. Give special attention to manufacturing risks. All losses promptly adjusted and paid. Apply to or address,

ARROTT & LOCKHART,  
General Insurance Agents,  
MTH No. 167 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

**Geyser Spring Water**

Is a powerful cathartic, while at the same time, by proper use, its minerals may be retained to operate as a tonic and builder up of an enfeebled system.

After wines or hearty eating, the water is a sure corrective, restoring the stomach to its natural condition, while relieving the system of uncongenial and injurious substances.

It cures billiousness.

Corrects acidity of stomach. Relieving nervous and feverish irritation and headache.

Geyser Water also acts with excellent effect upon the kidneys.

The LITHIA found in this water is a specific for gravel or stone, and is effectual in dissolving the chalk or limestone and urate deposits in rheumatism or gout.

This excellent water is brought here in its natural condition in block tin lined barrels, and drawn through ice at the drug stores of

McCLARREN & McKENNAN,  
85 Market street, and opposite the Postoffice.

**The Weber Piano,**

At C. Retter's, 29 Fifth avenue.

**The "Cryptochylon"**

Is the strongest and best ice pitcher made. Call and see them, at W. W. Wattles's, 22 Fifth avenue.

**For Hotel Use.**

Double thick China and heavy white stoneware, with a complete stock in their line, for sale at low prices by R. E. Breed & Co., No. 100 Wood street.

**The Weber Piano,**

At C. Retter's, 29 Fifth avenue.

## DIED:

PAUL—On Sunday, at 1½ o'clock P. M., FRANK, infant son of William, Jr., and Harrietta Paul, aged ten weeks and two days.

The funeral will take place on TUESDAY, at 2 o'clock, from the residence, No. 10 Linden street, Allegheny city. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

**RODY PATTERSON, JR.,**  
**UNDERTAKER,**  
117 FOURTH AVENUE.

Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

**Livingston & Co.,**  
Manufacturers of LIGHT Grey Iron  
**CASTINGS,**  
Plain, Japanned, Bronzed, Coppered or Galvanized.  
Light Work our Specialty.  
Office and Works near Outer Depot, ALLEGHENY CITY  
Postoffice address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa. MWF

***Mothers, Mothers, Mothers,***

Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for all diseases incident to the period of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

For sale by all Druggists. MWS

**Oldest Ins. Co. in America.**  
**ASSETS, $3,337,489 83.**  
**Ins. Co. of North America**  
OF PHILADELPHIA.  
Losses adjusted and paid by  
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

**STEAMSHIPS.**

**CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.**

FROM NEW YORK.

SAMARIA, Sat., July 12 | ALGERIA, Wed., July 23  
SCOTIA, Wed., July 16 | BATAVIA, Sat., July 26  
ABYSSINIA, Sat., July 19 | RUSSIA, Wed., July 30

And every following Wednesday and Saturday from New York.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green; for steerage passage, at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN, Agent, or to  
JOHN J. McCORMICK,  
Fourth avenue and Smithfield street.

N. B.—Cabin plans on hand.

## PROPOSALS.

### TIME EXTENDED

### Carson Street Improvement.

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed Proposals for the Grading, Curbing, Paving and Masonry of Carson street, from the Monongahela Suspension Bridge to city line, and Main and Chestnut streets, from Carson street to line of Thirty-sixth ward, will be received at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Municipal Hall, until FRIDAY, July 25th, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Each bidder will state the kind of pavement to be used by him, with a full and accurate description of the same.

Proposals will be received for the whole of the work proposed, or each separate part thereof.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and Blank Forms of Proposals obtained on application at the office of the Chief Engineer at Municipal Hall.

The Commissioners reserve the right to accept or reject any part or portion of any proposal, or reject all proposals, should they deem it for the best interests of the city.

JAMES I. BENNET,  
WM. K. NIMICK,  
WM. PHILLIPS,  
PARK PAINTER,  
B. C. SAWYER,  
Commissioners.

### To Paper Manufacturers.

### Sealed Proposals

Will be received at the office of the Superintendent of Public Printing, at Harrisburg, Pa., for supplying the State with

### PRINTING PAPER

Said paper to be Book Paper, measuring 26x40 inches, and weighing respectively 40 and 50 pounds to the Ream, and to be sized and super-calendered.

Also Double Flat Cap, measuring 17x26 inches, weighing 28 pounds to the ream, and to be tub-sized.

Bids will be received for each kind separately.

Said proposals to be opened in presence of bidders on FRIDAY, the 1st day of August, 1873, at the office of the Superintendent, at 12 o'clock M. The contract to run for one year.

The successful bidders will be required rigidly to conform to samples, which will be furnished upon application at the office of the Superintendent. Said proposals must be accompanied with guaranty and securities, as required by acts of 10th April, 1867, and 10th April, 1868.

JOHN McCURDY,  
Superintendent of Public Printing.  
Harrisburg, Pa, July 18, 1873.

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

ENGINEER'S OFFICE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD, CAMDEN STATION,  
Baltimore, July 14, 1873.

### PROPOSALS

Will be received at this office until the 1st of August, for the following work on the Ohio and Baltimore Short Line Railway, in Washington county, Pennsylvania:

1st. Section 2. Brady's Tunnel, near Washington, Pennsylvania.

The bid per cubic yard of tunnel excavation, to include timbering and all other expenses incident to the work.

The bid for arching to be for all stone or all brick, or walls of stone and arch of brick, and to include every expense except cement. Outside work bid for separately.

2d. Section 16, from station 336 to 386, 130,000 cubic yards embankment, 7,000 cubic yards bridge masonry.

3d. Section 23, west of, and next to the Monongahela river, 200,000 cubic yards excavation, and 25,000 cubic yards stone, quarried and cut (to dimensions to be furnished,) and delivered on the company's barges on the Monongahela river, at points to be agreed upon, which should be named in the bid.

The profile can be seen at Section 2, at the office of J. A. Boyd.

Payments monthly in cash, with reservation of twenty per cent. until completion of work.

The company reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JAMES L. RANDOLPH,  
Chief Engineer B. & O. R. R.

OFFICE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS,  
MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.,  
July 7, 1873.

### NOTICE TO MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS.

### Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this Office until 9 o'clock A. M.,

FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1873,

For Constructing and Erecting

### Two Graduating Plunger Pumping Engines,

On grounds belonging to the City, on the Allegheny river, immediately above mouth of Negley's Run.

Plans of the same can be seen, and specifications and forms of proposals obtained on application at the office of the Mechanical Engineer.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, should they deem it for the best interests of the city.

D. W. C. CARROLL,  
ROBERT WATSON,  
HILL BURGWIN,  
H. M. ROLFE,  
P. H. LAUFMAN,  
Board of Water Commissioners.  
JOHN ROSS, Secretary.

### Second Avenue Improvement.

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS for Grading, Paving, Curbing and Masonry of the first section of Second avenue, from Cross street to Murphy street, will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Commission, No. 67 Grant street, Pittsburgh, from the 20th to the 25th day of July, 1873.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the room of the Commission, in Municipal Hall, between the days above stated.

Each bidder must state the kind of pavement he proposes to use, with a full and accurate description of the same.

Proposals will be received for the whole of the work proposed, or for each separate part thereof.

The Commissioners reserve the right to accept or reject any part or portion of any proposals, or to reject all proposal, should they see fit to do so.

Bidders must accompany their proposals with bonds, as required by the city.

WM. J. LEWIS,  
J. D. SCULLY,  
M. K. MOORHEAD,  
R. H. PALMER, JR.,  
PETER CONNELLY,  
Commissioners.

GEORGE T. OLIVER, Secretary.

MORRIS P. MILLER, W. H. FORSE, C. B. FORSE

**Miller, Forse & Co.,**  
SUCCESSORS TO  
*WM. MILLER & CO.,*  
LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,  
221 AND 223  
Liberty Street, Corner of Seventh,  
PITTSBURGH, PA.,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies and  
Very Superior Old Cabinet.  
BRANDIES, WINES, CIGARS, &c.  
Moet & Chandon's Dry Imperial, Green Seal and White Dry Sillery.  
Chas. Heidsick and Piper Heidsick.  
G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne.  
Burton Bass Ale in hhds. and bbls.

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL.

**Phoenix Steam Brewery,**  
**SPENCER, McKAY & CO.,**  
MALTSTERS AND BREWERS,  
Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,  
PITTSBURGH, PA.  
ROBT. WATSON, Manager.

ROOFING MATERIALS.

**REESE & BISSELL,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
**IRON ROOF FRAMES**  
AND  
**CORRUGATED SHEET IRON,**  
For Roofs and Sides of Buildings.  
OFFICE AND WORKS: No. 877 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUCTION SALES.

**AT AUCTION!**  
CORNER OF  
Pennsylvania Avenue  
AND  
ALLEGHENY AVENUE  
Allegheny City.  
**SIX LOTS**  
Each 23 Feet 9 Inches front on Allegheny avenue, by 140 feet deep to an alley.  
At Auction, on the premises on  
THURSDAY July 24, at 4 o'clock P.M.  
SIX LOTS ON ALLEGHENY AVE.

Each Lot is 23 feet 9 inches front on Allegheny avenue by 140 feet deep to an alley.

These lots are splendidly located for residences, and in a good neighborhood. Several fine houses have been built in this locality within the last year. They are only one short square from the street cars. Persons wanting a good lot in a good location should attend this sale.

Terms at sale.

*C. H. LOVE,*  
Real Estate Broker, 121 Fourth avenue.  
R. W. M'CONNELL, AUCTIONEER.

FOR SALE.

**EAGLE**  
**Rolling Mills**  
*AND*  
**NAIL FACTORY**  
**FOR SALE.**

We offer for Sale the above named Valuable Property, situated on the Ohio river, in the Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and containing 5 Acres and 7¾ Perches. The Equipment of the Mill is as follows:

THIRTY PUDDLING FURNACES, Single.  
ONE PUDDLING FURNACE, Double.  
TWO ROTARY SQUEEZERS.  
TWO MUCK TRAINS ROLLS.  
NINE HEATING FURNACES.  
ONE BAR MILL, SIXTEEN INCH TRAIN, THREE HIGH.  
ONE BAR MILL, FOURTEEN INCH TRAIN  
ONE TEN INCH TRAIN ROLLS.  
ONE EIGHT INCH TRAIN ROLLS.  
ONE NAIL PLATE MILL, EIGHTEEN INCH TRAIN.  
FORTY-TWO NAIL MACHINES.  
TWO SPLICE BAR PUNCHES.  
ORE MILL.  
TWO BATTERIES BOILERS.  
FIVE STEAM ENGINES.  
SHEARS, LATHES.  
STEAM PUMPS, &c., &c.

Capacity, 13,000 to 15,000 Tons Iron and Nails per annum.

The Mill is favorably located for the economical manufacture of Iron. The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St Louis (Pan-Handle) and Little Saw Mill Run Railroads pass through the property. The large deposits of Coal in the immediate neighborhood give this locality the great advantage of cheap fuel, the price being 1 to 2 cents per bushel less than on the North and East side of the rivers.

The Mill is in good order, and could be quickly put in operation.

Will be SOLD AT A LOW PRICE and on reasonable terms.

For further information, terms, &c., apply to

ROBERT J. ANDERSON,  
JOHN J. SPEARMAN,  
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,  
Trustees of James T. and Charles A. Wood.  
Office—114 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh. tf

**THIRTEENTH WARD**  
**LOTS**  
**FOR SALE, CHEAP.**

19 Lots, 25x100 feet, about 2 minutes' walk from Central Car Station, Thirteenth ward.

These Lots are in an eligible, healthy location and good neighborhood, near church and schools, and very desirable for dwelling. To persons of moderate means or for an investment they are the most desirable lots in the market, being easy of access, and but a short distance from the City Passenger Railway, and still away from the dirt and smoke of the city.

Will be sold lower than any lots now in the market.

HERRON & BATES,  
83 Wood street, or to  
*J. H. HILLERMAN & CO.,*  
77 Fourth avenue.

**FOR SALE,**  
**Manufacturing Site.**

A Two Story Building, 100 by 120, containing a good Engine, 100 feet Shafting, good Foundry and Air Furnace, 7 Blacksmith Fires, &c. Would make a splendid Machine Shop, Planing Mill or Manufactory of any kind. Also adjoining, 260 feet of Ground by 120, situated in Thirty-sixth ward, on Main street. Have Gas, Water and Nicolson Pavement. Coal and Coke handy. Will sell low. Title unexceptionable. Inquire of

*WOODS & BROWN,*  
NO. 123 LIBERTY STREET.

JOHN STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON

**Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,**  
**LIVERY, SALE**  
AND  
**COMMISSION STABLES,**  
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,  
PITTSBURGH, PA.  
Auction Sales Saturday, 10 o'clock A. M.

ROOFING.

**ROOFING!**  
Gravel Roofing  
Applied promptly either in City or Country.  
Roofing Materials  
Of all kinds always on hand and for Sale.  
REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE.  
Wm. B. Lupton & Co., 354 Penn Ave.,  
PITTSBURGH, PA. (opposite Fort Wayne Depot).

**Hugh Woodside,**  
ROOFER AND DEALER IN  
**SLATE!**  
Office, 370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot,  
PITTSBURGH, PA.  
All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by Experienced Workmen.

**AIKEN & CO.,**  
DEALERS IN  
NORTHAMPTON, VERMONT and PEACH BOTTOM ROOFING  
**SLATE**  
Also, Slating Nails and Felt,  
Corner Eleventh and Liberty Streets,  
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
☞ SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.

## RAILROADS.

### PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after JUNE 29TH, 1873, Trains will leave and arrive as follows:

| EASTWARD. | | WESTWARD. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Through Trains Leave Union Depot. | | Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot | |
| Pacific Ex | 2:50 a m | Mail Train | 1:05 a m |
| Mail Train | 7:45 a m | Fast Line | 1:25 a m |
| Cincinnati Ex | 12:20 p m | Pittsburgh Ex | 8:00 a m |
| Philadelphia Ex | 4:40 p m | Cincinnati Ex | 8:40 a m |
| Fast Line | 6:40 p m | Southern Ex | 12:50 p m |
| Southern Ex | 11:41 p m | Pacific Ex | 1:10 p m |
| LOCAL. | | Way Passenger | 8:05 p m |
| Walls No. 1 | 6:40 a m | LOCAL. | |
| Wilkinsburg Ac No. 1 | 7:05 a m | Walls No. 1 | 6:30 a m |
| Walls No. 2 | 10:20 a m | Brin'n Ac No 1 | 7:30 a m |
| Walls No. 3 | 11:45 a m | Wilkinsburg Ac No. 1 | 8:20 a m |
| Wilkinsburg Ac No. 2 | 2:40 p m | Walls No. 2 | 9:10 a m |
| Walls No. 4 | 3:10 p m | Johnstown Ac | 10:10 a m |
| Johnstown Ac | 3:50 p m | Walls No. 3 | 1:45 p m |
| Brint'n Ac No. 1 | 4:50 p m | Walls No. 4 | 3:20 p m |
| Brin'n Ac No. 2 | 5:30 p m | Wilkinsburg Ac No. 2 | 4:45 p m |
| Walls No. 5 | 6:00 p m | Walls No. 5 | 5:40 p m |
| Brin'n Ac No. 3 | 9:10 p m | Brin'n Ac No. 2 | 6:15 p m |
| Walls Ac No. 6 | 11:00 p m | Brin'n Ac No. 3 | 7:25 p m |
| | | Brin'n Ac No 4 | 11:00 p m |

Pacific Express, Cincinnati Express, Fast Line, and Brinton Accommodation No. 3 leaves daily.

Southern Express daily, except Monday.

All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Pacific Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 2:50 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg 11:40 a. m., Philadelphia 3:30 p. m., Baltimore 3:00 p. m., Washington 4:47 p. m., New York 6:35 p. m.

Cincinnati Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:20 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 10:40 p. m., Philadelphia 2:50 a. m., Baltimore 2:30 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m.

Philadelphia Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 4:40 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 2:50 a. m., Philadelphia 6:55 a. m., New York 10:15 a. m.

Fast Line, leaving Pittsburgh at 6:40 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 3:30 a. m., Philadelphia 7:15 a. m., Baltimore 6:45 a. m., Washington 8:45 a. m., New York 10:25 a. m.

Southern Express leaving Pittsburgh at 11:41 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 8:35 a. m., Philadelphia 12:35 p. m., Baltimore 12:30 p. m., Washington 2:20 p. m., New York 3:55 p. m.

The Church Train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:10 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m., and arrives at Walls Station at 1:50 p. m.; leaves Pittsburgh 9:10 p. m., arrives at Brinton's 10:20 p. m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.—For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a City Ticket Office at No. 78 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, where through tickets, commutation tickets, and local tickets to principal stations can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening, at the same rates as are charged at the depot. Baggage will be checked through to destination, from hotels and residences by the Excelsior Baggage Express Company, on orders left at the office.

For further information, apply to

D. M. BOYD, JR.,  
General Passenger Agent.  
A. J. CASSATT,  
General Manager.

### PITTSBURGH VIRGINIA AND CHARLESTON RAILWAY.

Until further notice Trains will run as follows:

| DEPART. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| South Pittsb'rgh | 6 00 a m | Camden | 7 10 a. m. |
| Camden | 7 20 a. m. | South Pittsb'rgh | 8 25 a. m. |
| South Pittsb'rgh | 11 00 a. m. | Camden | 12 05 p. m. |
| Camden | 1 05 p. m. | South Pittsb'rgh | 2 11 p. m. |
| South Pittsb'rgh | 4 00 p. m. | Camden | 3 05 p. m. |
| Camden | 5 10 p. m. | South Pittsb'rgh | 6 11 p. m. |
| South Pittsb'rgh | 6 20 p. m. | Homestead | 6 55 p. m. |
| Homestead | 7 00 p. m. | Ormsby | 7 25 p. m. |

Steamer "Amity," to and from Elizabeth, connects with all trains at Camden.

Purchase THROUGH TICKETS for Elizabeth and Pittsburgh. Monthly commutation, school and family tickets to all points.

Passengers to Pittsburgh will be furnished with TRANSFER PASSES on Birmingham Passenger Railway. Passengers holding Monthly Commutation and Family Tickets supplied with Transfer Car Tickets at HALF RATES, good either way between Junction and Union Depot.

Trains leave South Pittsburgh at No. 224 Carson street.

JOHN. M. BYERS,  
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.  
WM. J. ROSE,  
General Passenger Agent.

### ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, July 7, 1873, Three Through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

| | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Buffalo Express | 7:30 a m | 8:25 p m |
| Night Express | 9:30 p m | 6:05 a m |
| Day Express | 11:50 a m | 5:45 p m |
| Brady's Bend Accommodat'n | 3:50 p m | 10:00 a m |
| 1st Soda Works Accommod'n | 9:15 a m | 7:20 a m |
| 2d Soda Works Accomm'd'n | 5:50 p m | 2:15 p m |
| 1st Hulton Accommodation | 6:40 a m | 6:30 a m |
| 2d Hulton Accommodation | 4:40 p m | 9:05 p m |
| 3d Hulton Accommodation | 7:30 p m | 7:20 p m |
| 4th Hulton Accommodation | 10:50 p m | 10:15 p m |

A special Sunday train leaves Pittsburgh at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Parkers at 12:18 P. M. Returning leaves Parkers at 4:10 P. M., arriving at Pittsburgh at 8:25 P. M., stopping at all stations for passengers.

Church Train to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives at Pittsburgh at 10:10 A. M., and leaves at 12:50 P. M.

Express Trains stop only at Principal Points.

Accommodation Trains stop at all Stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Titusville. Baggage checked through to destination.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets, can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 76 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE,  
General Superintendent, Pittsburgh.  
JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

### WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

On and after JUNE 30th, 1873, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will leave from and arrive at the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

| DEPART. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mail | 6:30 a m | Springdale No. 1 | 6:45 a m |
| Freeport Ac | 9:30 a m | Butler Ac | 9:00 a m |
| Fairview Ac | 10:50 a m | Express | 10:10 a m |
| Springdale No. 1 | 12:00 p m | Fairview Ac | 12:55 p m |
| Express | 3:10 p m | Freeport Ac | 1:50 p m |
| Butler Ac | 4:40 p m | Mail | 5:45 p m |
| Springdale No. 2 | 6:10 p m | Springdale No. 2 | 5:10 p m |

The above trains run daily, except Sunday.

The Sunday Accommodation leaves Springdale every Sunday at 9:00 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M., arrives at Springdale at 2:20 P. M.

The 6:30 A. M. train from Allegheny City connects for Butler.

For further information see Time Table, which can be obtained at the Ticket Office. Local Tickets to all important stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

D. M. BOYD, JR.,  
General Passenger Agent.  
A. J. CASSATT,  
General Manager.

### PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after JUNE 29, 1873, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

| LEAVE. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fast Line | 1:58 a m | Pacific Ex | 2:33 a m |
| Chicago Mail | 6:13 a m | Wheeling Ex | 10:53 a m |
| Clev & Whe Mail | 6:23 a m | Chicago Express | 11:58 a m |
| Erie and Ygn Ex | 7:13 a m | Clev & Whg Ex | 3:53 p m |
| Chicago Express | 9:23 a m | Chicago Mail | 4:13 p m |
| Clev & Whg Ex | 1:28 p m | Erie and Ygn Ex | 2:23 p m |
| Pacific Express | 1:43 p m | Ch & St Louis Ex | 6:13 p m |
| Wheeling Ex | 5:03 p m | Cleve & Whg Ex | 10:13 p m |
| Erie Ex | 4:18 p m | Erie Express | 11:13 p m |
| Depart from Allegheny. | | Arrive in Allegheny. | |
| Beaver Falls Ac | 8:38 a m | Leetsdale Ac | 6:53 a m |
| Leetsdale Ac | 10:23 a m | Leetsdale Ac | 7:43 a m |
| Leetsdale Ac | 12:08 p m | Beaver Falls | 8:13 a m |
| New Castle Ac | 1:08 p m | Enon Ac | 8:48 a m |
| Enon Ac | 3:48 p m | New Castle Ac | 9:53 a m |
| Leetsdale Ac | 4:18 p m | Leetsdale Ac | 12:53 p m |
| Beaver Falls Ac | 6:23 p m | Beaver Falls Ac | 1:13 p m |
| Leetsdale Ac | 8:28 p m | Leetsdale Ac | 4:28 p m |
| Leetsdale Ac | 10:58 p m | Leetsdale Ac | 7:33 p m |
| Fair Oaks Sun- | | Fair Oaks Sun- | |

Chicago Express arrives daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.

Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.

All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH,  
General Manager.  
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

### PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—PAN-HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after JUNE 29th, 1873, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

| DEPART. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fast Line | 1:48 a m | McDonald Ac | 6:58 a m |
| Columbus Mail | 7:18 a m | Washington Ac | 8:09 a m |
| Washington Ac | 8:48 a m | Steubenville Ac | 9:58 a m |
| Pacific Express | 9:13 a m | Cincinnati Ex | 12:03 p m |
| McDonald Ac | 12:03 p m | McDonald Ac | 4:13 p m |
| Southern Ex | 2:13 p m | Washington Ac | 3:52 p m |
| Steubenville Ac | 3:33 p m | Columbus Mail | 6:03 p m |
| Washington Ac | 5:01 p m | Fast Line | 6:13 p m |
| McDonald Ac | 6:13 p m | Southern Ex | 11:23 p m |
| Sunday Ch train | 12:48 p m | Sunday Ch train | 10:03 a m |

Fast Line and Southern Express leave daily.

Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.

All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

J. N. McCULLOUGH,  
General Manager.  
F. R. MYERS,  
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

### PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILWAY (Connellsville Route).—

On and after MONDAY, July 21st, 1873, trains will arrive at and leave Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time.

| DEPART. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Uniontown Ac. | 6:20 a m | McKeesport Ac. | 6:35 a m |
| Through mail | 8:00 a m | McKeesport Ac. | 7:35 a m |
| Mixed way | 9:15 a m | West Newton Ac | 8:30 a m |
| McKeesport Ac | 10:55 a m | Pittsburgh Ex | 9:45 a m |
| Connellsv'e Ac | 3:25 p m | Connellsv'e Ac | 11:05 a m |
| McKeesport Ac | 4:35 p m | McKeesport Ac | 12:15 p m |
| West Newton Ac | 5:25 p m | McKeesport Ac | 2:05 p m |
| McKeesport Ac | 6:15 p m | Uniontown Ac | 6:25 p m |
| B. and W. Ex | 7:00 p m | McKeesport Ac | 7:20 p m |
| McKeesport Ac | 11:00 p m | Through mail | 9:40 p m |
| *W. Newton ChT | 1:00 p m | *W. Newton ChT | 10:05 a m |

* Sunday only.

All other trains daily except Sunday.

All trains make close connection for Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown, except 7:00 P. M. train for Mt. Pleasant.

Sleeping Cars run through to Washington, D. C., and Baltimore by 7:00 P. M. train. Fare to Washington, $8 00; Baltimore, $8 50.

Through Mail makes connection at Bridgeport for Bedford Springs.

E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

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